

# A more exclusive handle on strangeness enhancement

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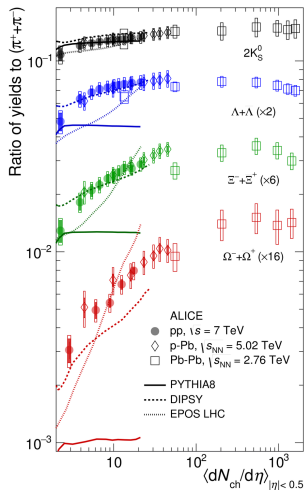
Lund University / University of Copenhagen

October 23, 2018  
CLASH idea day



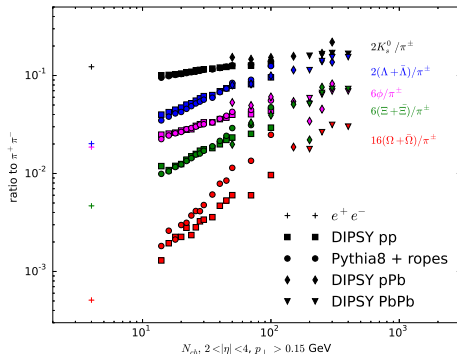
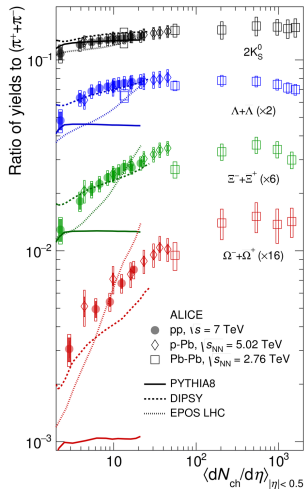
# Question: What is the handle that turns collectivity on?

- We already know, right? It's  $dN/dy|_{y=0}$ .
- Today: An idea to probing its microscopic nature.



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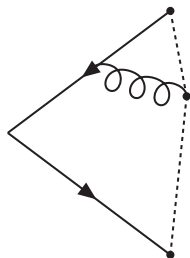
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- Today: An idea to probing its microscopic nature.



- (Much is recycled from LightUP CERN 2018)

# Hadronization in pp: Lund strings (See e.g. hep-ph/0603175)

- Non-perturbative phase of final state.
- Confined colour fields  $\approx$  *strings* with tension  $\kappa \approx 1$  GeV/fm.



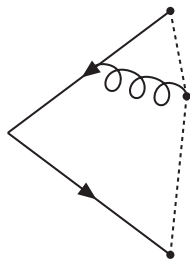
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## Lund symmetric fragmentation function

$$f(z) \propto z^{-1}(1-z)^a \exp\left(\frac{-bm_{\perp}}{z}\right).$$

$a$  and  $b$  related to total multiplicity.



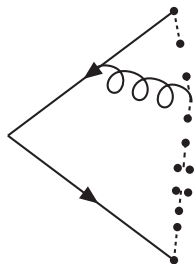
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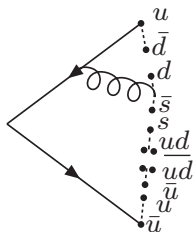
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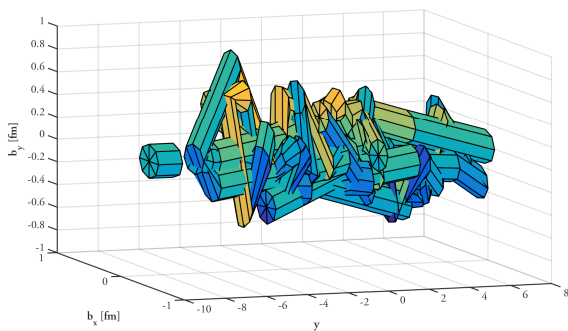
## Light flavours determined by relative probabilities

$$\rho = \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{strange}}}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{u or d}}}, \xi = \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{diquark}}}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{quark}}}$$

Probabilities related to  $\kappa$  by Schwinger equation.

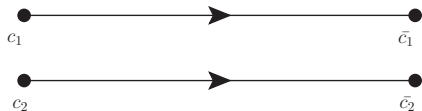
# Ropes build on a space time picture

- If strings are colour fields with colour ends...
- ...then they should be able to act coherently

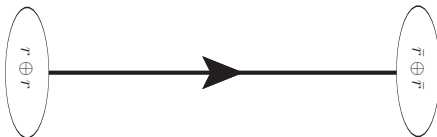




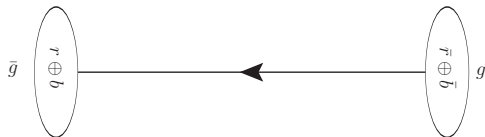
# Simple example



Case (a),  $c_1 = c_2$  :



Case (b),  $c_1 \neq c_2$  :



## DIPSY/Pythia – Rope Hadronization (JHEP 1503 (2015) 148)

- Triplet strings ( $p$  and  $q$ ) overlaps in space.
- Combines into *multiplet* with effective string tension  $\tilde{\kappa}$ .

Effