Investigating Heavy Ion Phenomenology with Monte **Carlo Event Generators Chiara Le Roux** Supervisor: Korinna Zapp

December 13th 2023 - PhD Day **Division of Particle and Nuclear Physics**



The Standard Model of Particle Physics



NOW WI

OSON



NEUTRINOS

BOSONS

Standard Model of Particle Physics

https://www.iop.org/explore-physics/big-ideas-physics/standard-model#gref



NOW WI

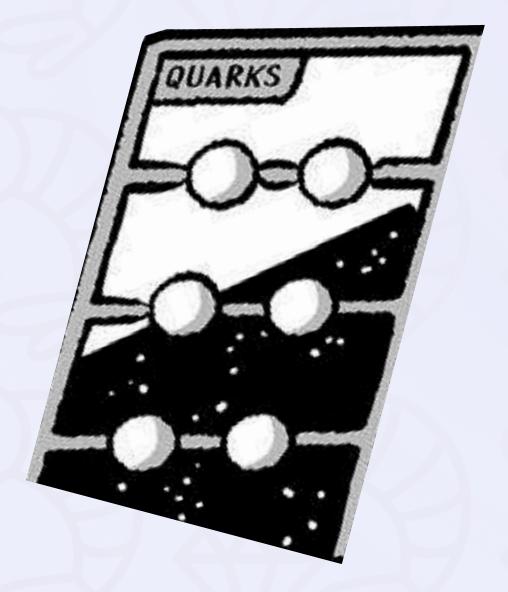
HIGGS BOSON

Let's pick just the quarks and the gluons

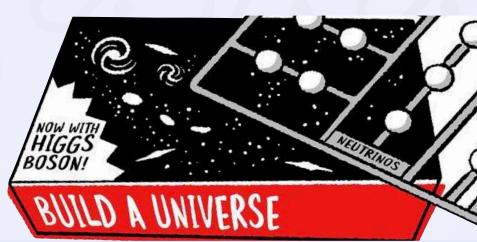




Let's pick just the quarks and the gluons

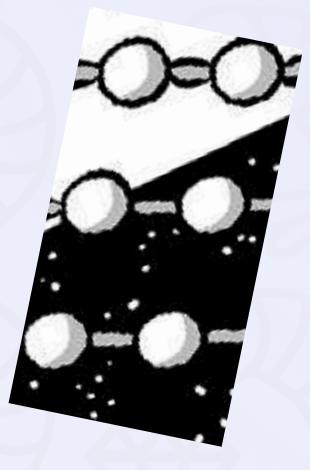


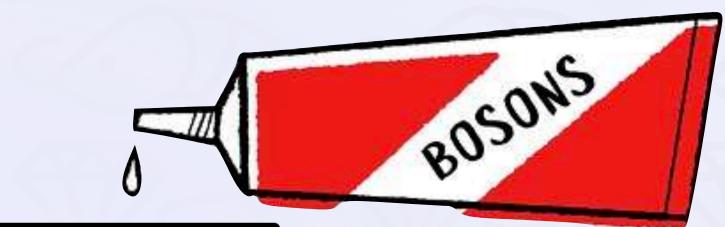


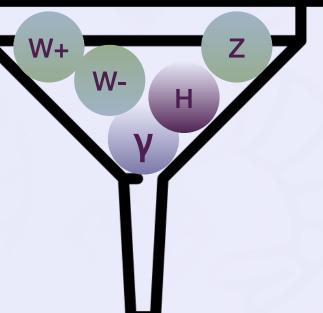


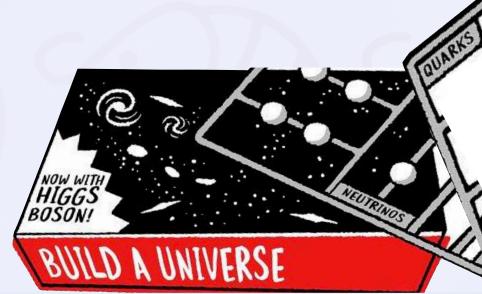


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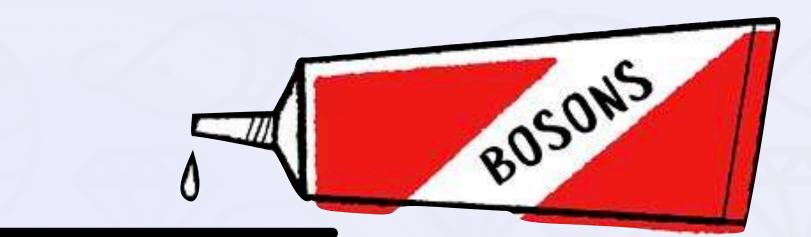


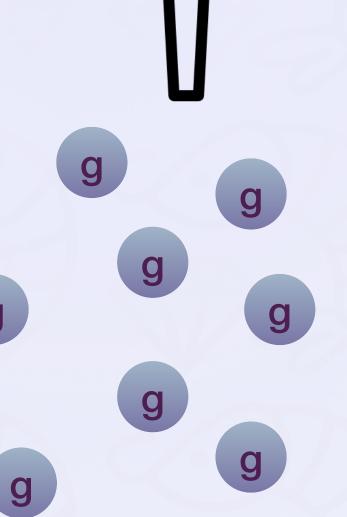


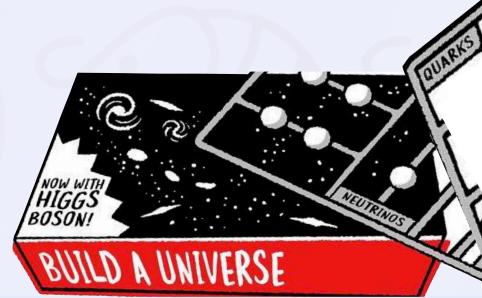
Let's pick just the quarks and the gluons

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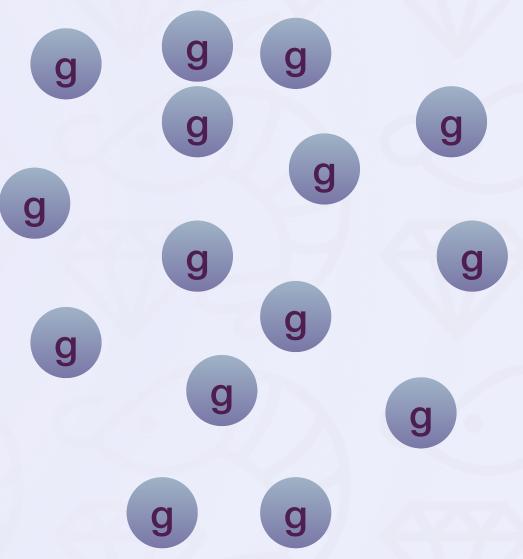




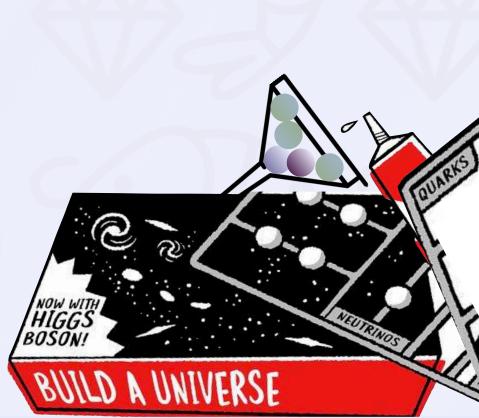




Strong Interaction The fun part of the Standard Model



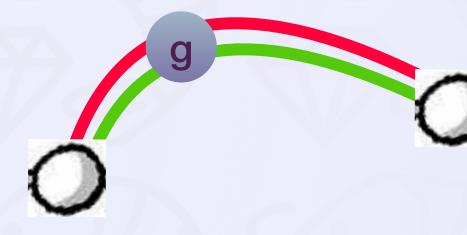
(I might refer to these as partons!)

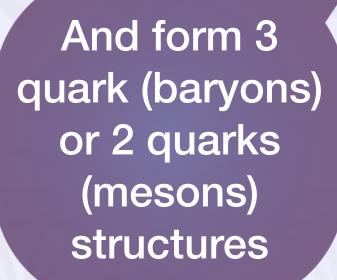


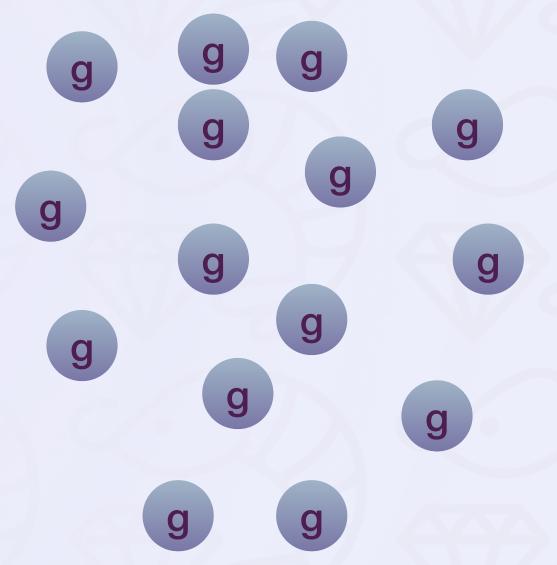


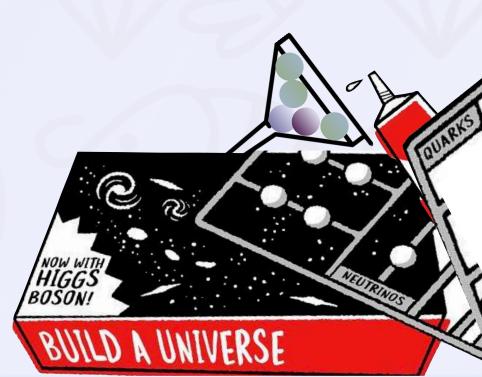
Strong Interaction The fun part of the Standard Model

Quarks interact via exchange of gluons



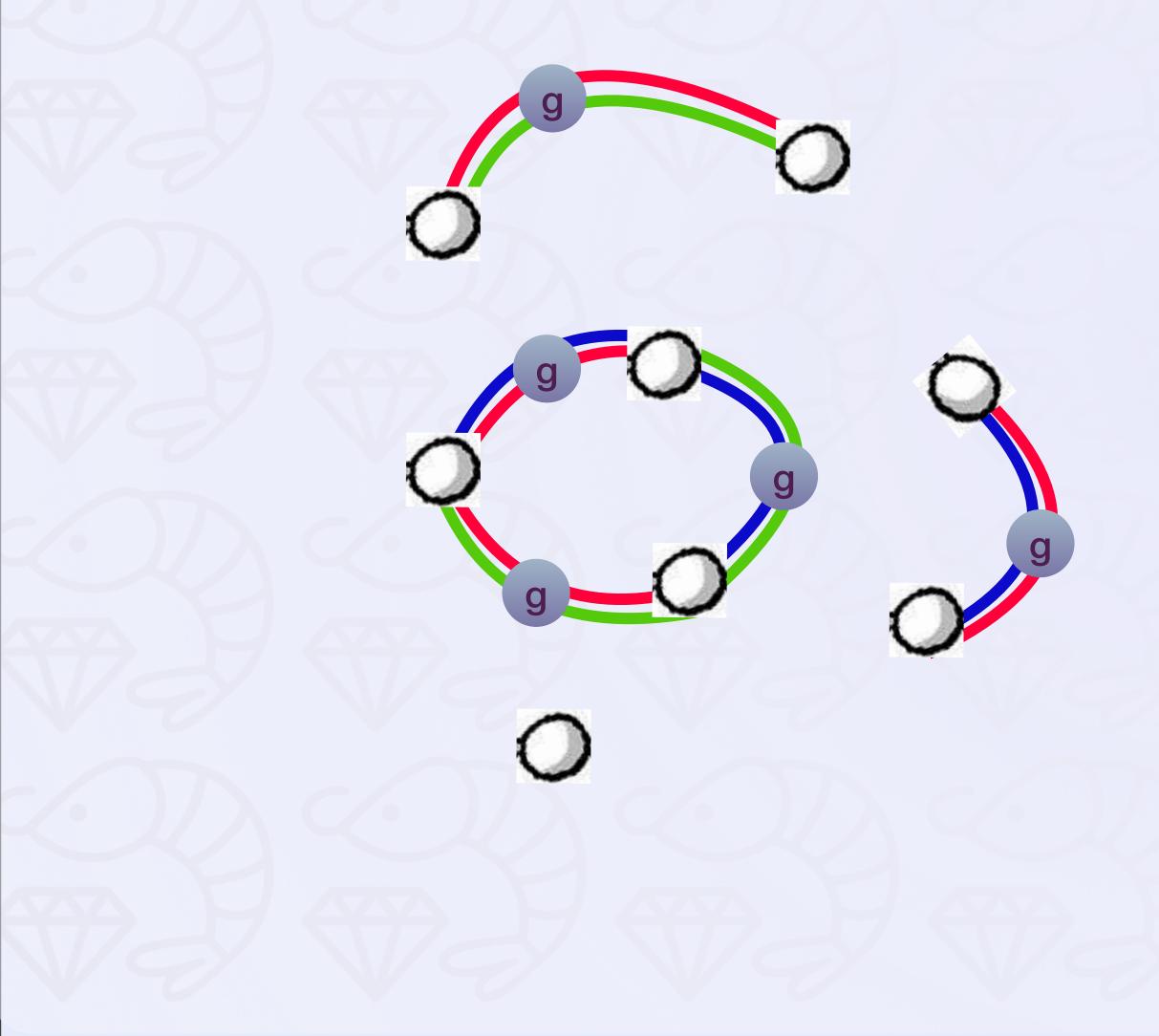








Strong Interaction The fun part of the Standard Model



g

g

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g

g

BUILD A UNIVERSE

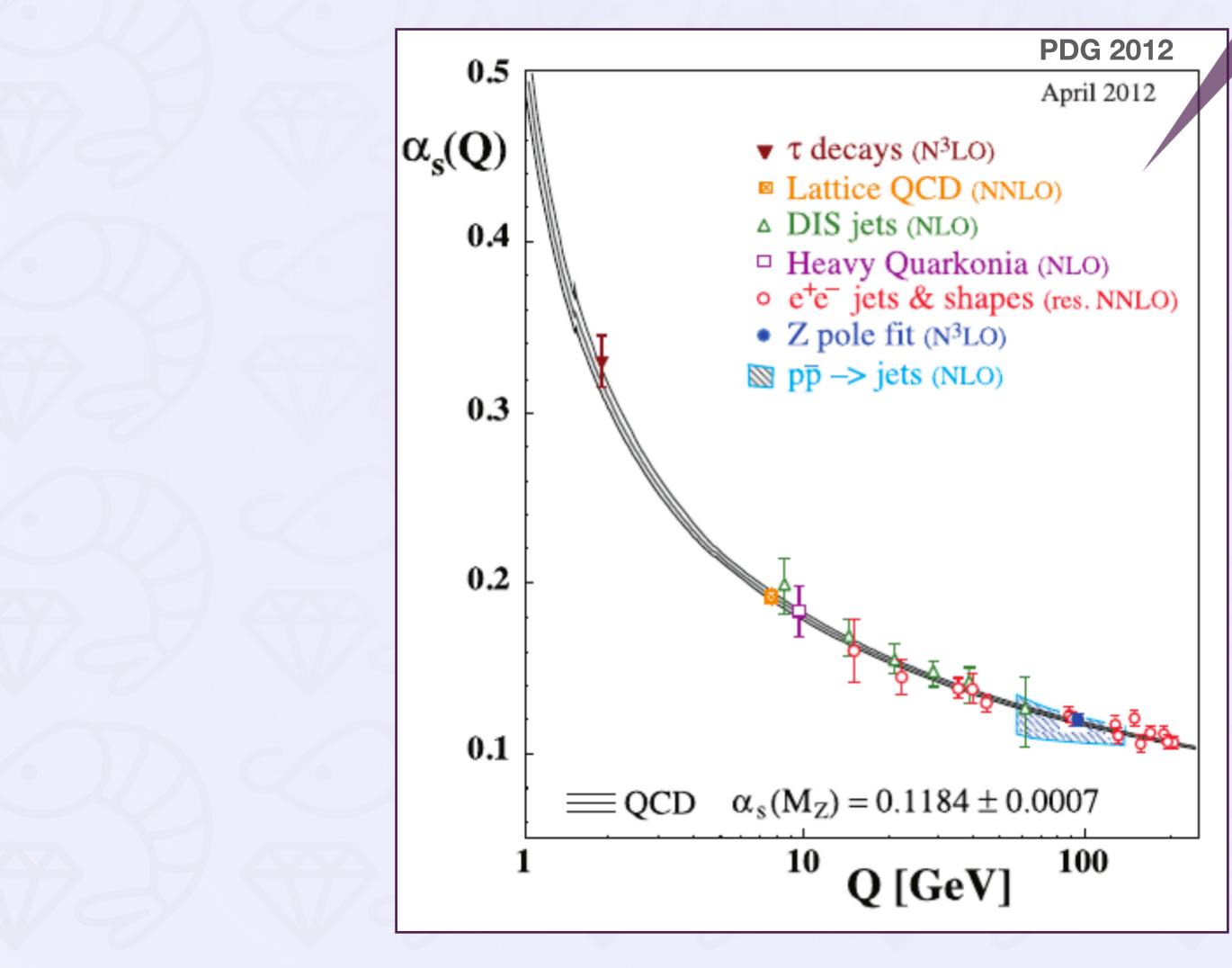
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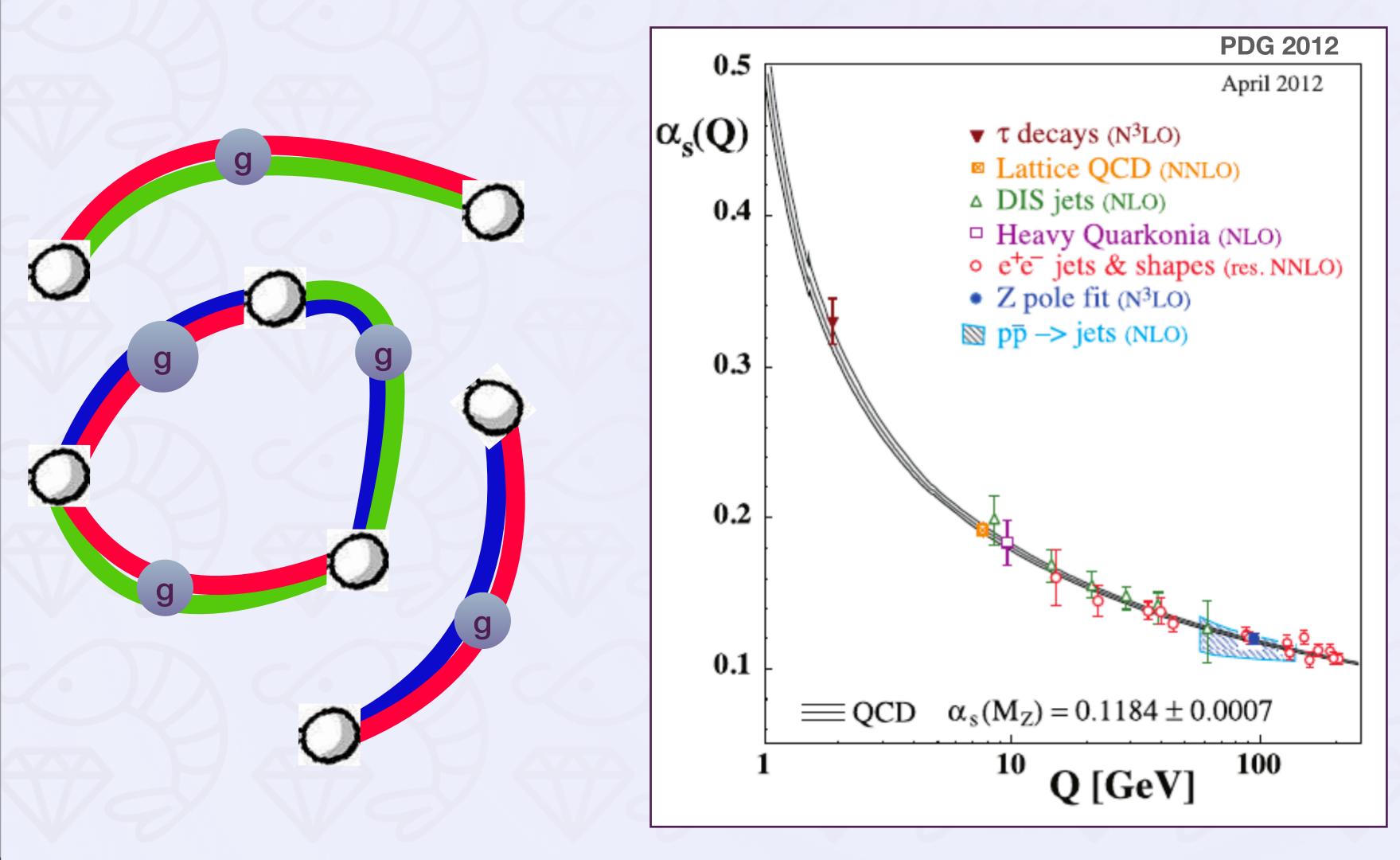
But the gluons also interact with each other!!



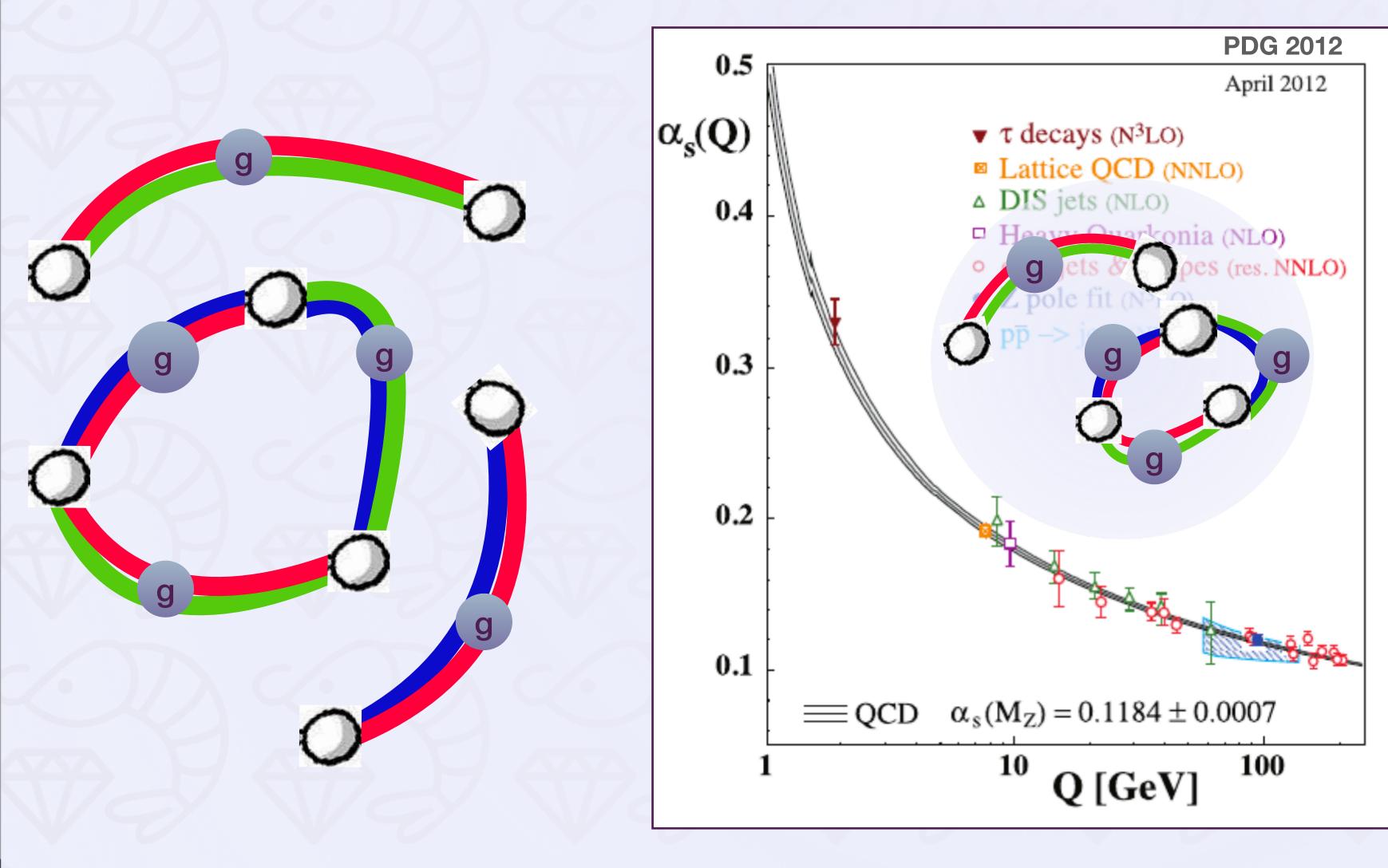


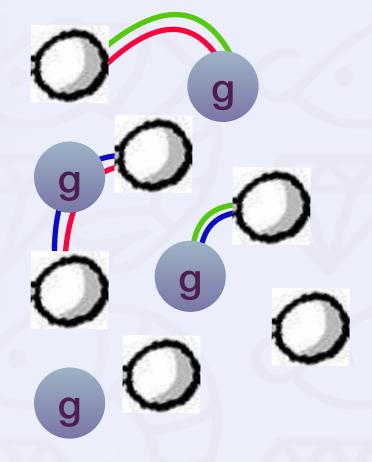
Decreases with the scale (distance)



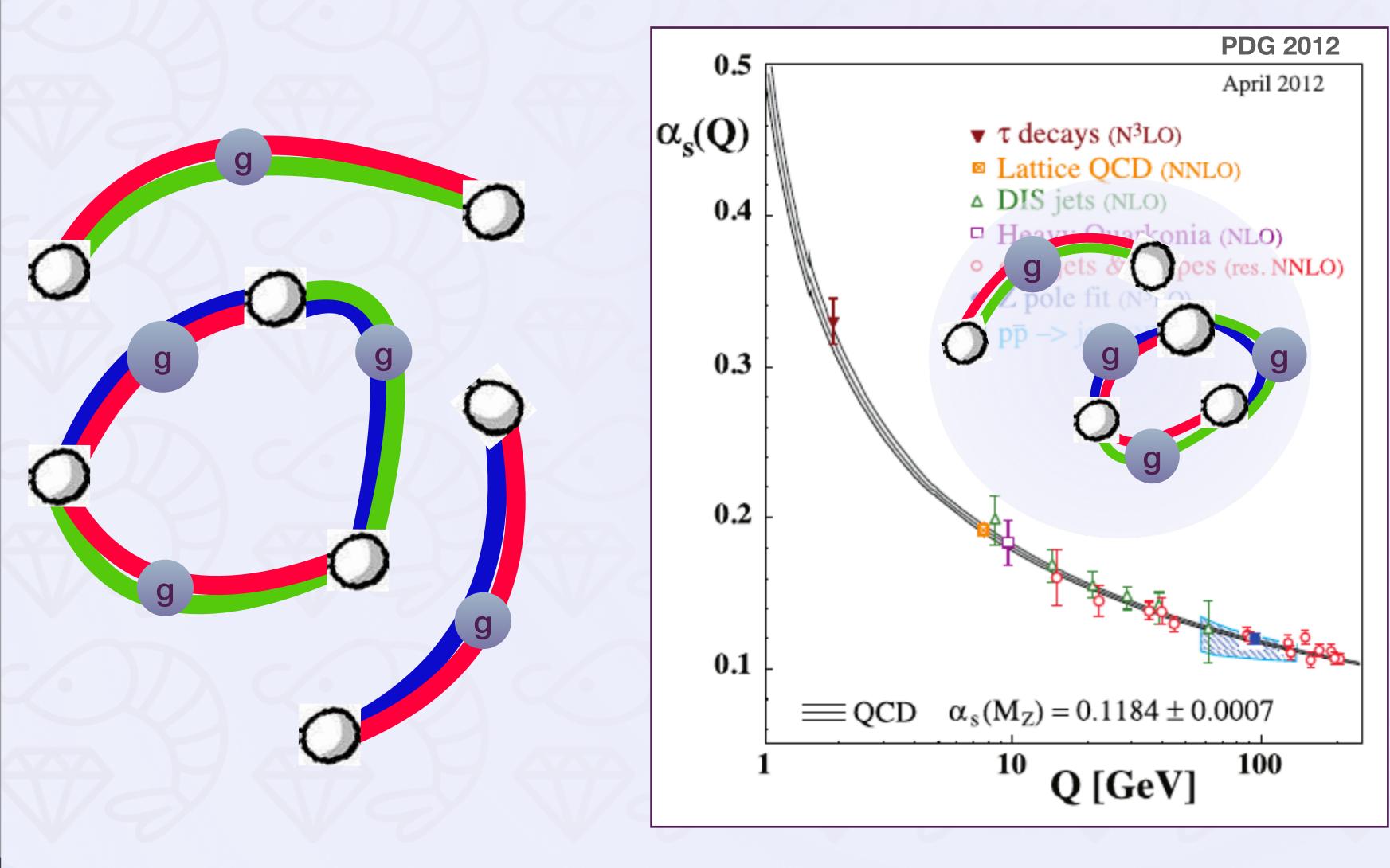












How can we probe this regime?!



Relativistic Heavy Ion Collisions



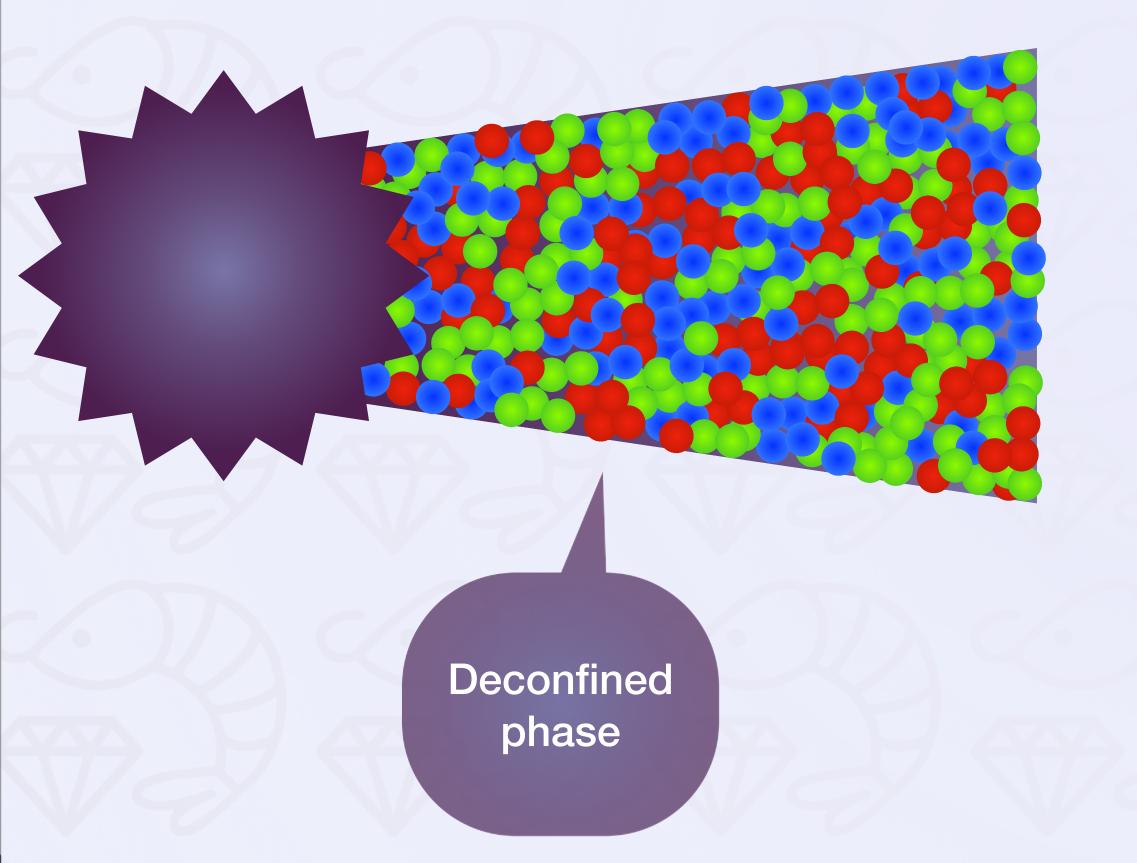


Let's accelerate them all!

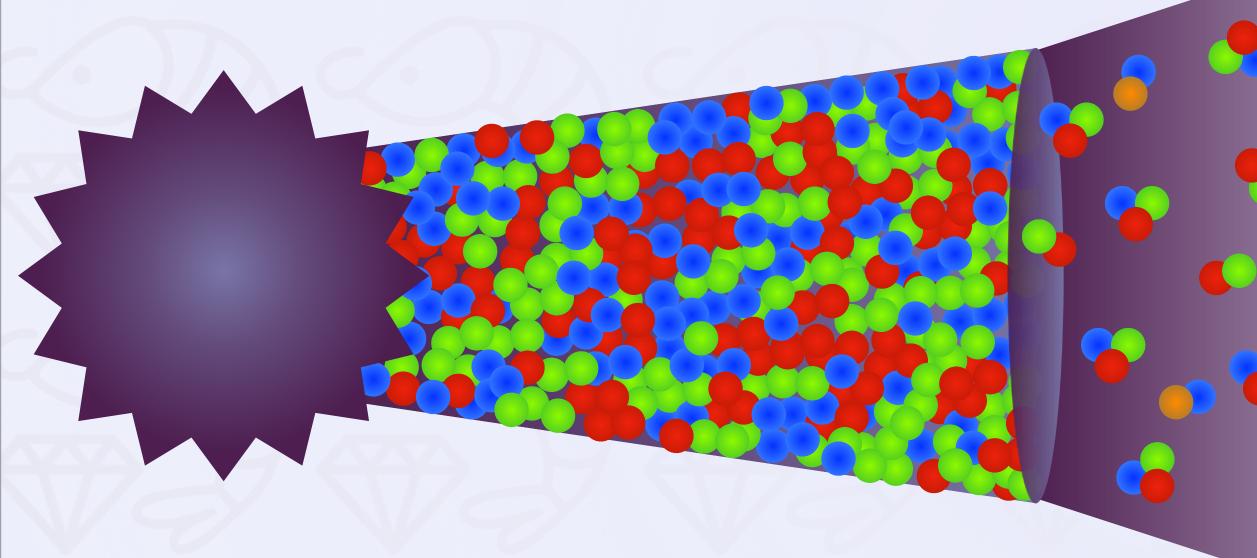








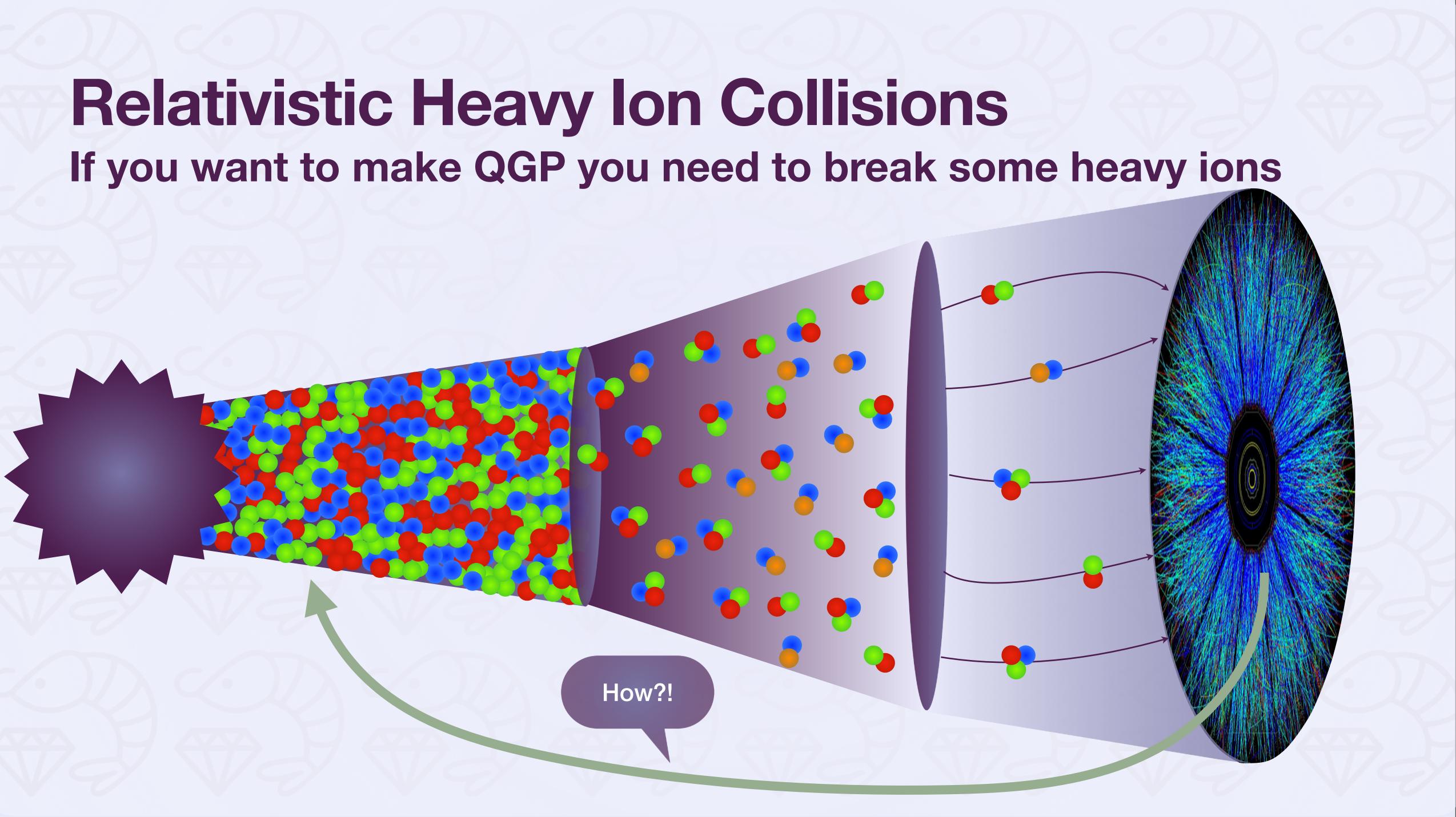




Hadron Gas phase

Free streaming





Signatures of a Quark Gluon Plasma



Signatures of a Quark Gluon Plasma

Collective Flow Jet Quenching

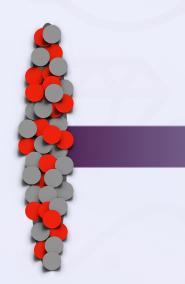


Signatures of a Quark Gluon Plasma

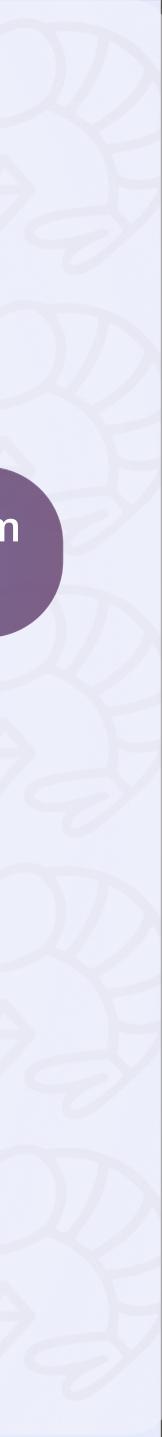
Collective Flow

Jet Quenching

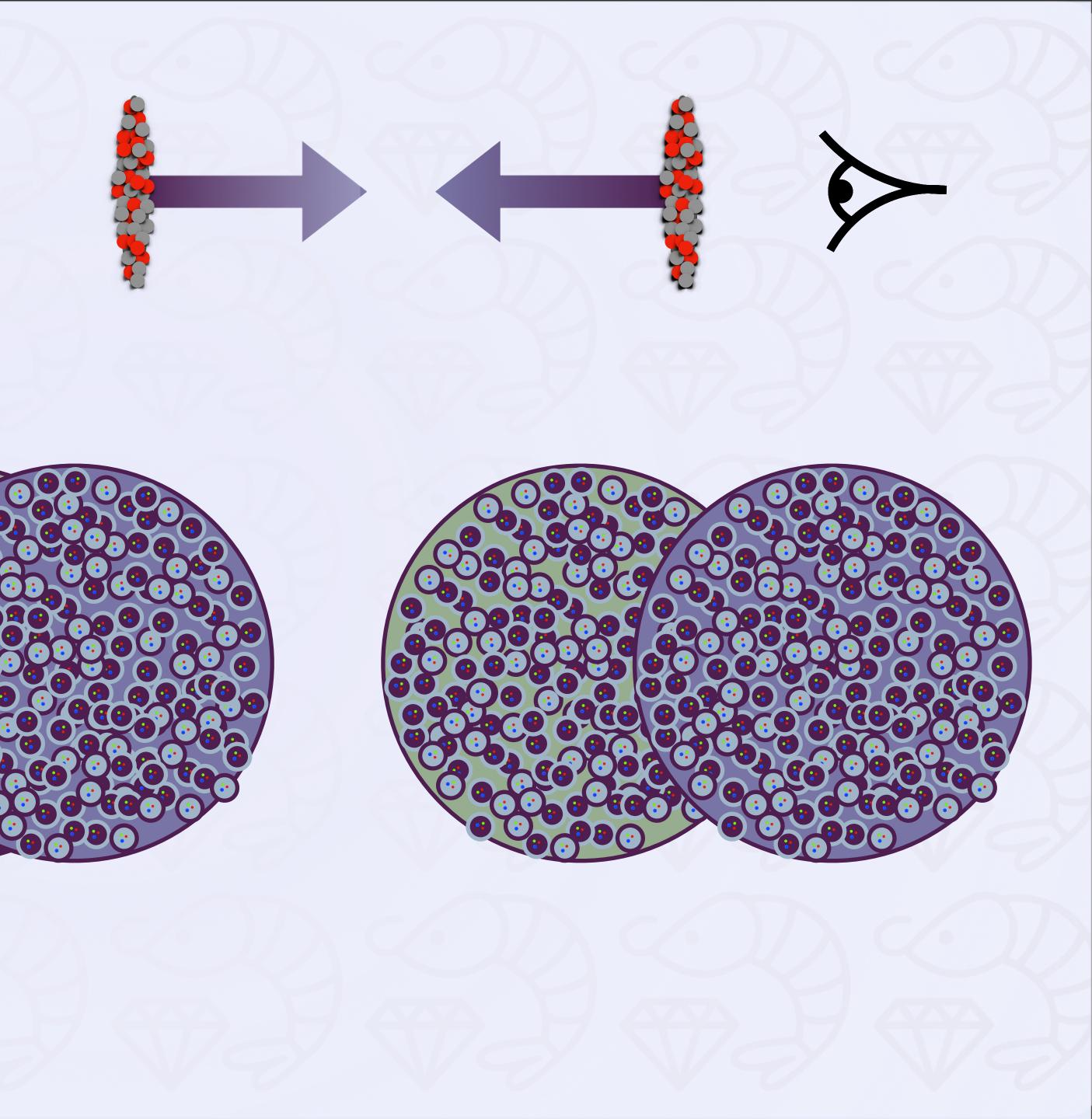




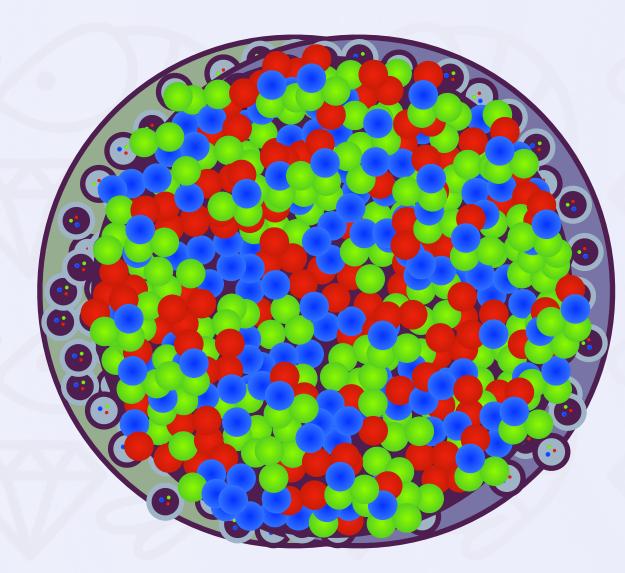
Look at it from this angle



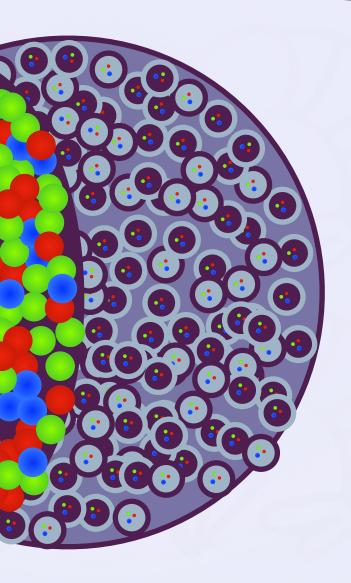
Ions overlap with some impact parameter

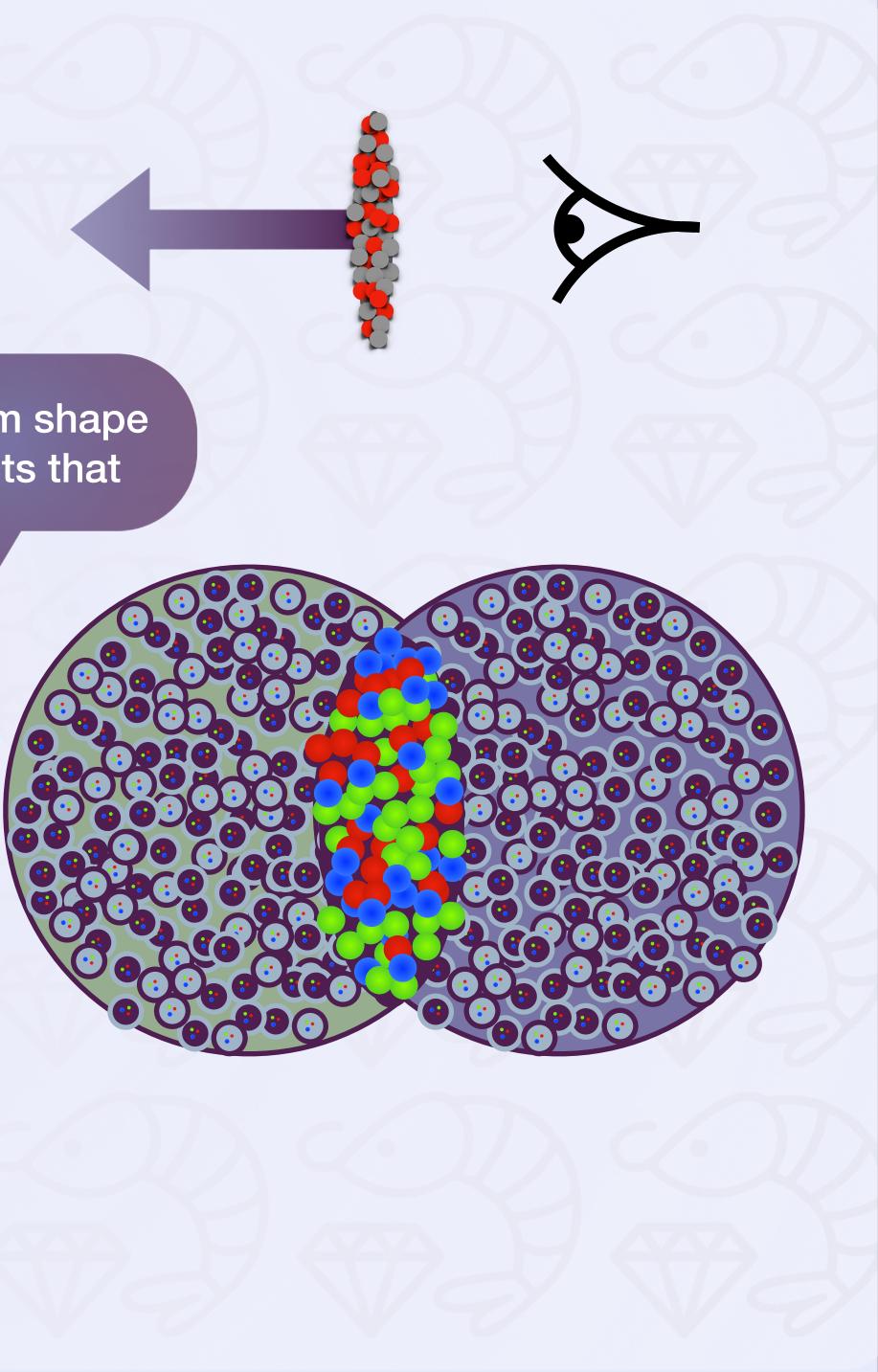


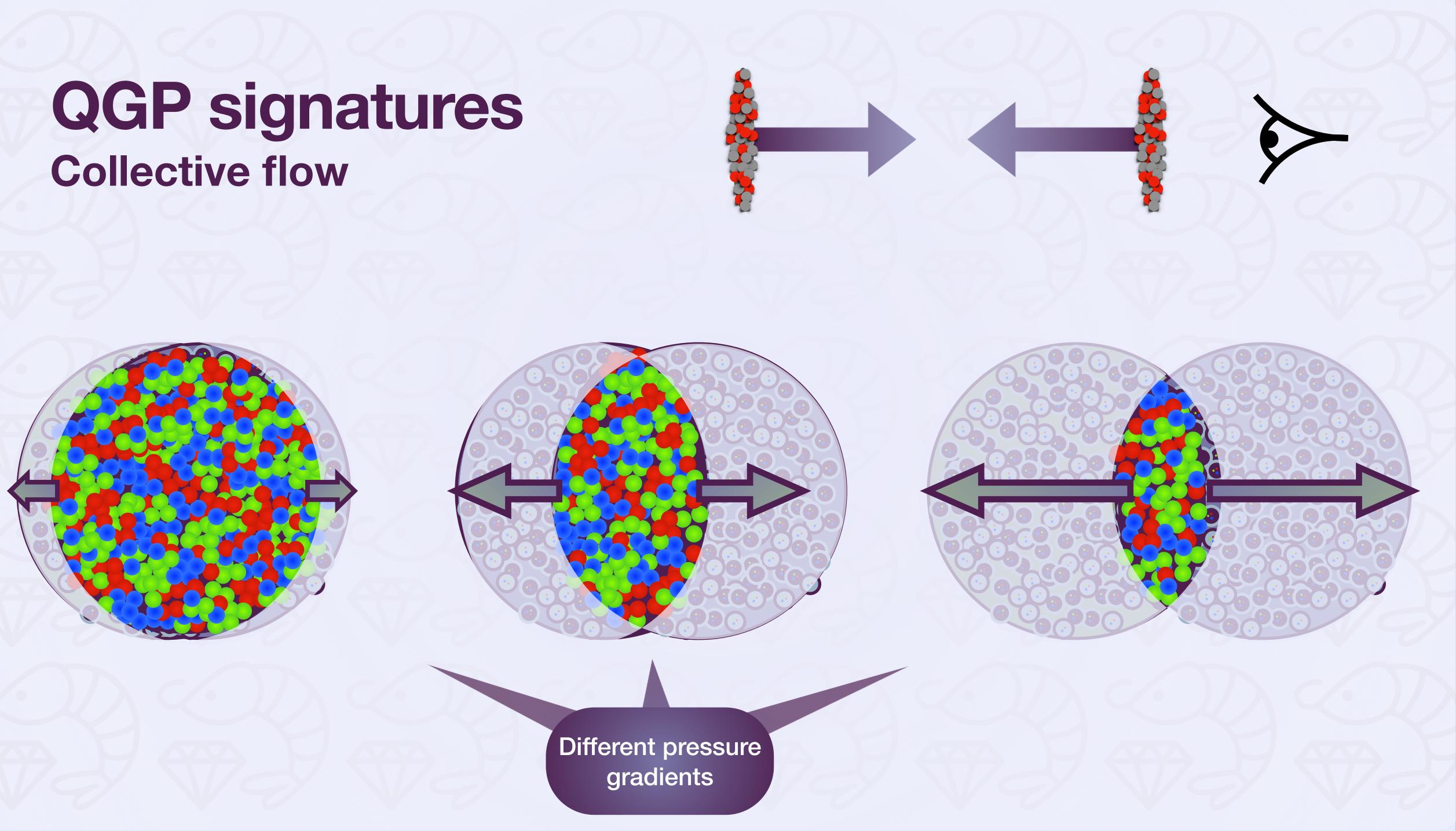
lons overlap with some impact parameter



Medium shape reflects that



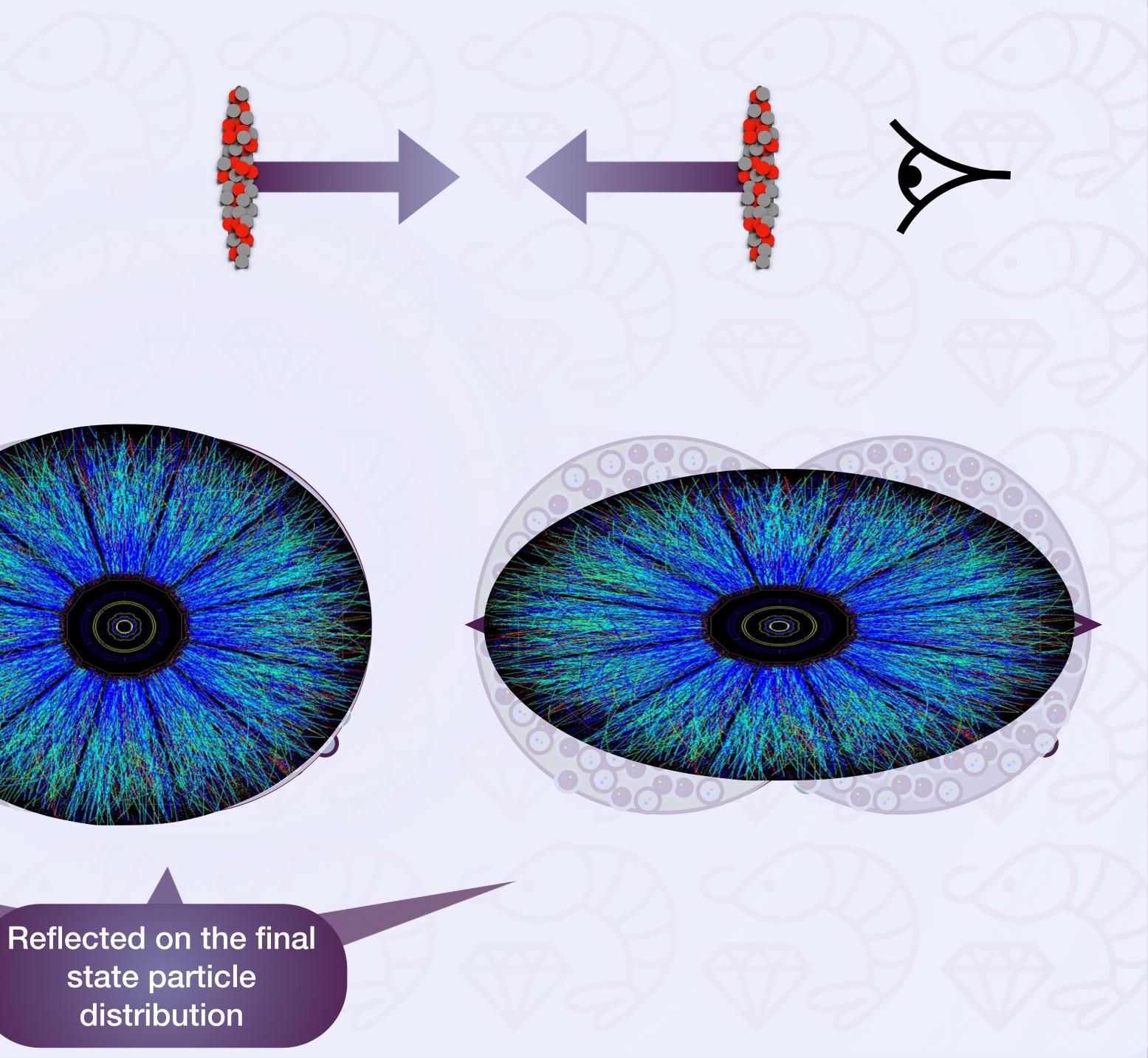




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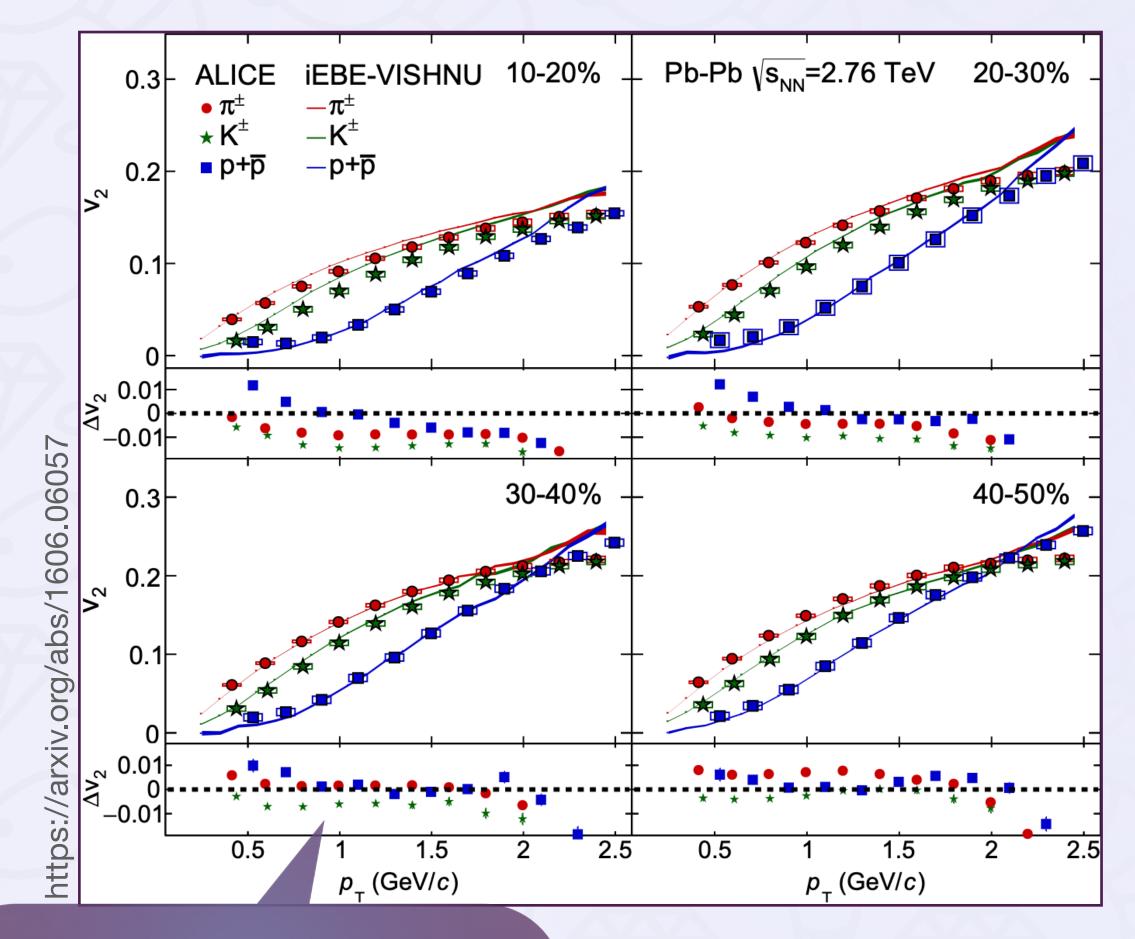


O



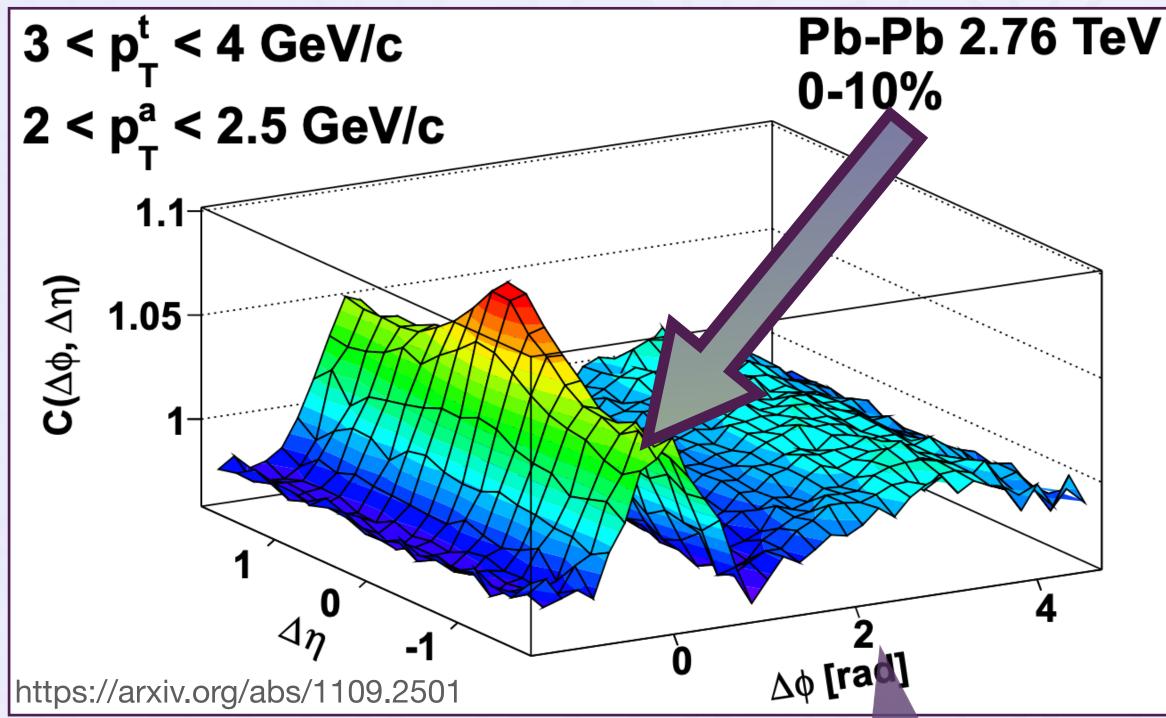
state particle distribution

QGP signatures End of story!

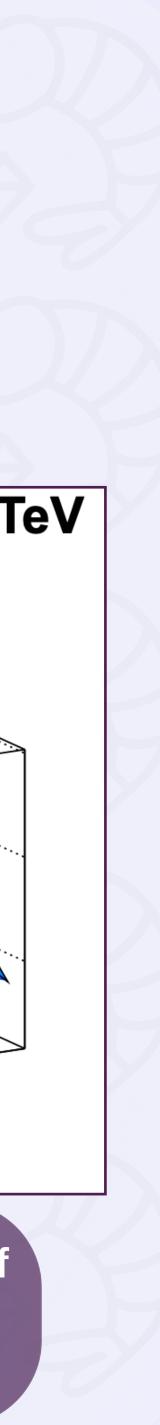


Jaha! Non zero flow coefficients in PbPb

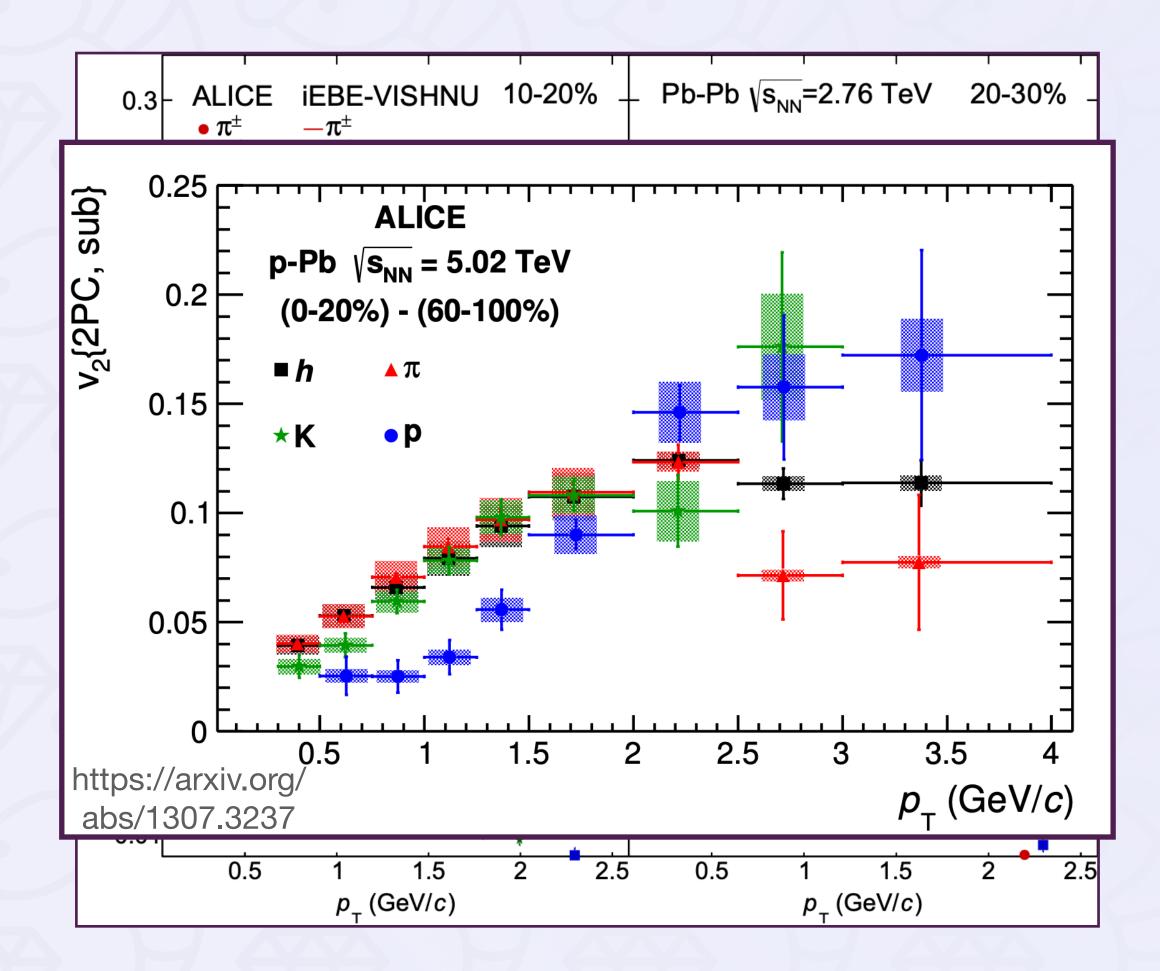
QGP in large systems! (PbPb)



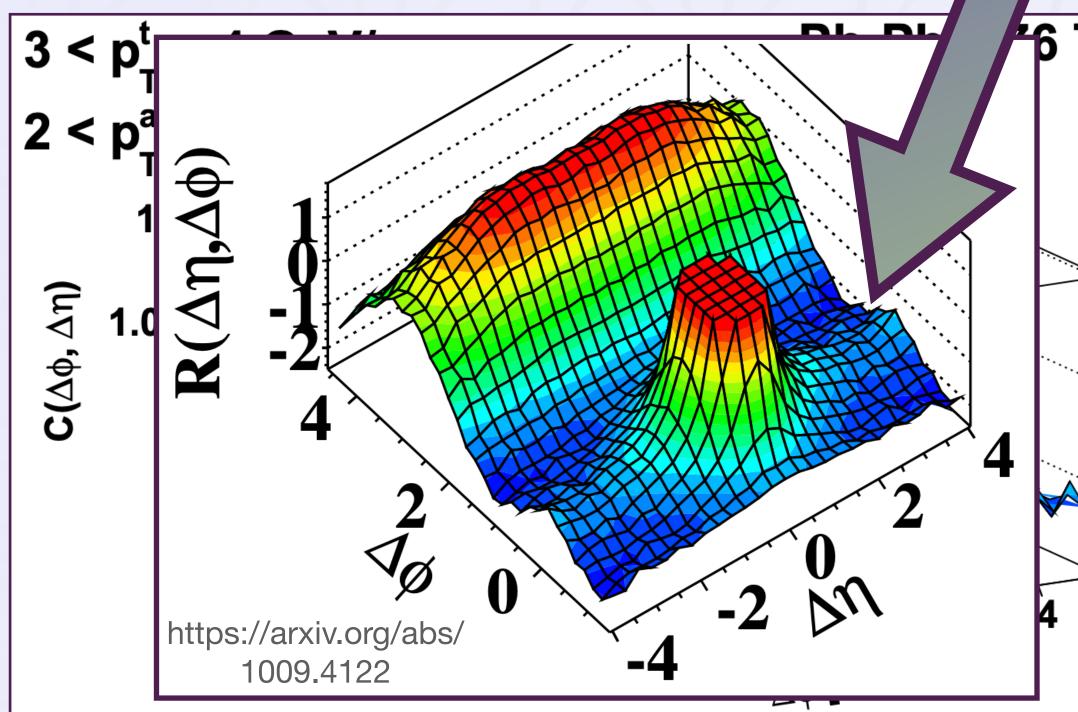
And also signs of long range correlations

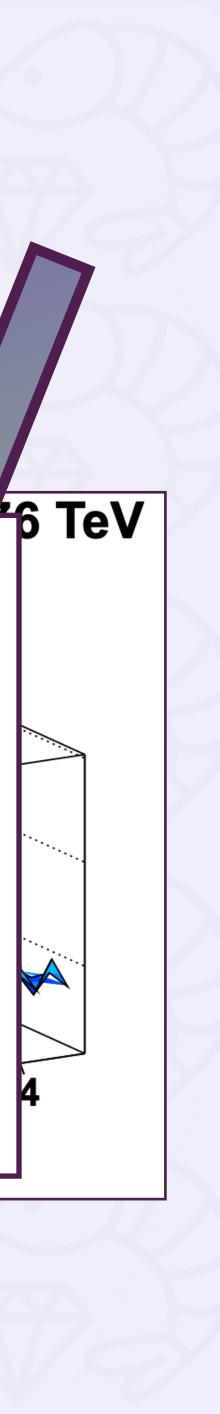


QGP signatures Ops...

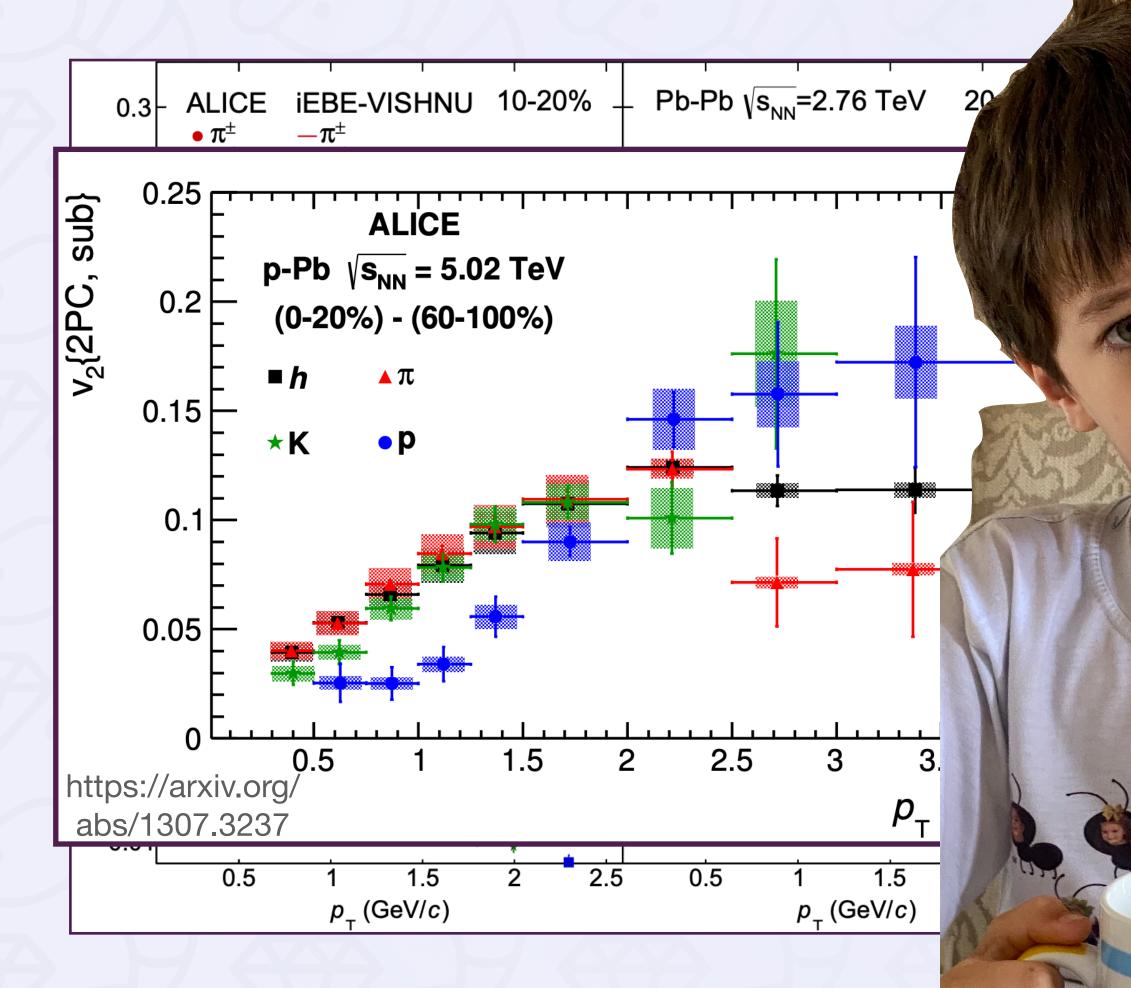


But also in small systems! (pPb and pp)

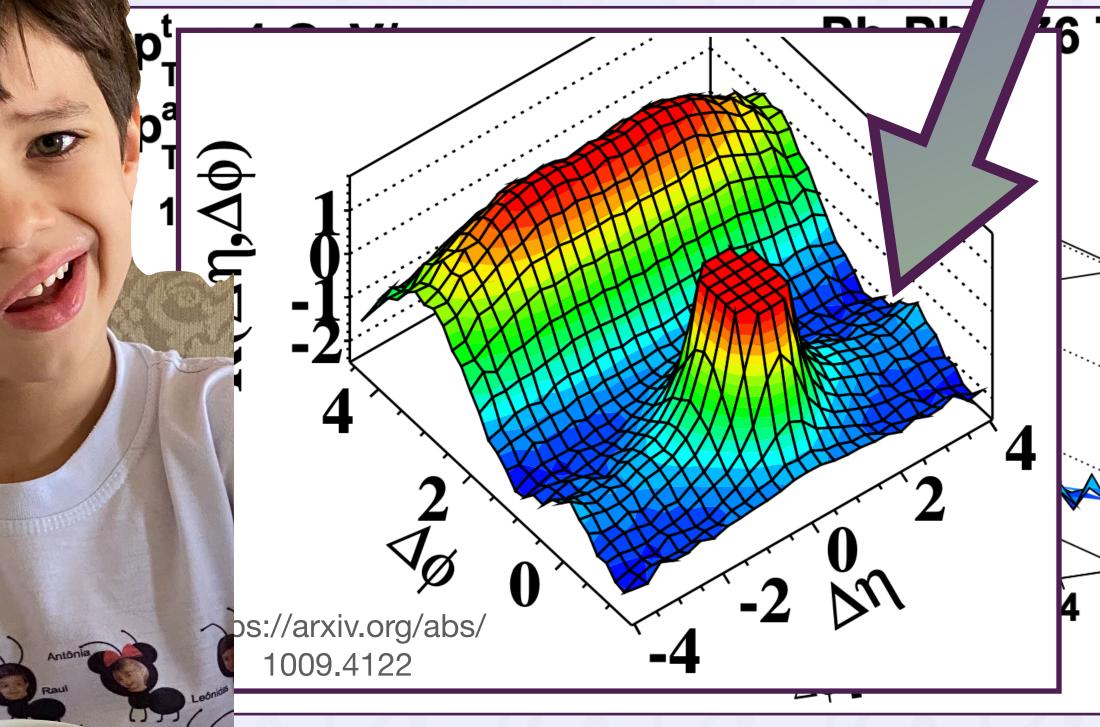


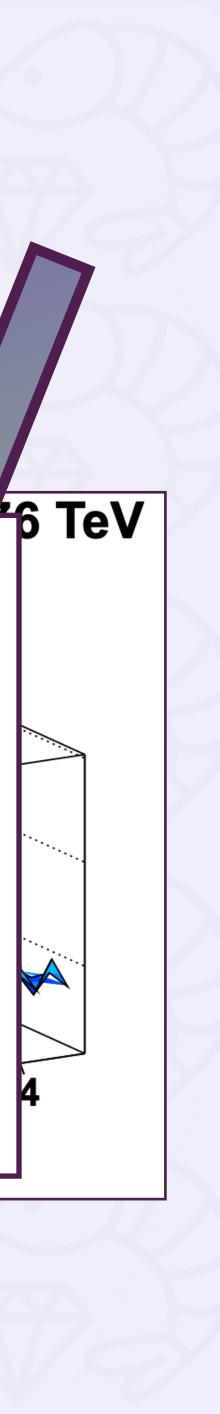


QGP signatures Ops...



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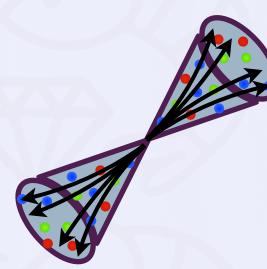
Signatures of a Quark Gluon Plasma

Collective Flow **Jet Quenching**

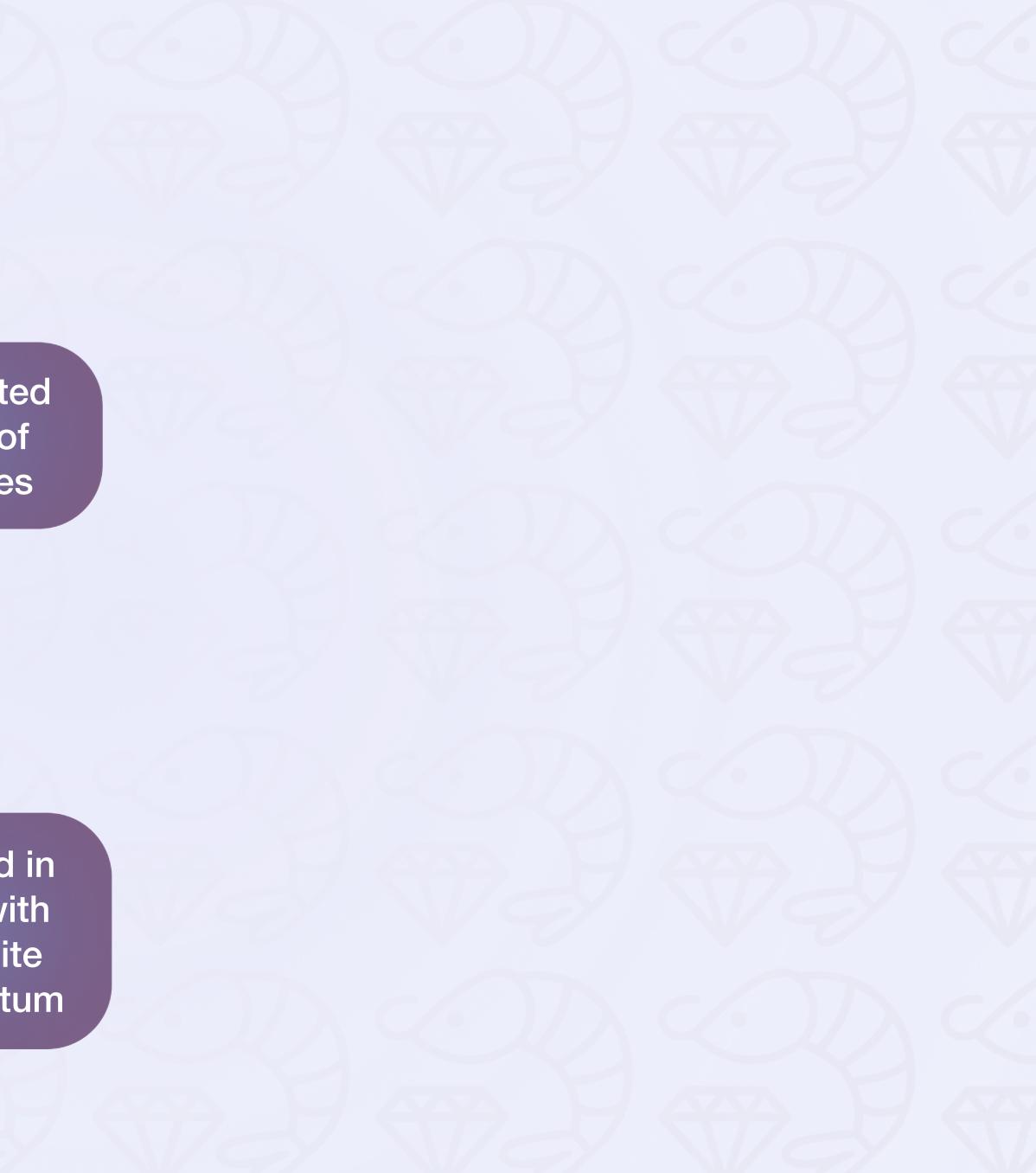


QGP signatures Jet quenching

Collimated spray of particles

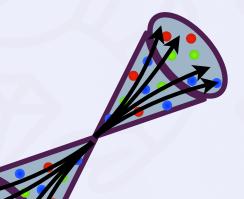


Created in pairs with opposite momentum

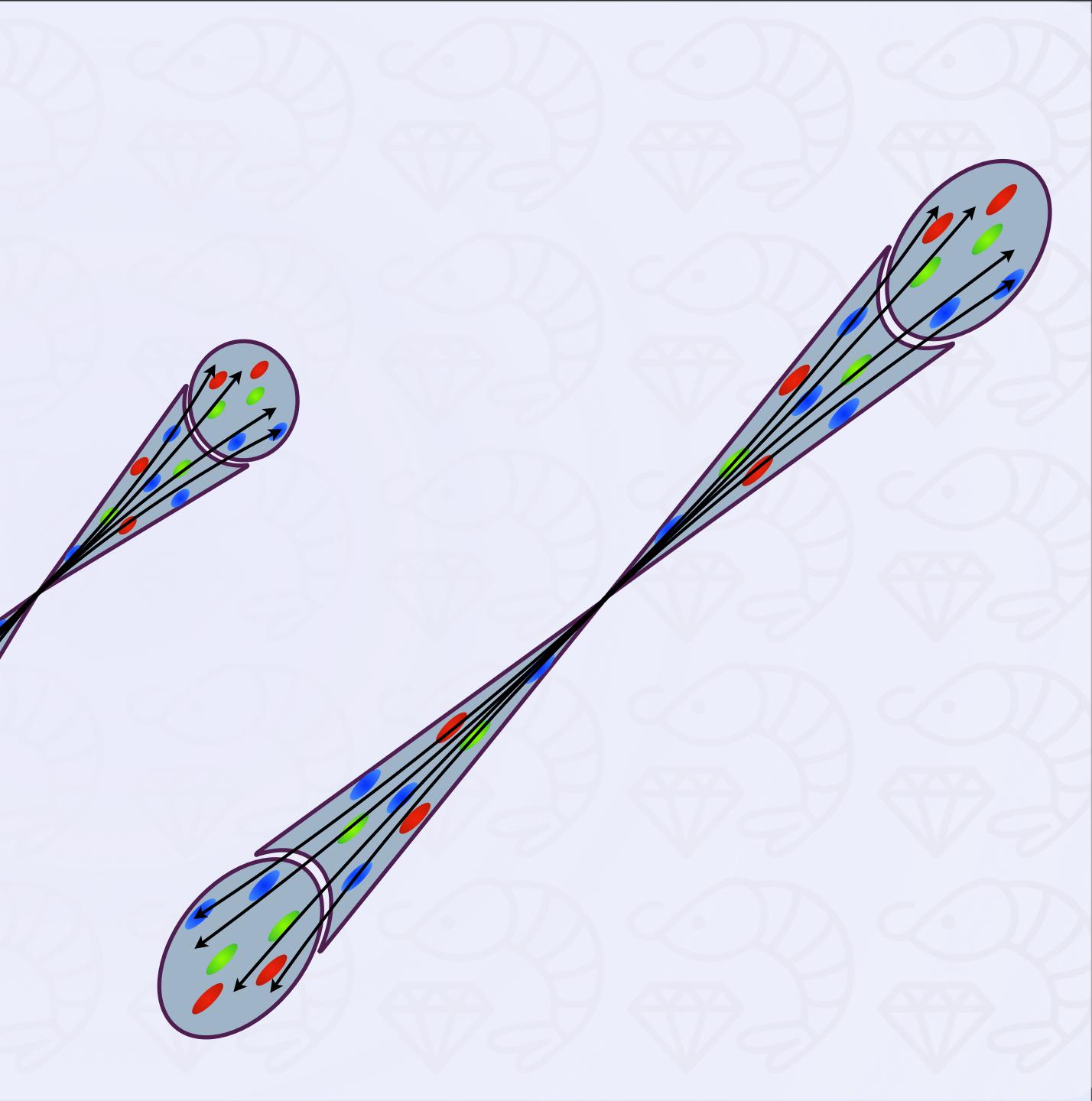




QGP signatures Jet quenching

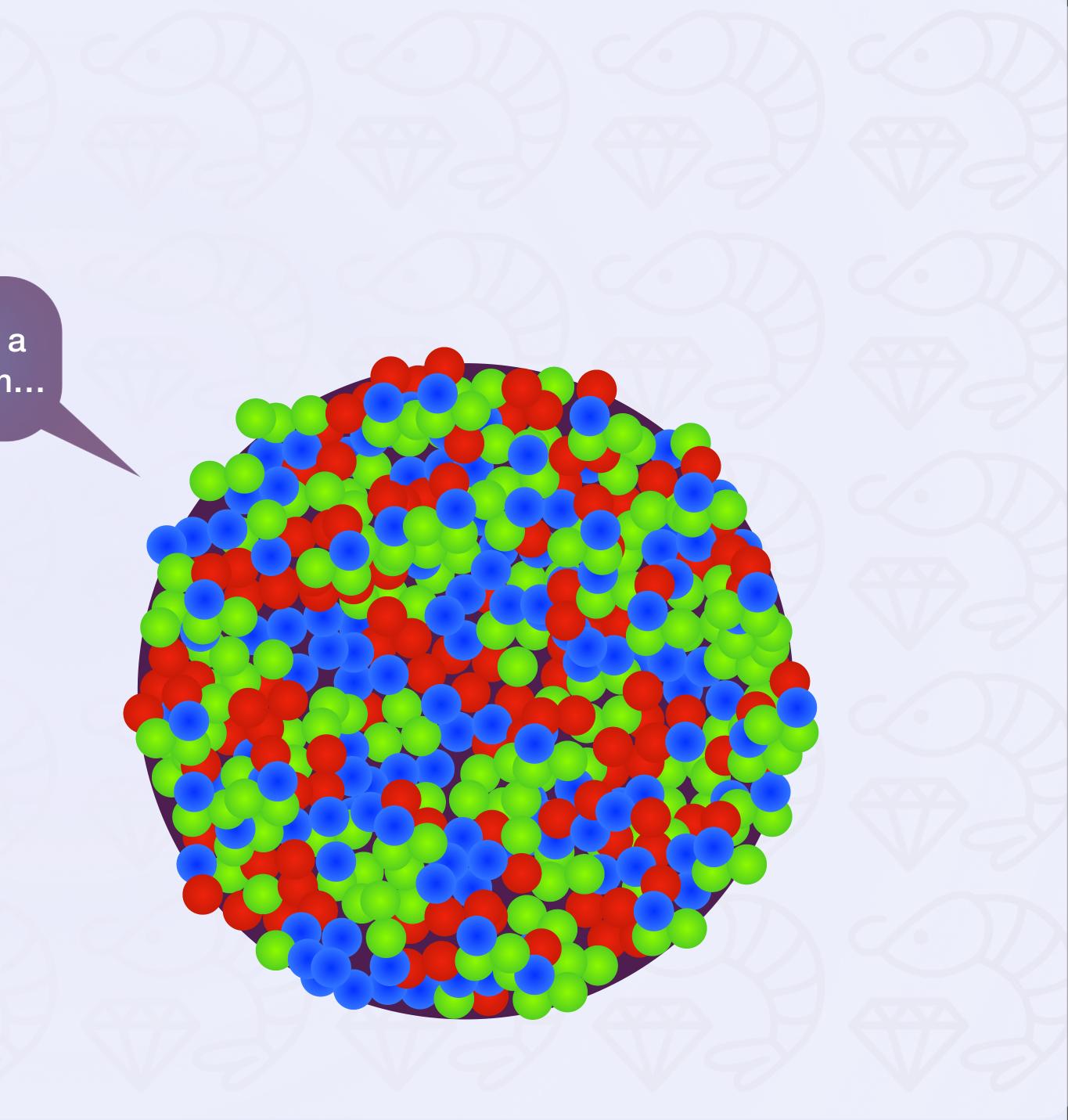


In vacuum, jets evolve freely

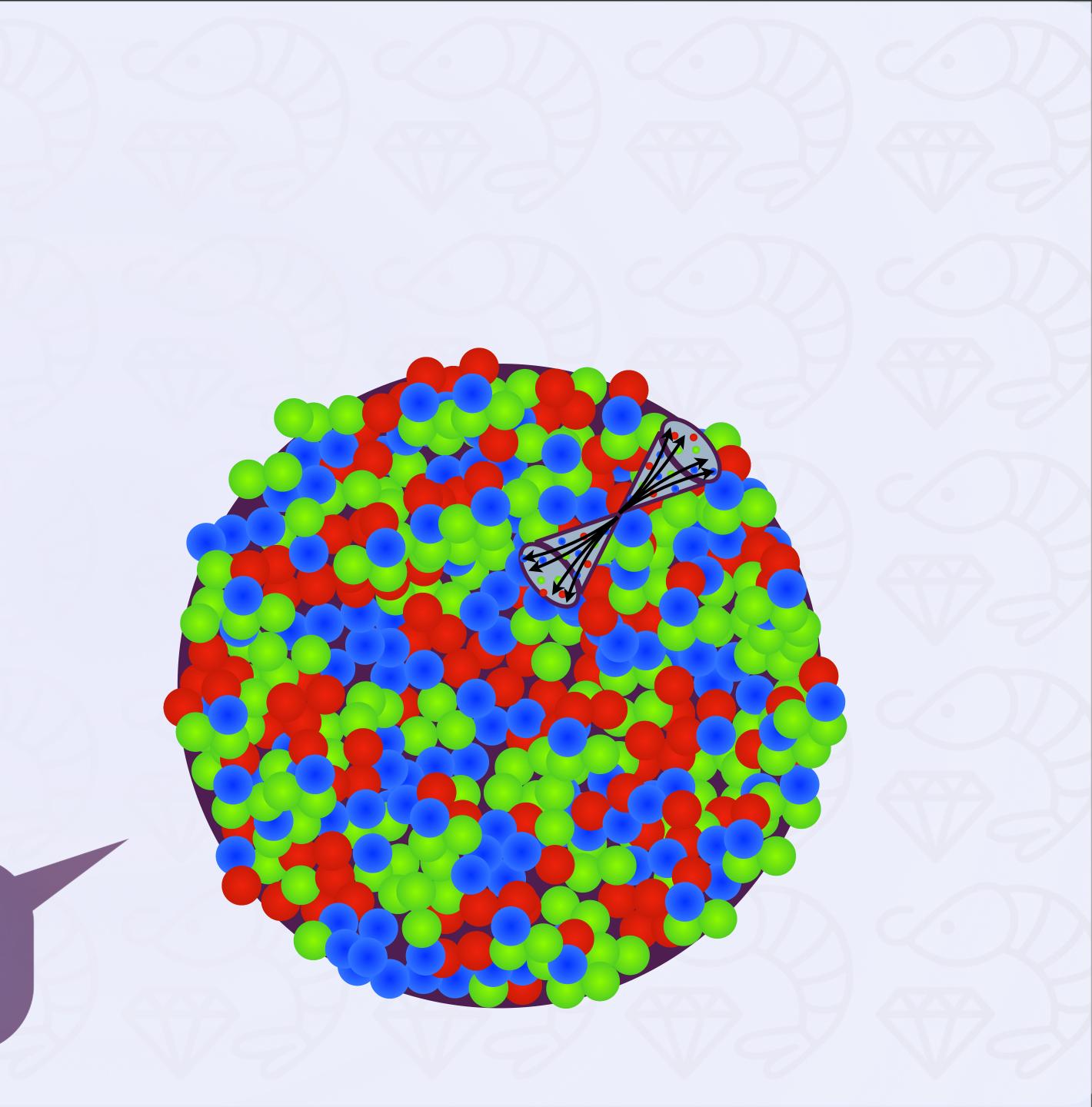


QGP signatures Jet quenching

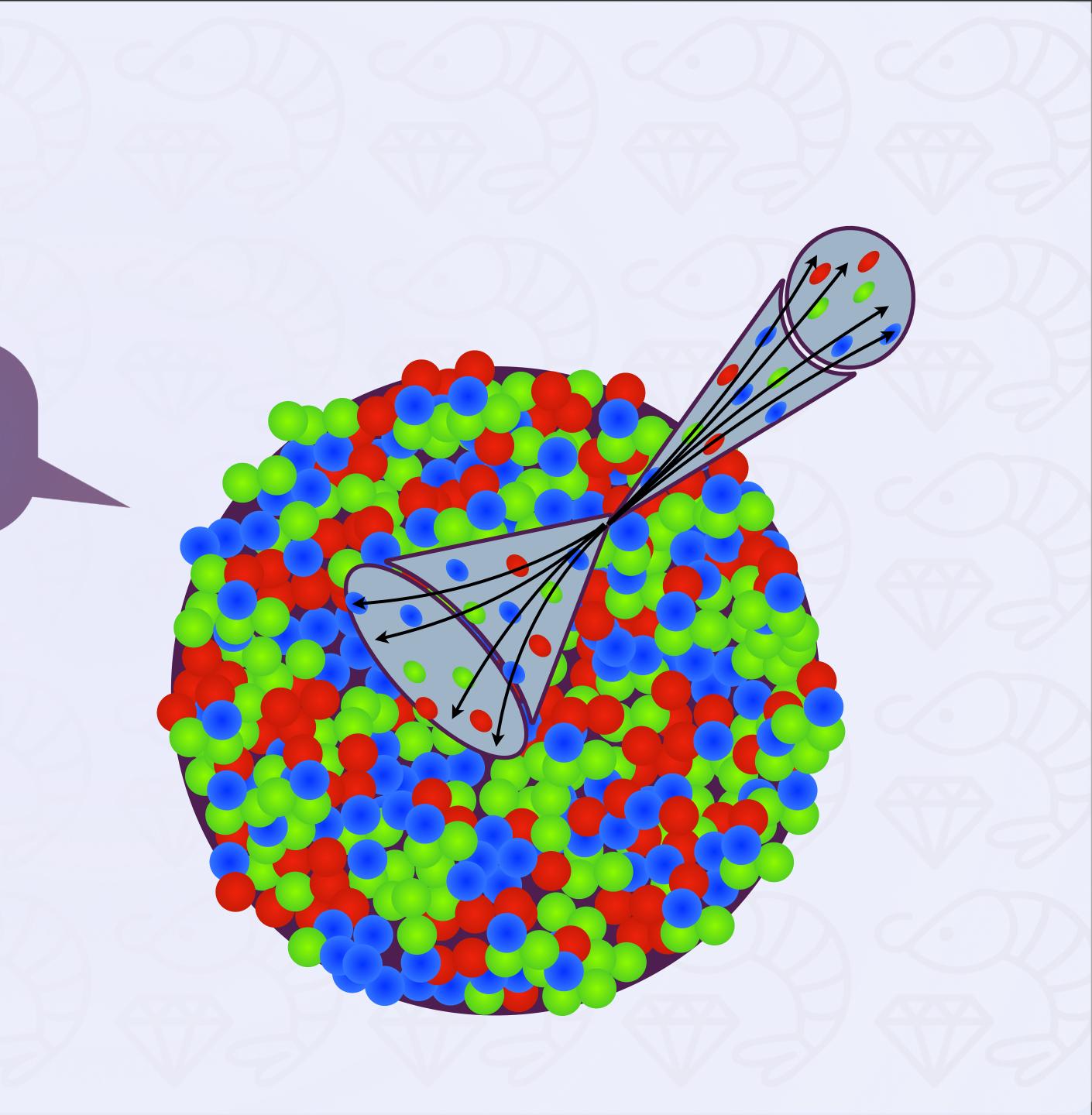
But in a medium...



...jet particles interact with medium...



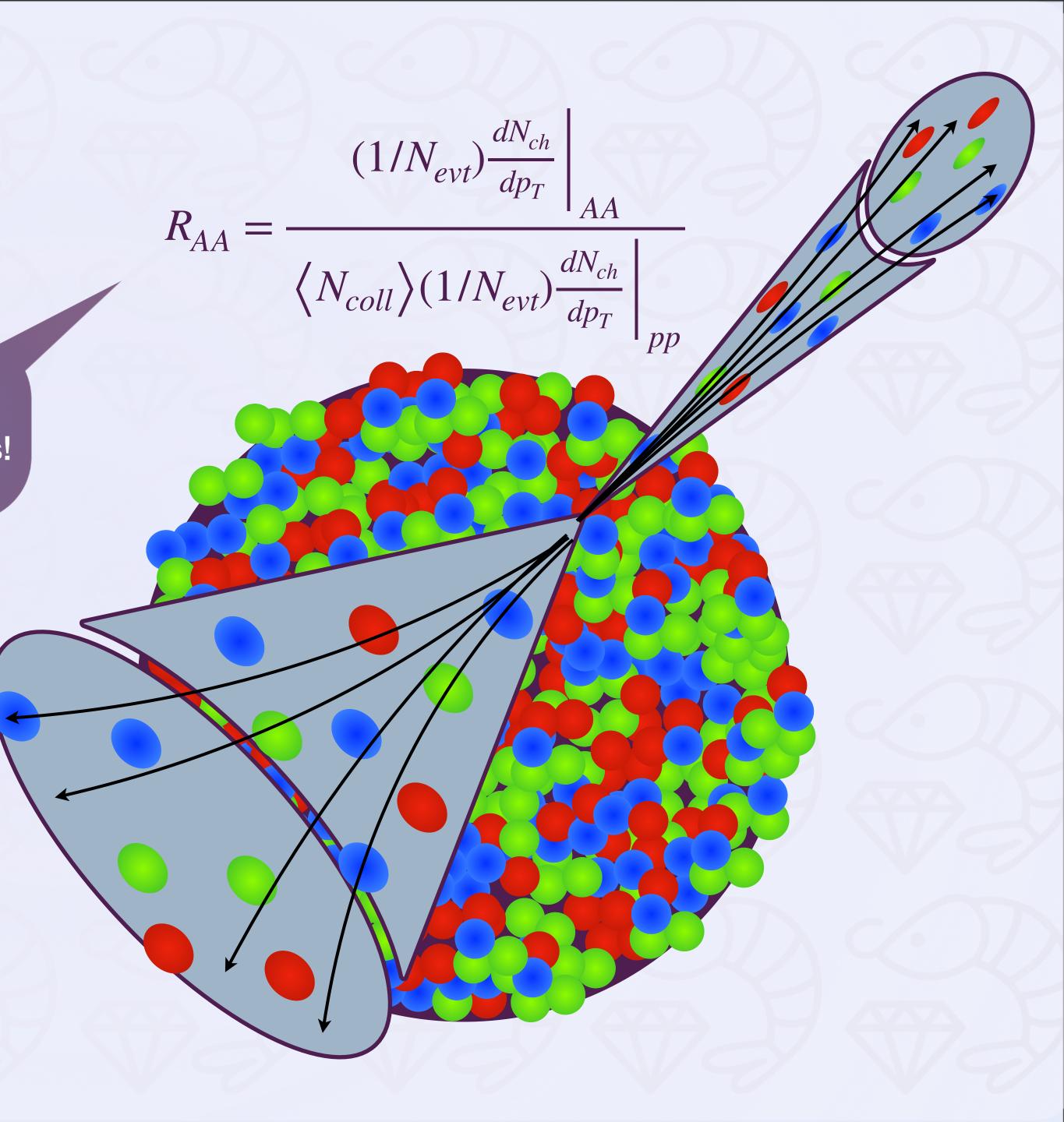
...jets get quenched...

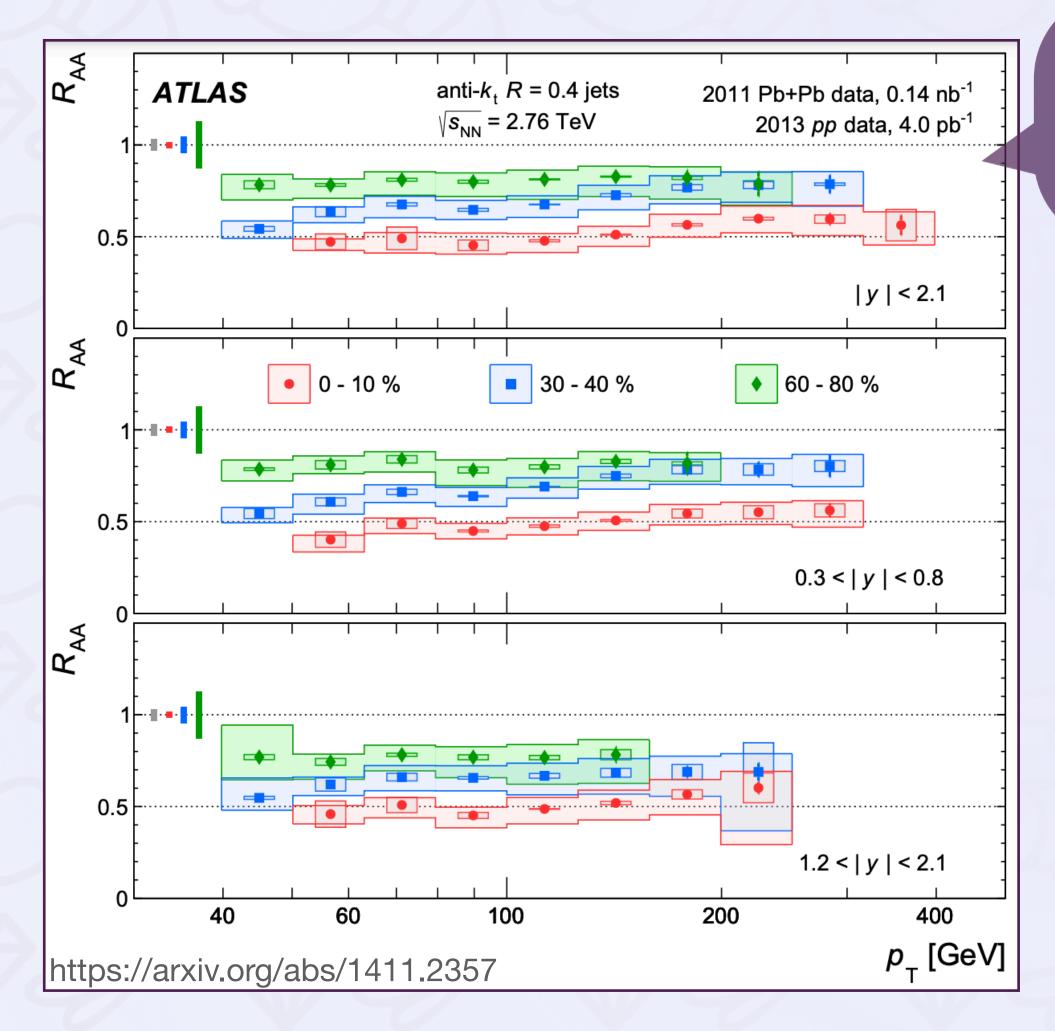


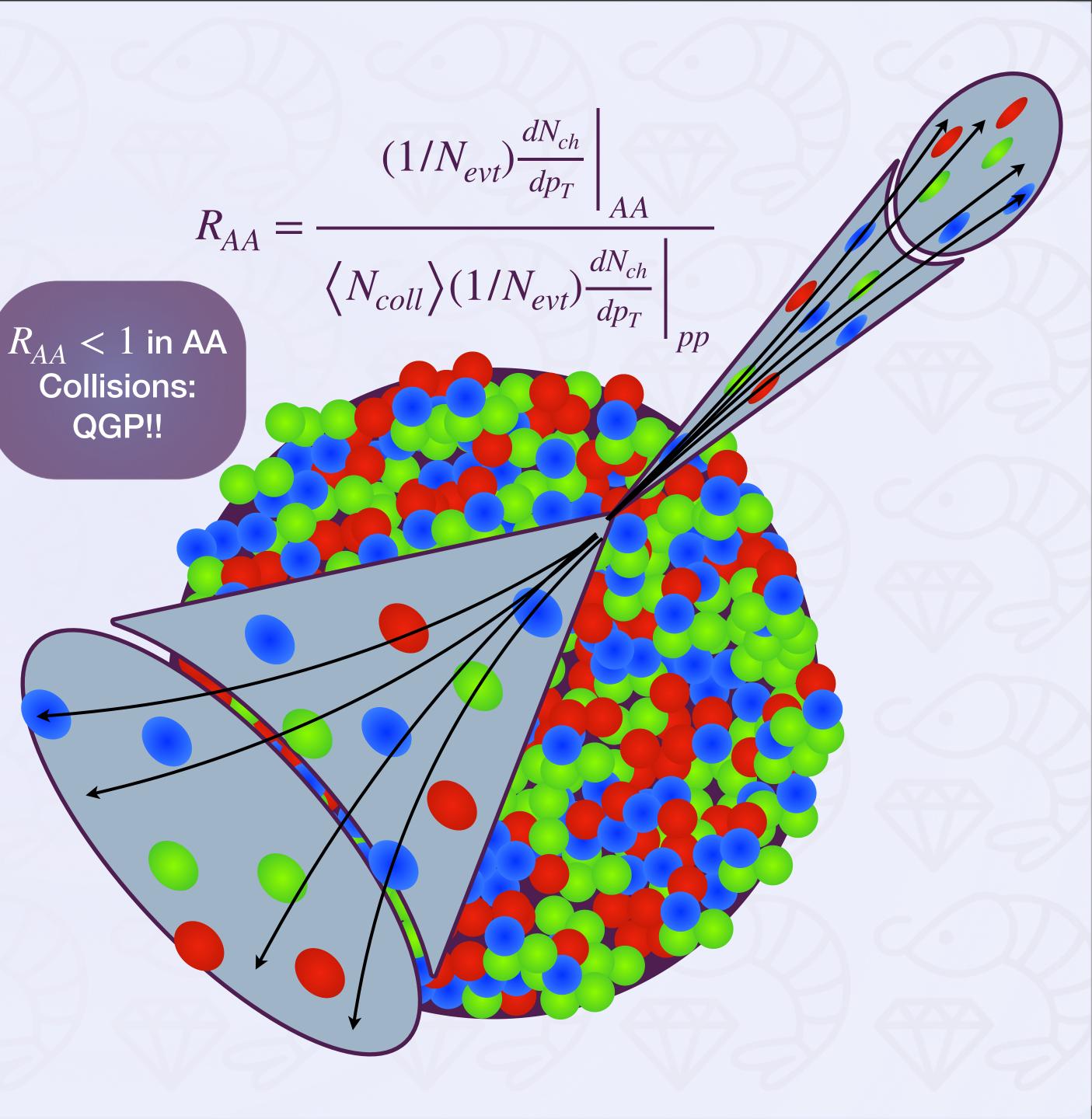
...depending on how much medium they traverse

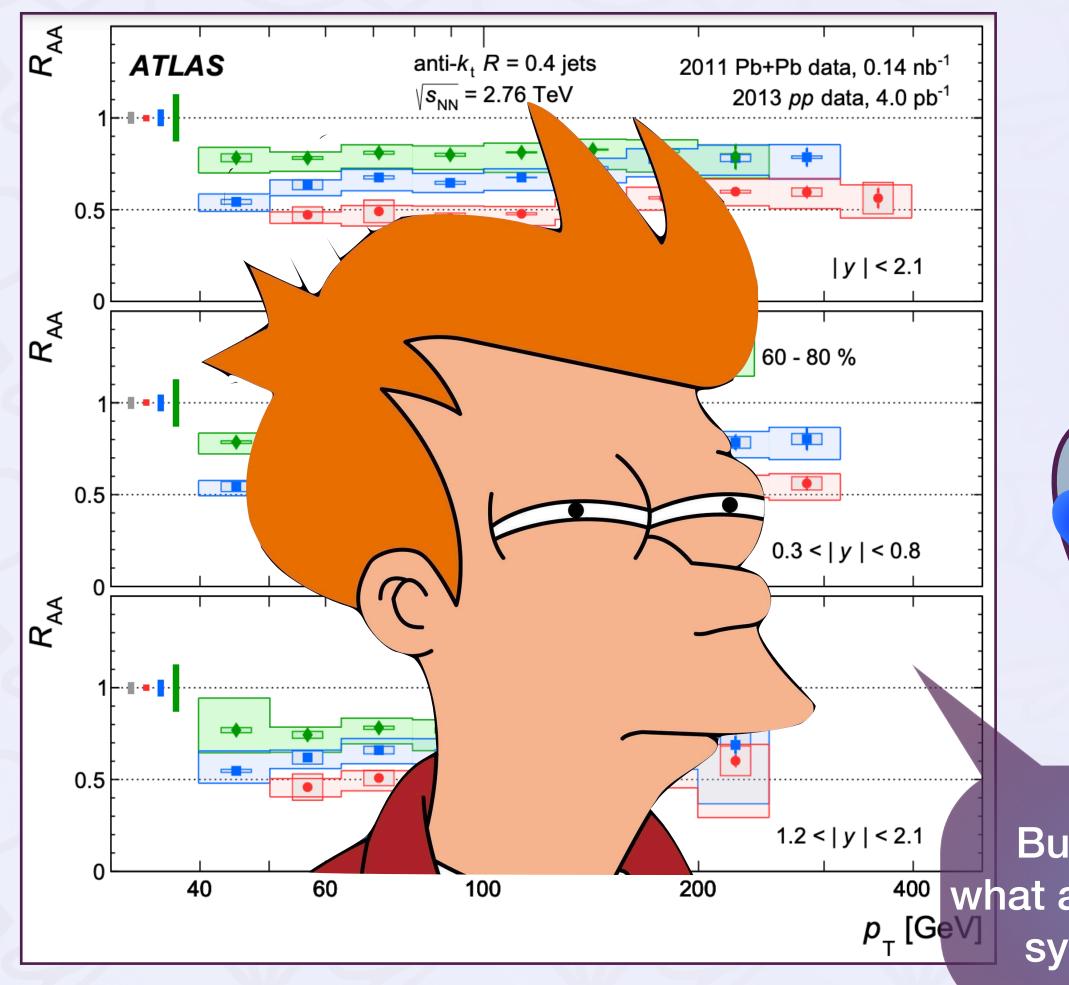


We can quantify this!



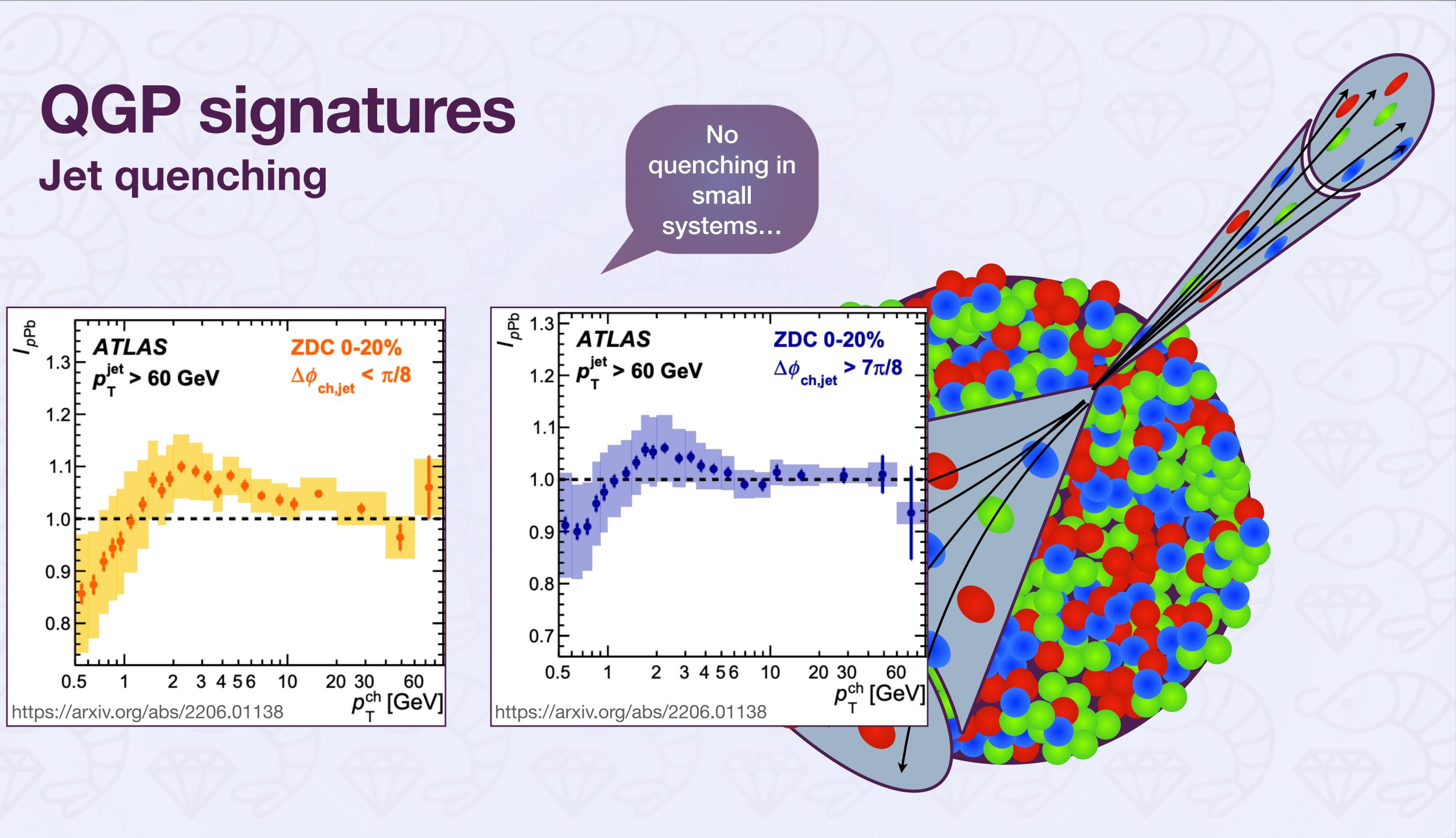


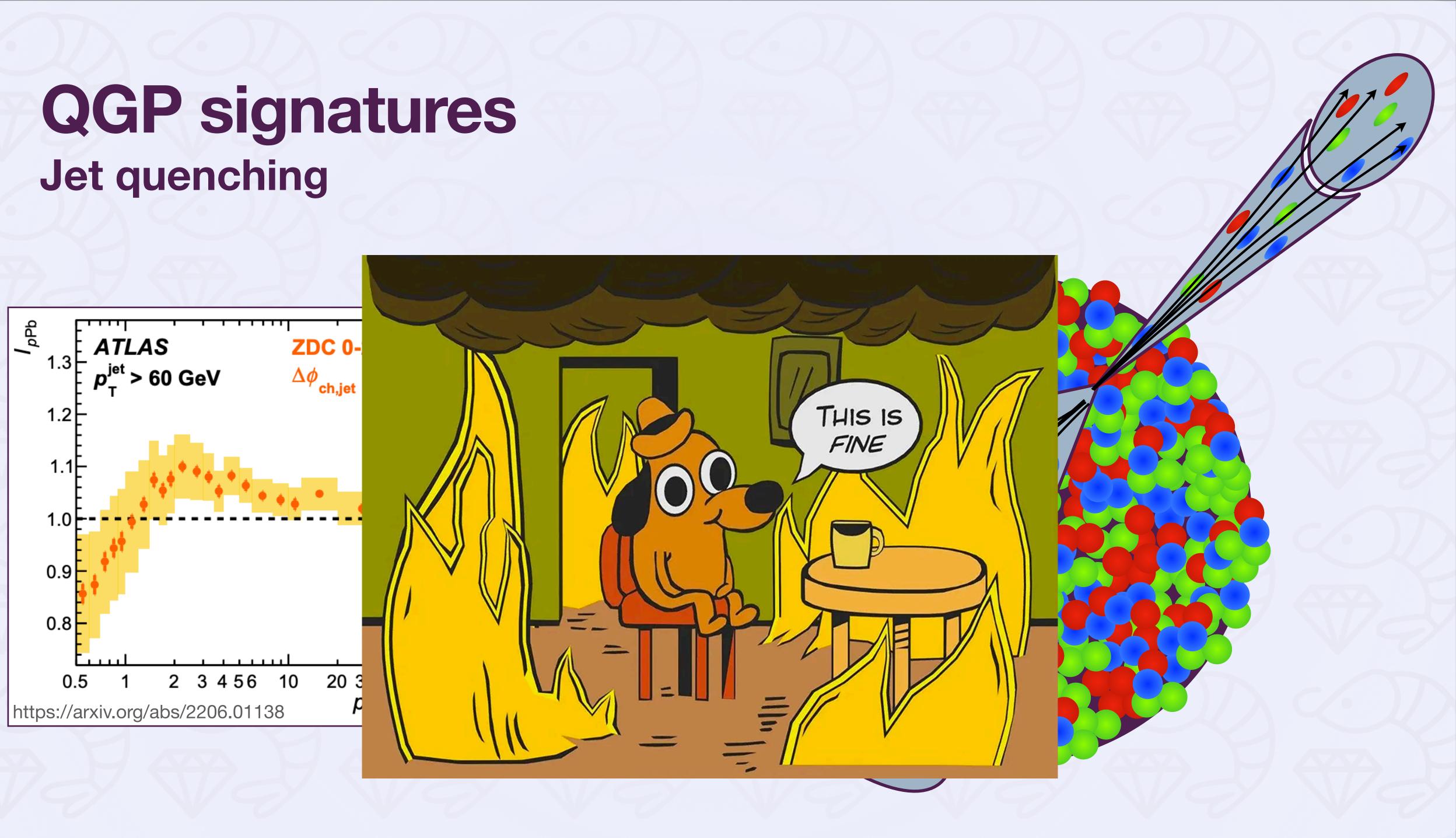




 $(1/N_{evt})\frac{dN_{ch}}{dp_T}$ dN_{ch} AA R_{AA} $\left< N_{coll} \right> (1/N_{evt}) \frac{dN_{ch}}{dp_T}$ ppBut wait... ⁴⁰⁰ what about small ^p[GeV] systems? systems?







Monte Carlo Simulations



Monte Carlo Simulations

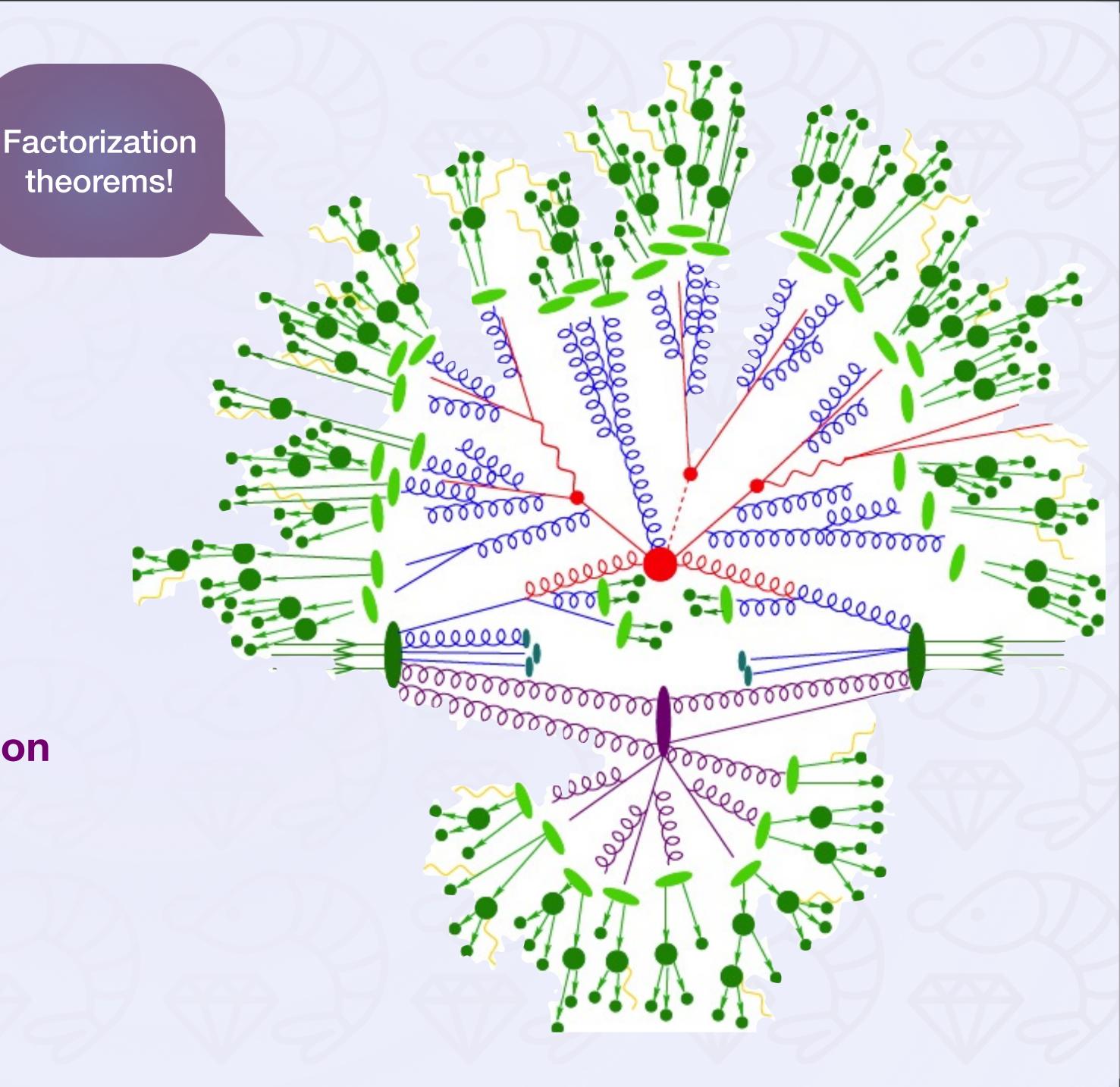
PP Collisions



PP collisions The Monte Carlo Way

Hard scattering

- **Parton shower**
- Hadronization
- Decays
- **Possibility of multi parton interaction**
- **Photon Emission**
- **Beam remnants**

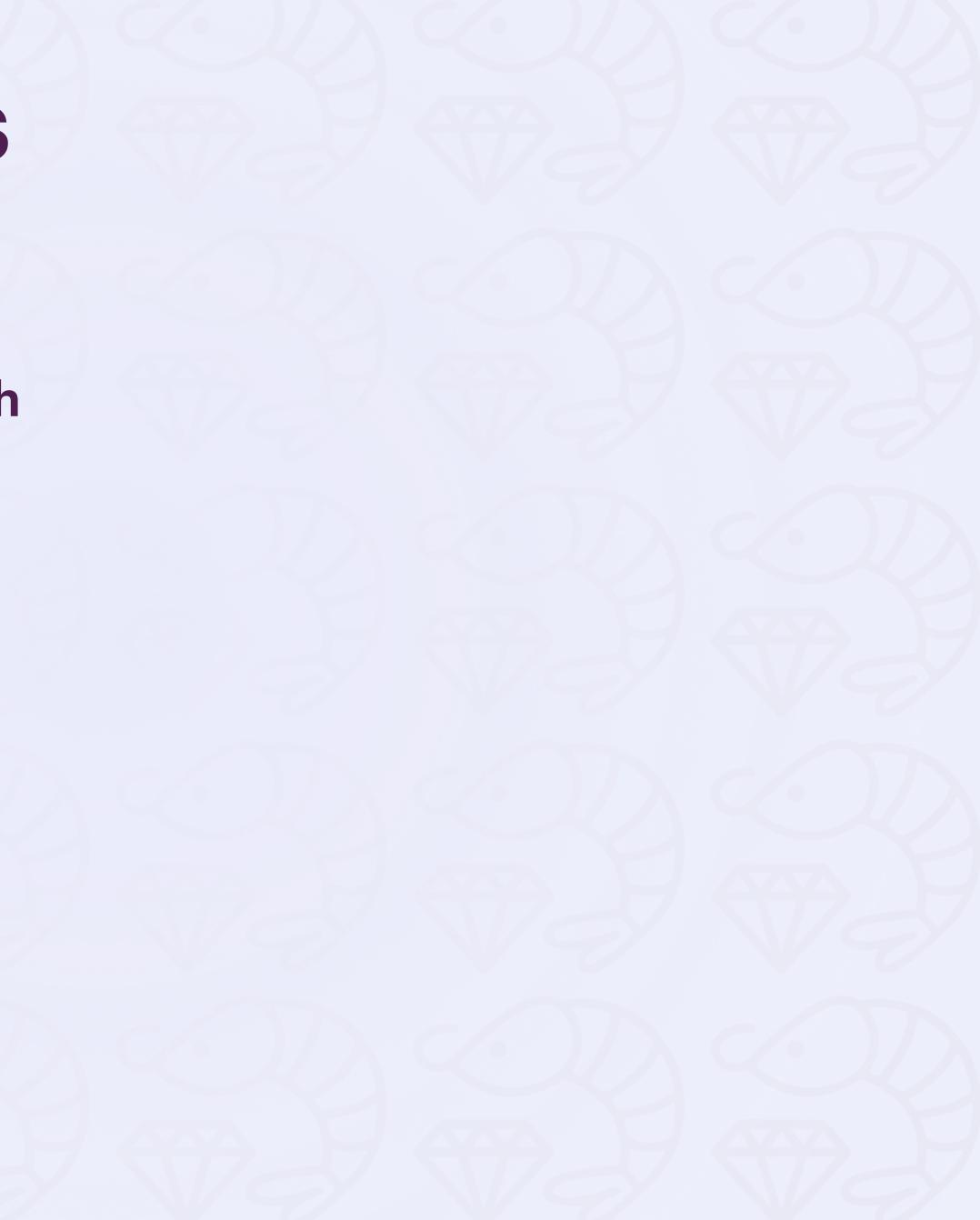


Monte Carlo Simulations

Heavy Ion Collisions



Overlapping pp collisions is not enough





Overlapping pp collisions is not enough A few attempts so far: Angantyr, EPOS (mixes hydro simulation and pythia), etc.



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 A few attempts so far: Angantyr, EPOS (mixes hydro simulation and pythia), etc.
 Still lacking a unique framework that can go naturally from pp to pA and AA in a coherent way:



Overlapping pp collisions is not enough
 A few attempts so far: Angantyr, EPOS (mixes hydro simulation and pythia), etc.
 Still lacking a unique framework that can go naturally from pp to pA and AA in a coherent way:

Ć



SHRiMPS for pp (in a nutshell!)

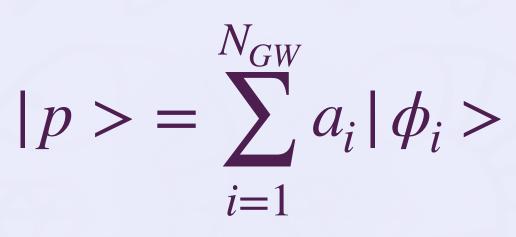
Soft and Hard Reactions Involving Multi Pomeron Scattering

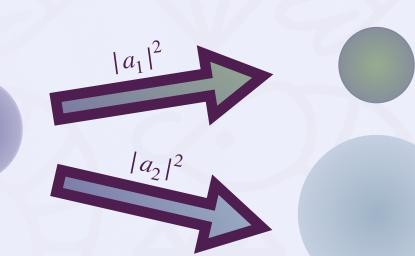


Protons are described as a superposition of Good-Walker states:

 $\frac{d\sigma_{tot}(Y)}{d\vec{B}_{\perp}}$

Total





Using optical theorem we can get differential cross sections in S-matrix formalism:

 $d\sigma_{\text{inel}}^{pp}(Y)$

 $d\overrightarrow{B}_{\parallel}$

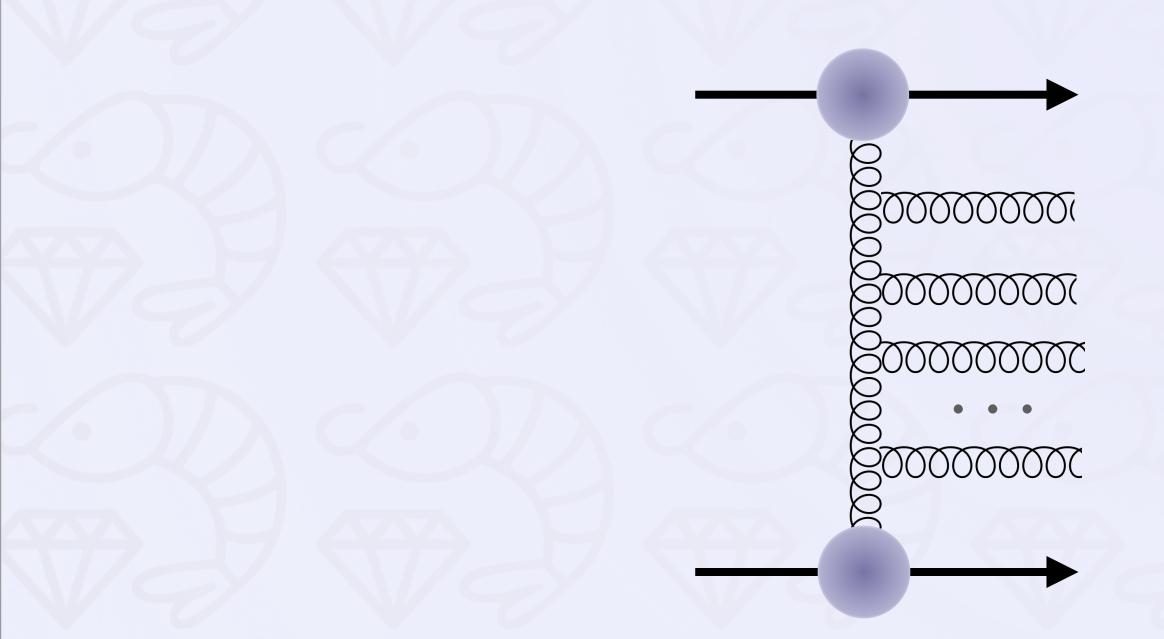
protons break up

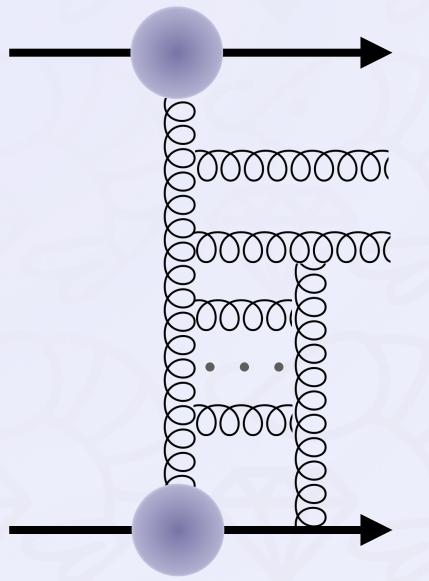
 $\frac{d\sigma_{QE}^{pp}(Y)}{d\overrightarrow{B}}$

protons just bounce off of each other or get excited



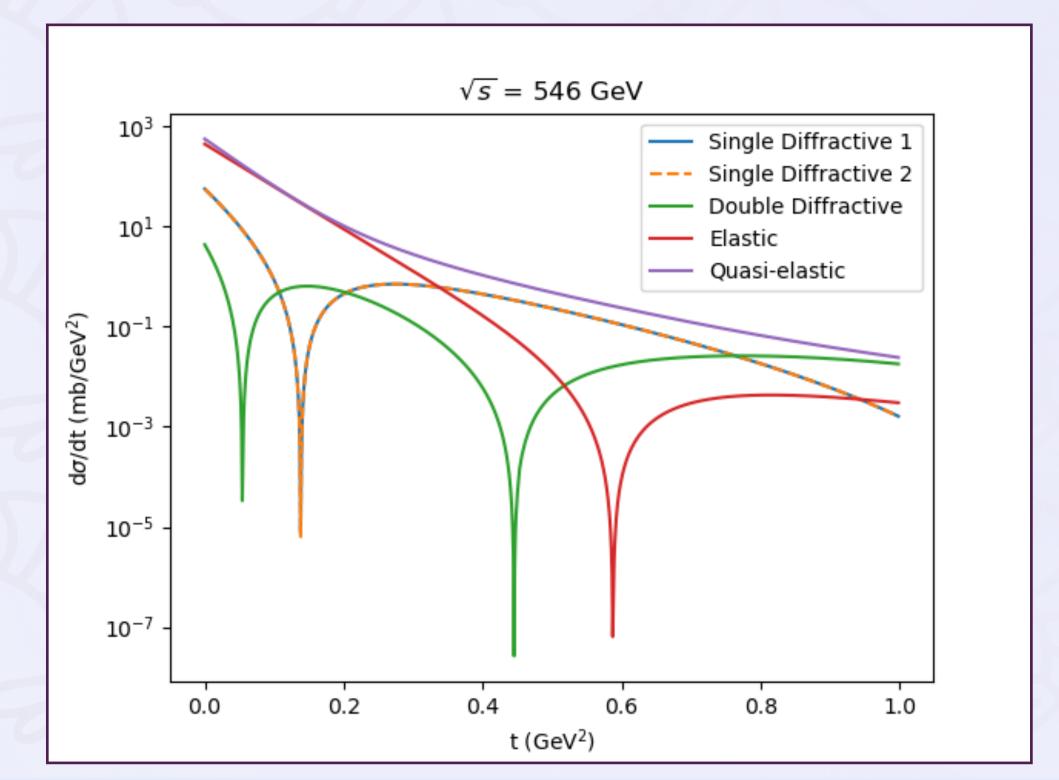
How to describe inelastic non-diffractive interactions in a nutshell:
 Protons exchange gluons that can emit or absorb other partons according to certain probabilities, e.g.:



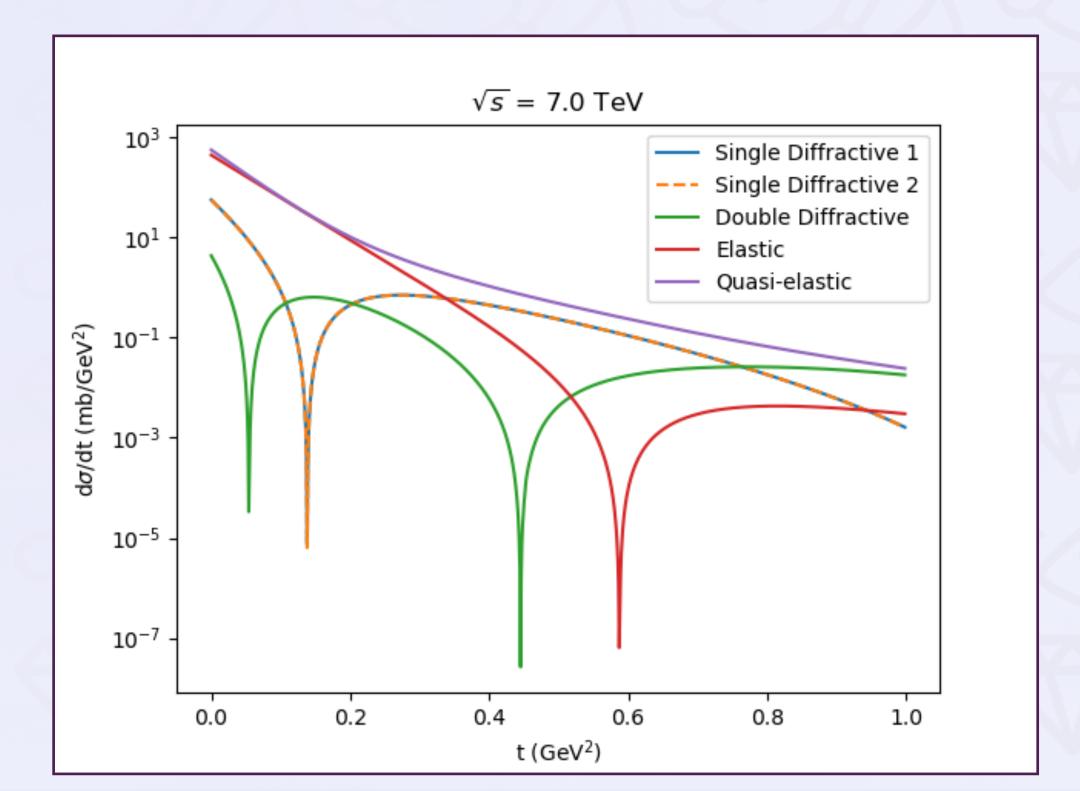


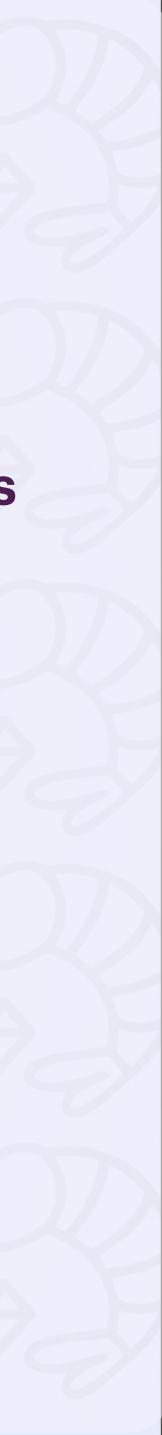


As for quasi elastic interactions, we can a function of $|t| = Q_{\perp}^2$:

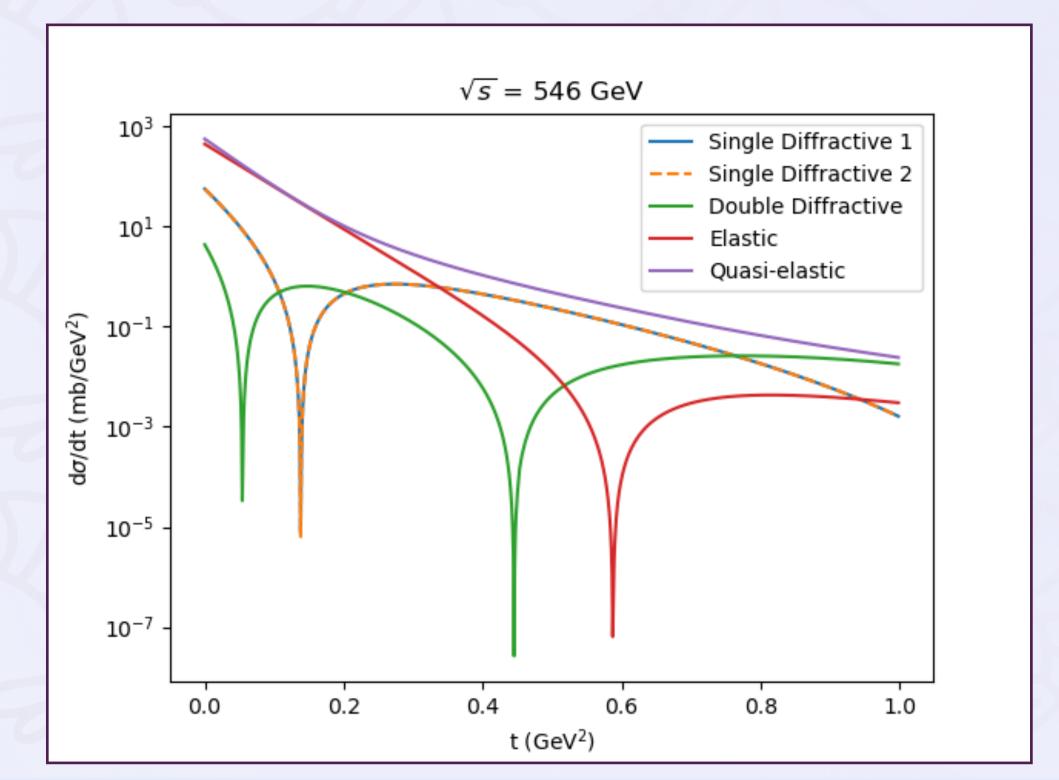


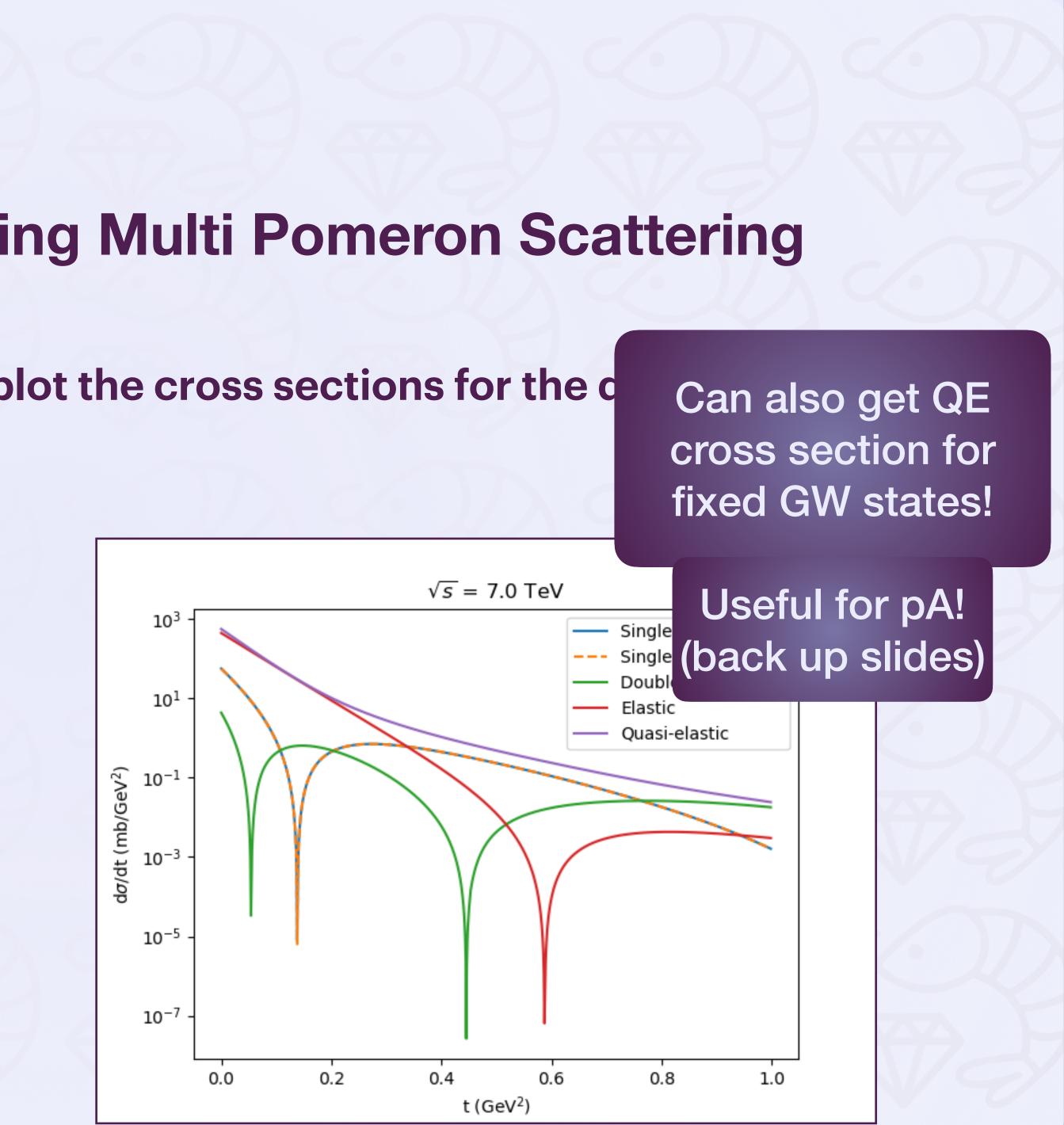
As for quasi elastic interactions, we can plot the cross sections for the different types as





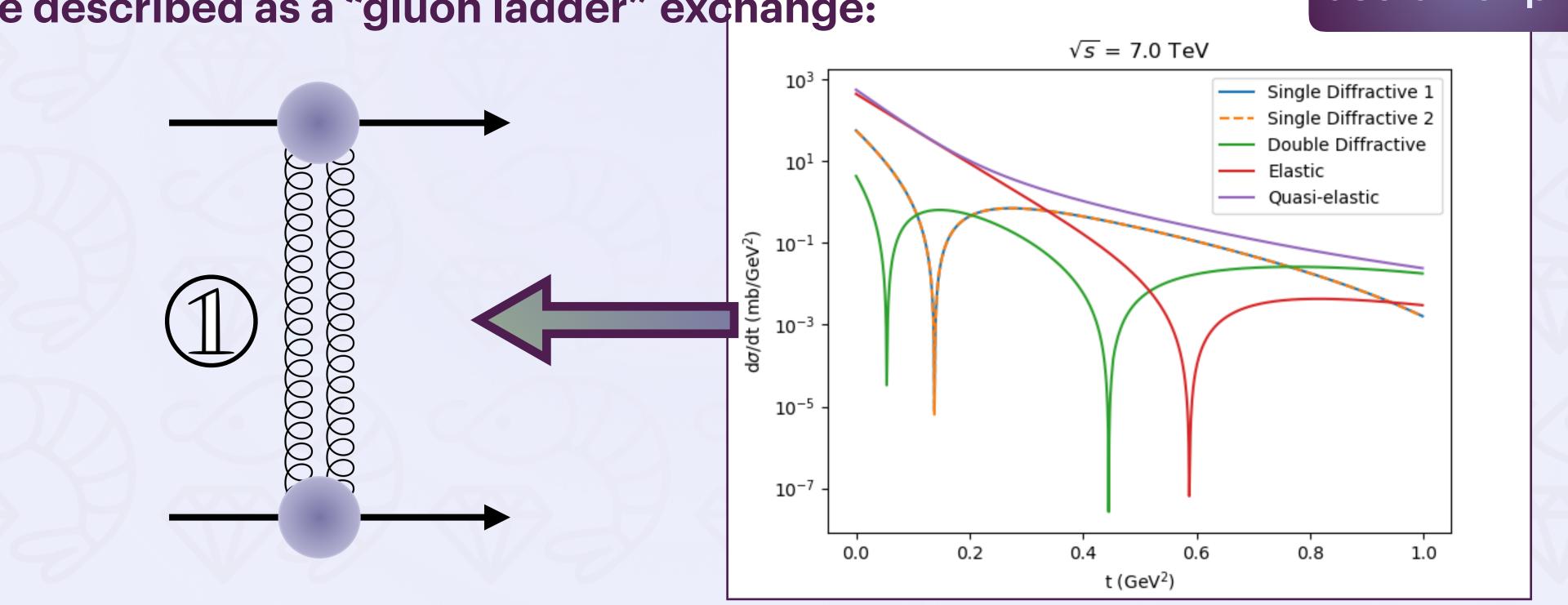
As for quasi elastic interactions, we can plot the cross sections for the c a function of $|t| = Q_{\perp}^2$:





As for quasi elastic interactions, we can a function of $|t| = Q_{\perp}^2$;

Can also be described as a "gluon ladder" exchange:



As for quasi elastic interactions, we can plot the cross sections for the different types as















SHRIMPS for pA

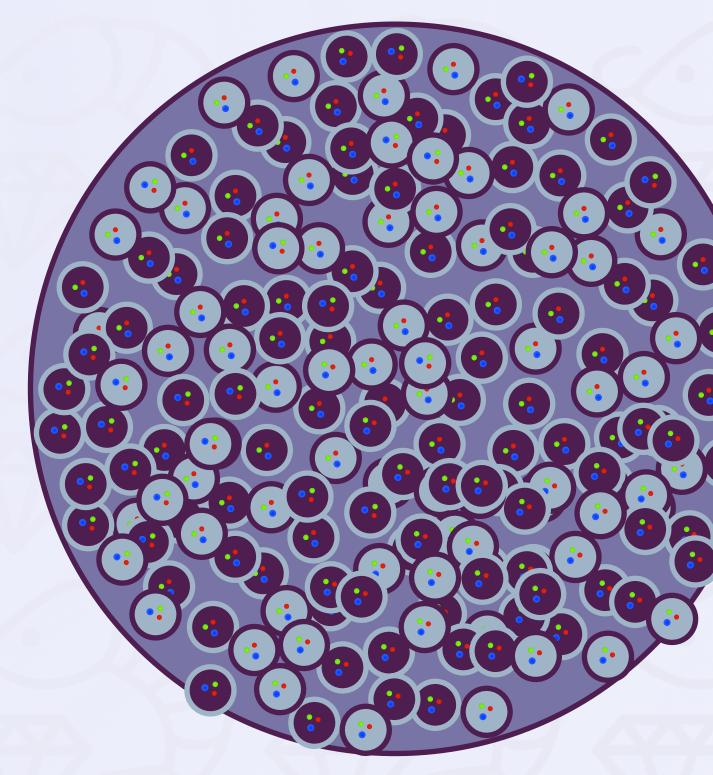
Glauber Model



SHRIMPS for pA collisions * **Glauber Model**

Now we can take a nucleus and distribute nucleons inside it



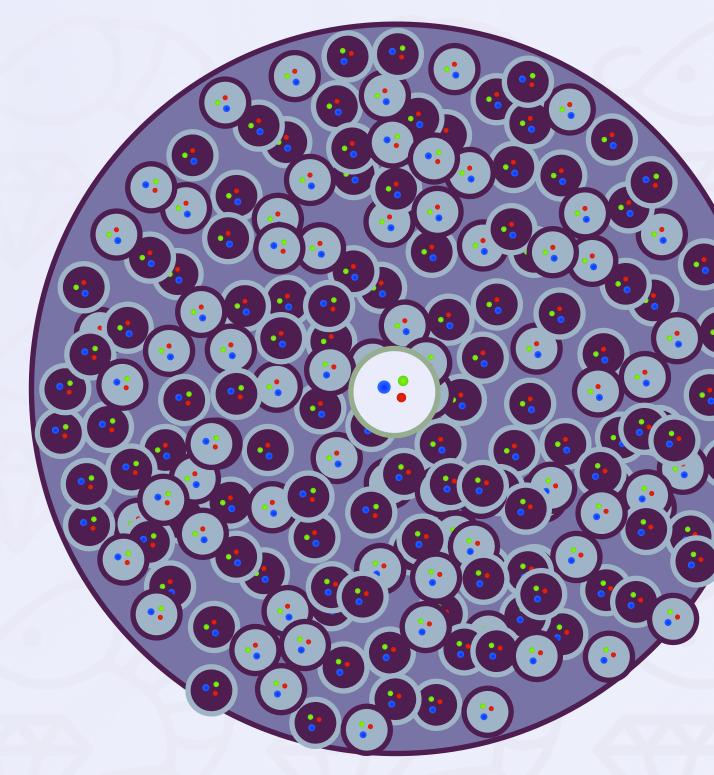




SHRIMPS for pA collisions * **Glauber Model**

Now we can take a nucleus and distribute nucleons inside it Shoot a proton on it



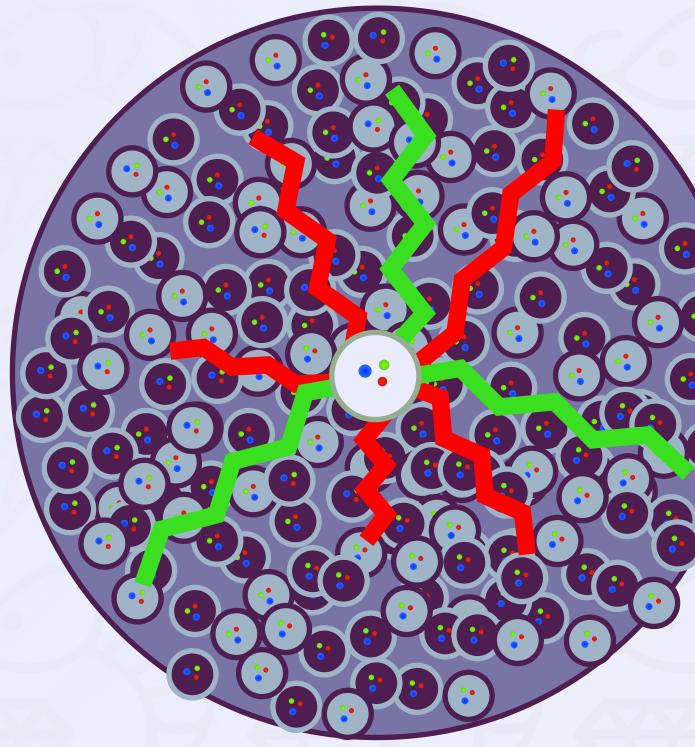




SHRIMPS for pA collisions **Glauber Model**

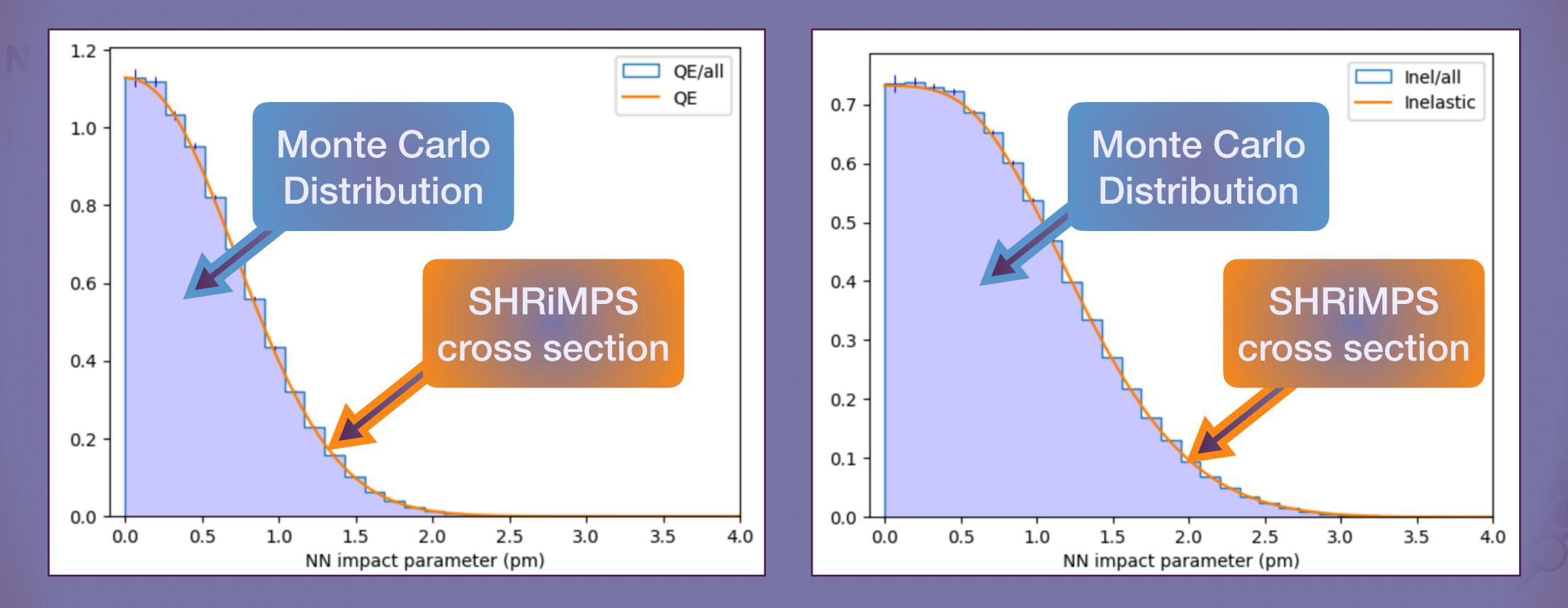
Now we can take a nucleus and distribute nucleons inside it Shoot a proton on it And ask our impact parameter dependent cross sections what kinds of ladders we should exchange with each of the nucleons







SHRIMPS for pA collisions Glaubor Model So far, we can obtain the correct distributions of quasi-elastic and inelastic events:



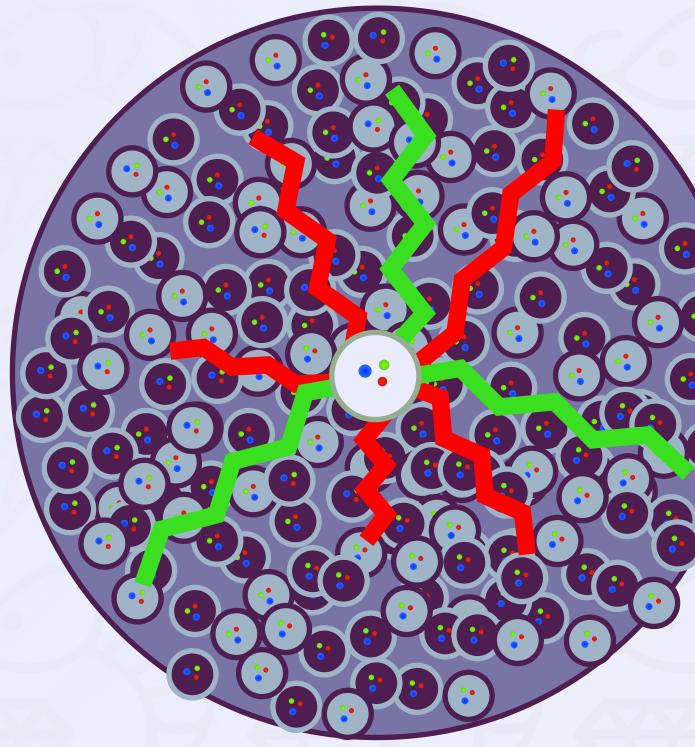




SHRIMPS for pA collisions **Glauber Model**

Now we can take a nucleus and distribute nucleons inside it Shoot a proton on it And ask our impact parameter dependent cross sections what kinds of ladders we should exchange with each of the nucleons **Glauber: done!**



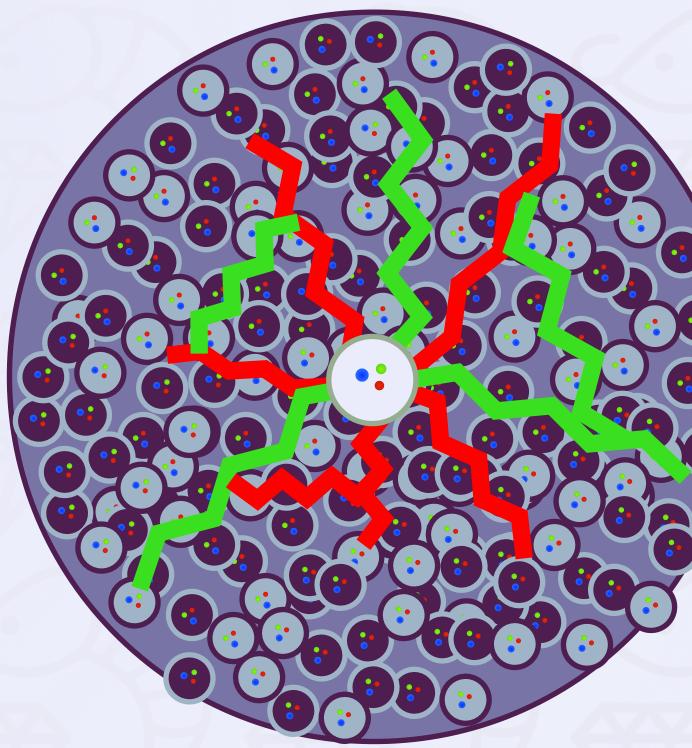




SHRIMPS for pA collisions **Heavy Ion Events**

Now we can take a nucleus and distribute nucleons inside it Shoot a proton on it And ask our impact parameter dependent cross sections what kinds of ladders we should exchange with each of the nucleons **Glauber: done!** We also want to allow for those ladders to rescatter and hopefully we can see collectivity effects!







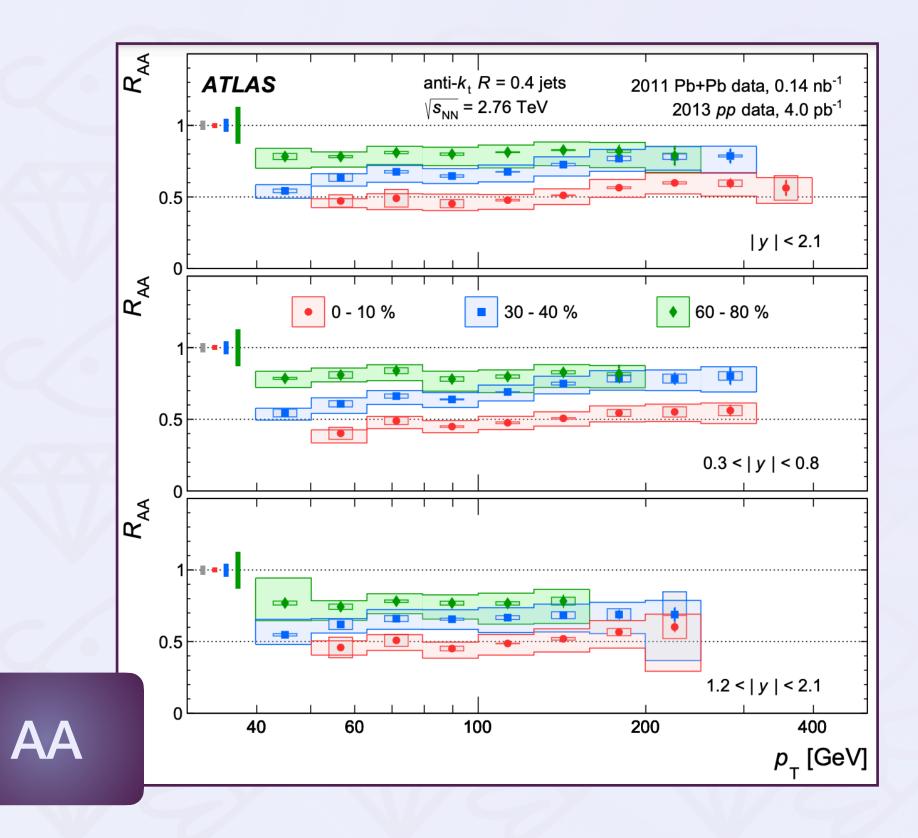
Tackling the puzzle of small systems from a different angle

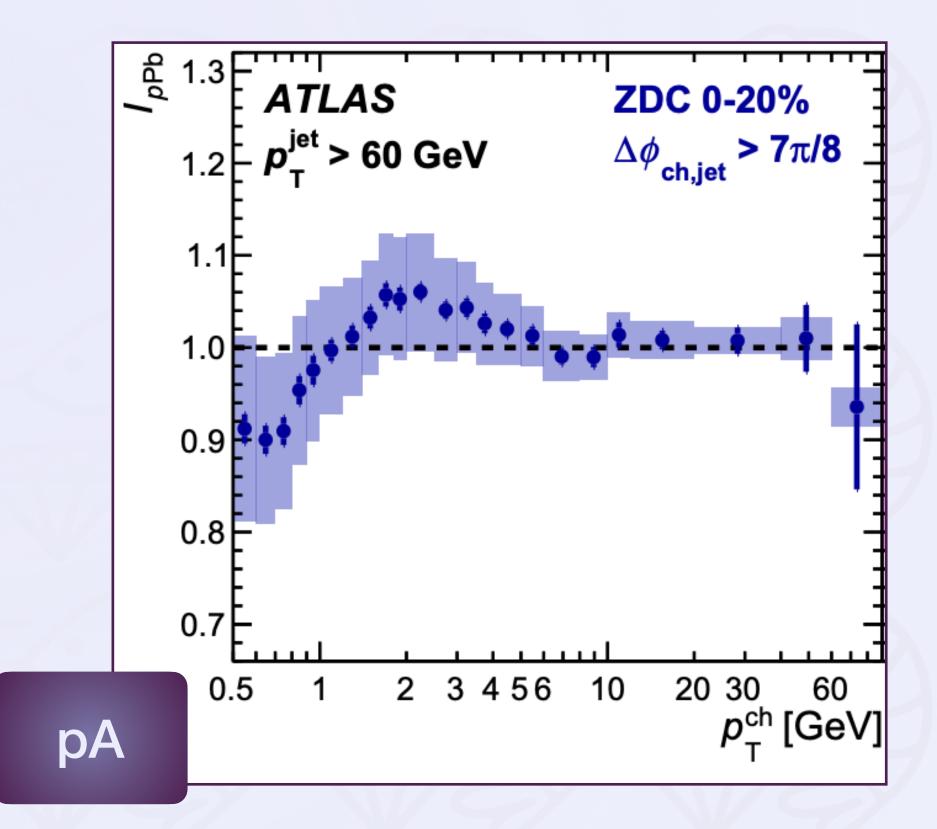




Jet quenching in small and large systems

Remember this intriguing issue?!

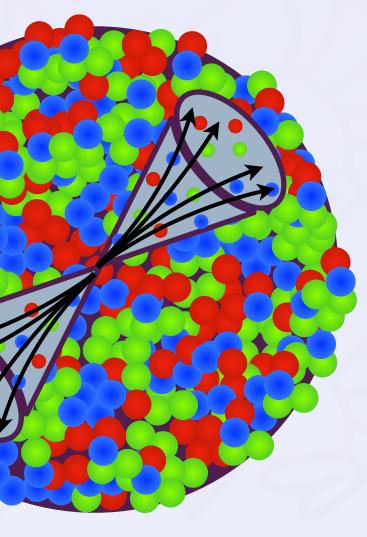








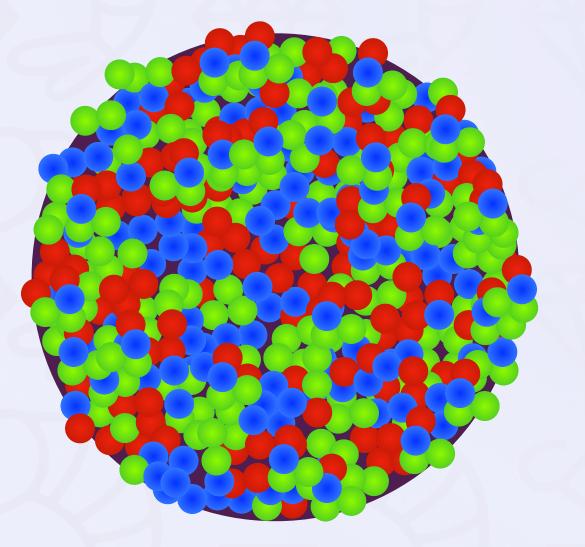
Another Monte Carlo event generator ♥ Virtuality ordered parton shower (simulates jet evolution) The medium is formed by a collection of partons The Medium interaction described with $2 \rightarrow 2$ matrix elements in pQCD





CLet's investigate it with a very simplified model for a medium:

Gluon brick



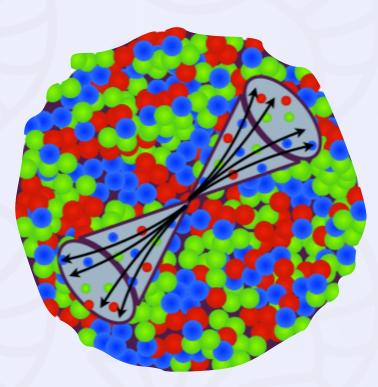
With a fixed temperature...

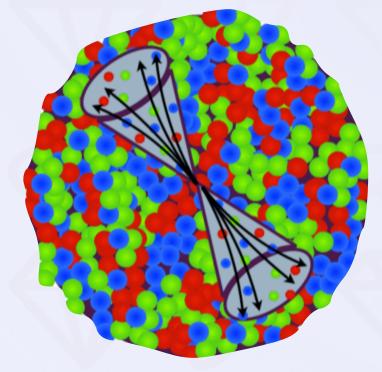
... a fixed density...

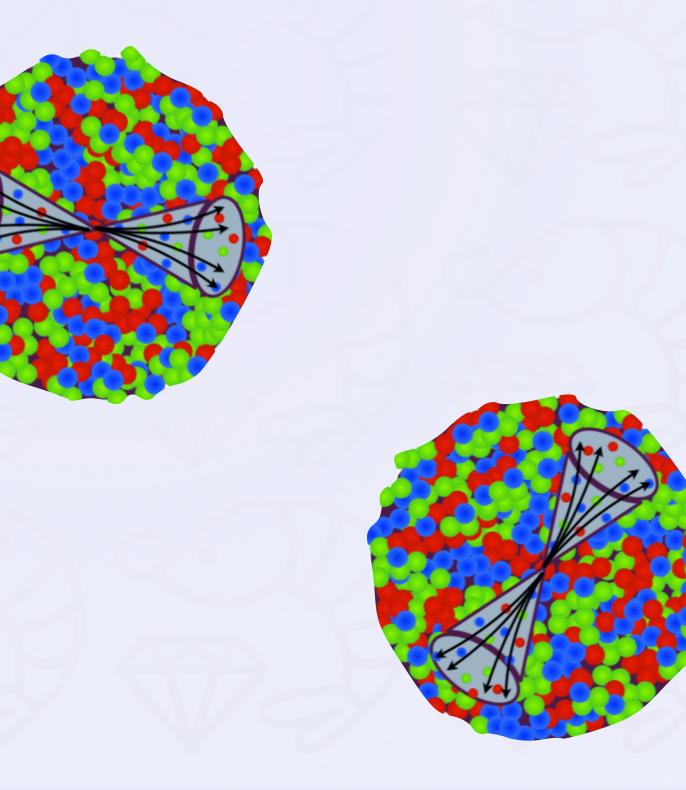
...and a fixed radius!

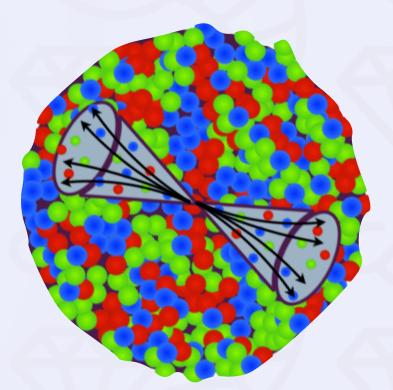


CLet's investigate it with a very simplified model for a medium; Then we look at different jets evolving inside this medium:



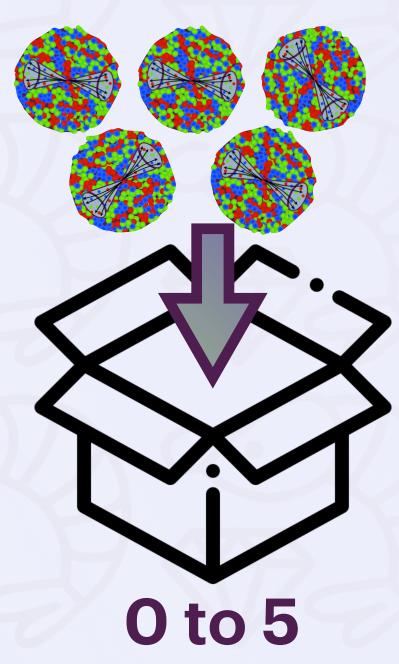


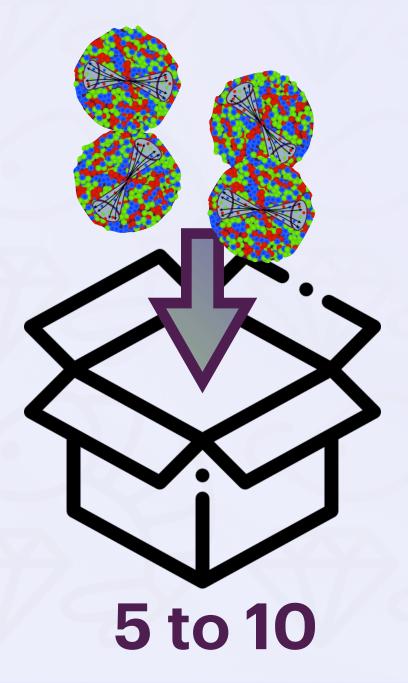


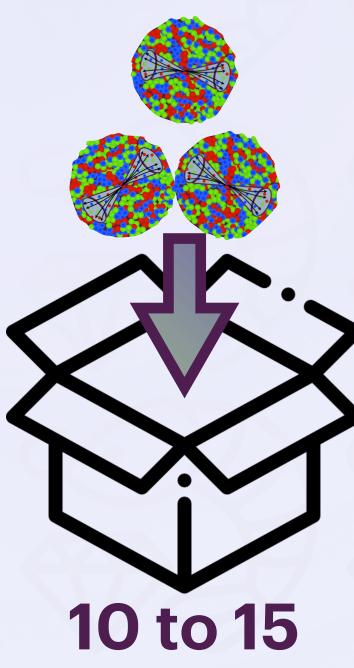


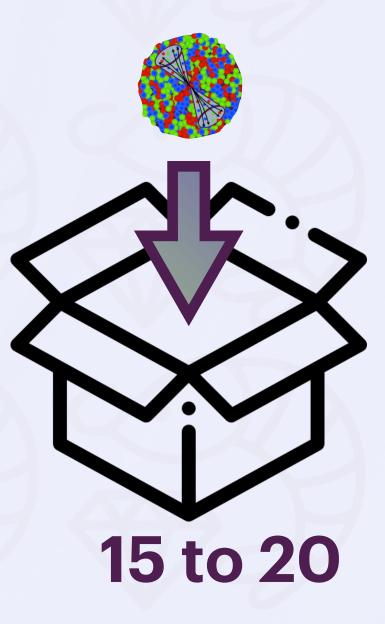


Let's investigate it with a very simplified model for a medium;
Then we look at different jets evolving inside this medium;
And then we bin them in number of jet-medium interactions:











CLet's investigate it with a very simplified model for a medium; Then we look at different jets evolving inside this medium; Finally, we look at different observables and how they vary in the different bins!

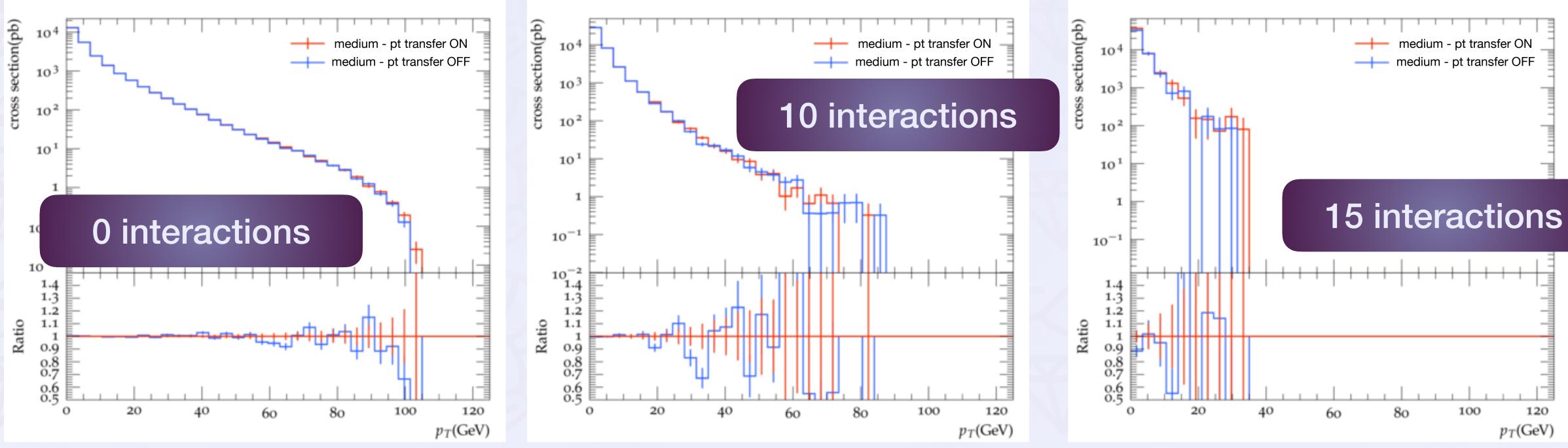






JEWEL 🗇 **Jet RAA**

jet quenching



So far, results show that it takes more than ~15 jet-medium interactions to see signs of



Conclusions and outlook

- SHRIMPS for pA (and AA 🤞) is under construction!
- It will contain effect that can hopefully described experimental observations of collectivity and other effects in a unique and coherent framework from pp to AA
- Opacity expansion studies will shine light on how much jet-medium interaction is necessary for observables to be affected
- The will look into RAA as well as collective flow observables (v_2)



Thank you!



Back up slides

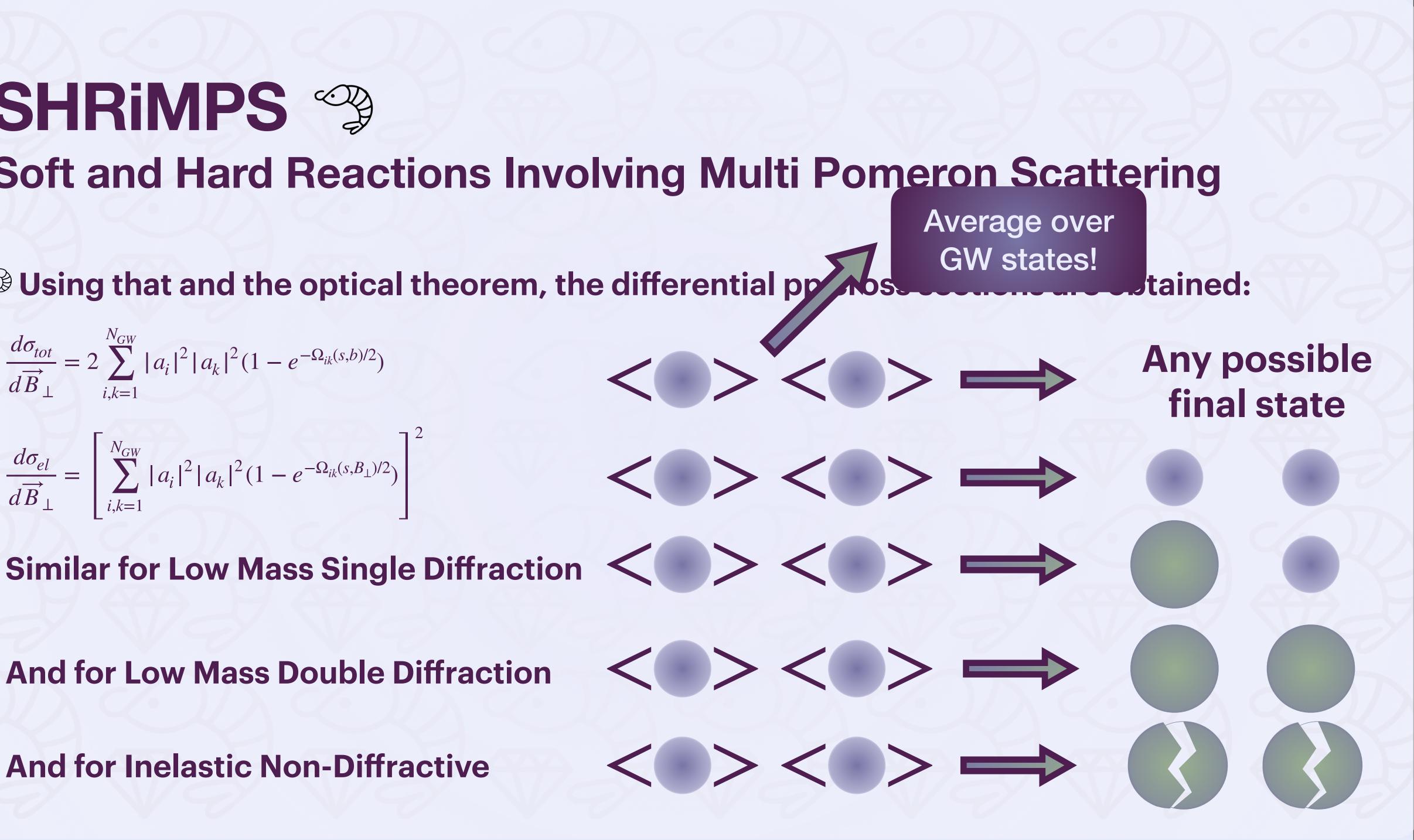


Using that and the optical theorem, the differential proba

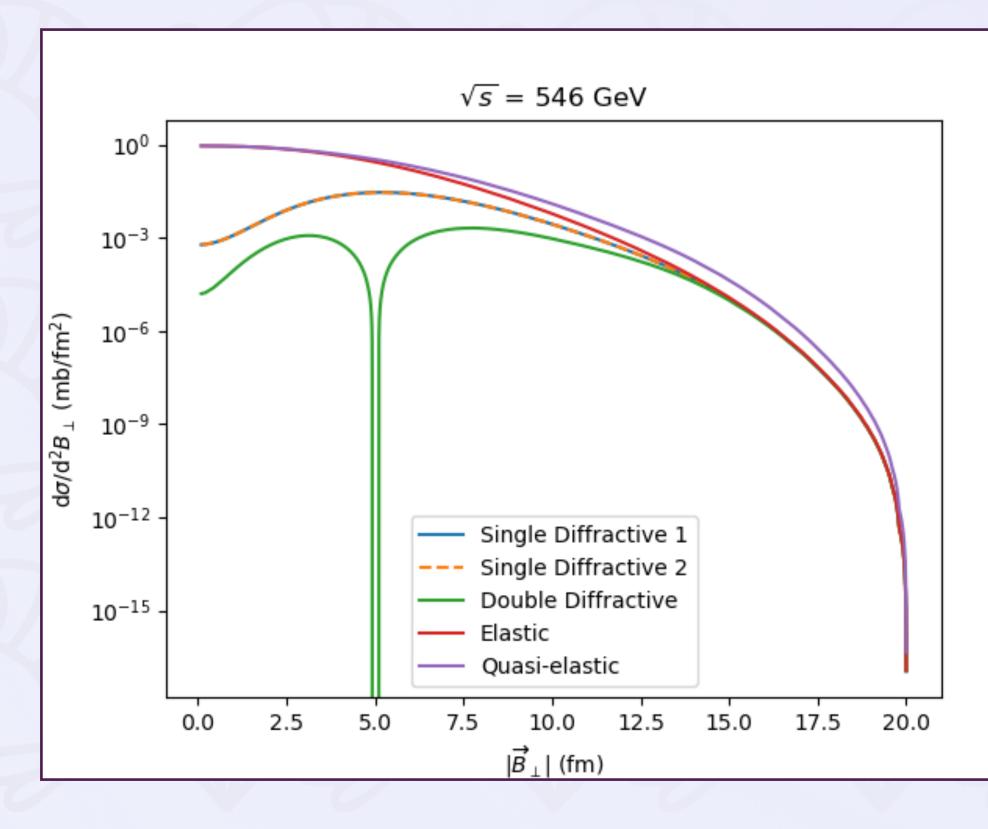
$$\frac{d\sigma_{tot}}{d\vec{B}_{\perp}} = 2\sum_{i,k=1}^{N_{GW}} |a_i|^2 |a_k|^2 (1 - e^{-\Omega_{ik}(s,b)/2})$$
$$\frac{d\sigma_{el}}{d\vec{B}_{\perp}} = \left[\sum_{i,k=1}^{N_{GW}} |a_i|^2 |a_k|^2 (1 - e^{-\Omega_{ik}(s,B_{\perp})/2})\right]^2$$

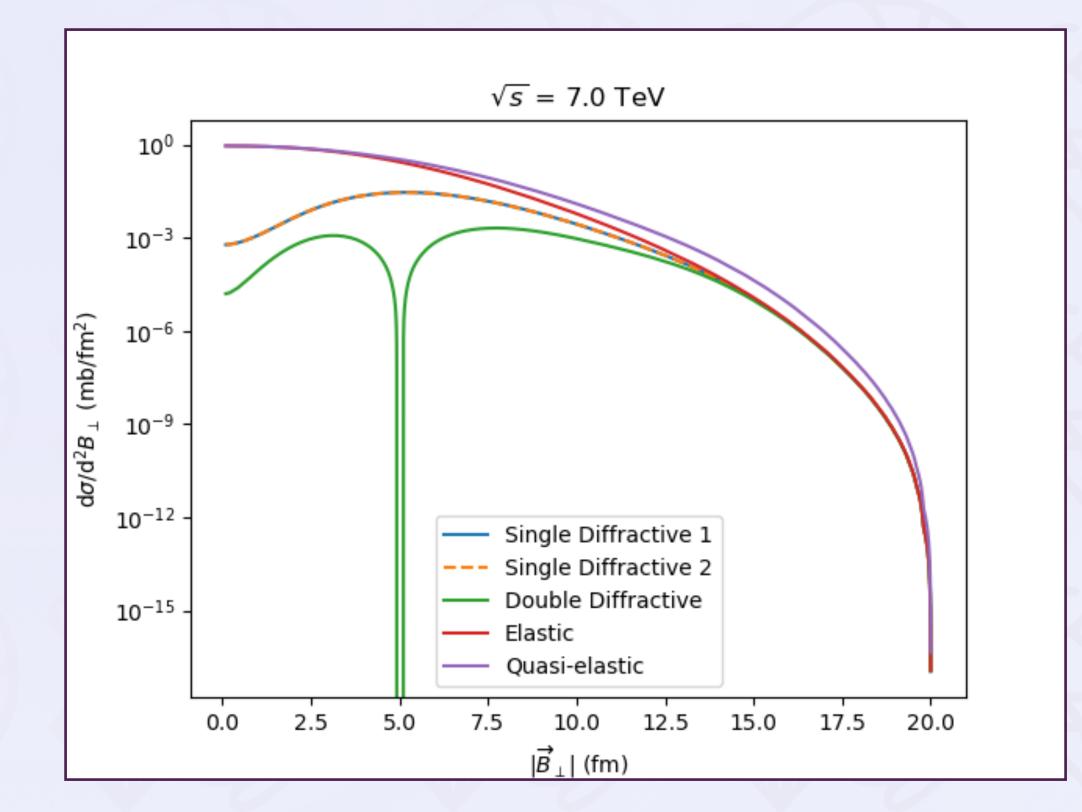
And for Low Mass Double Diffraction

And for Inelastic Non-Diffractive



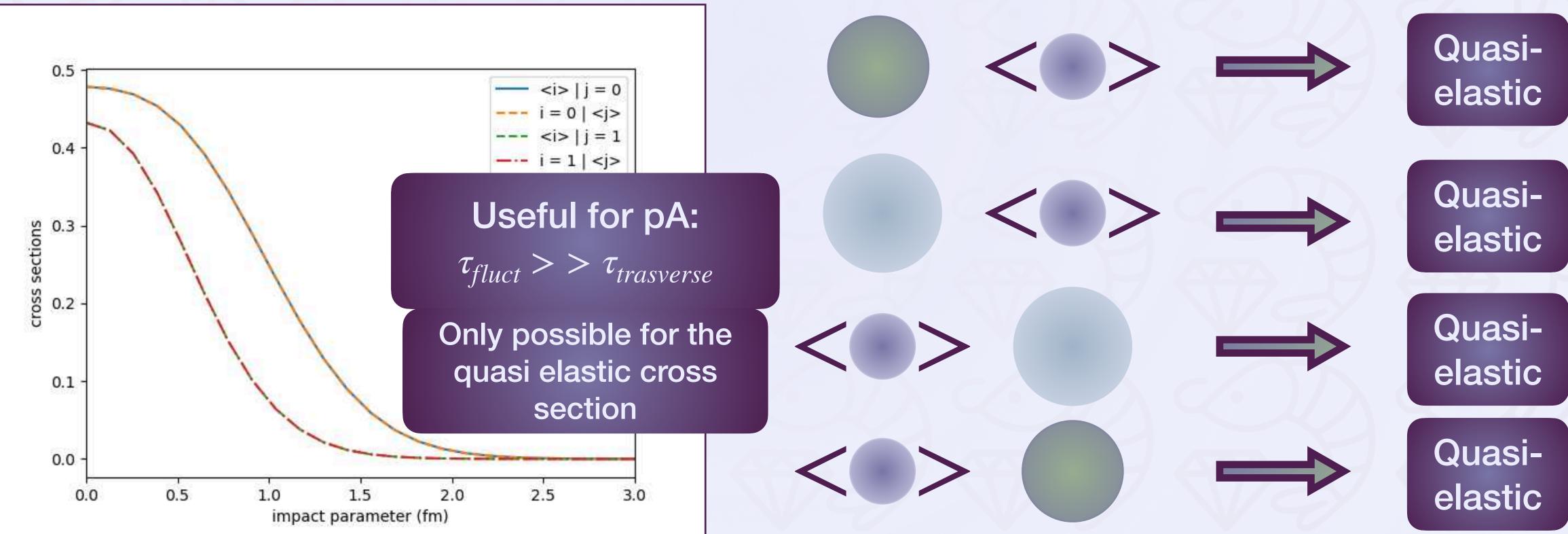
³ The quasi elastic (elastic or low mass diffractive) cross sections as functions of impact parameter are:







in a fixed Good Walker state!!



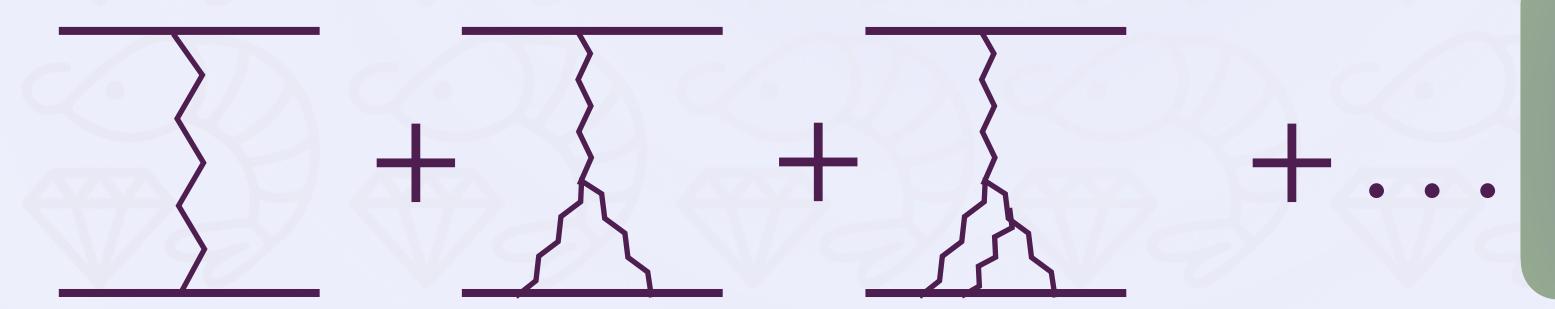
We can also obtain the quasi elastic cross section when one of the incoming protons is

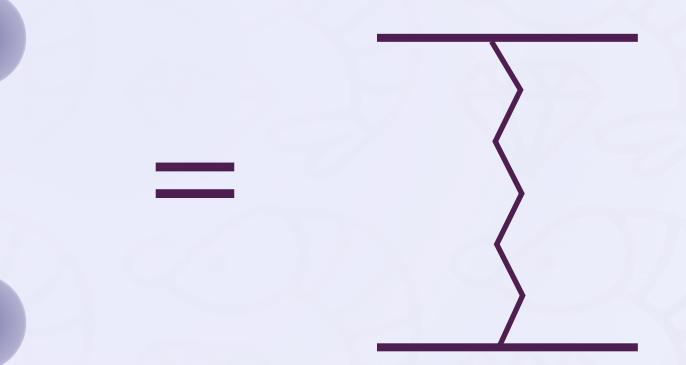
As for inelastic non-diffractive interactions... One can write probabilities for gluon emission per unit rapidity...

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... and absorption, such that one can obtain diagrams as:





OBS: in SHRiMPS we generate the cut diagrams directly

Can obtain high mass diffraction or rescattering depending on how to cut the diagram

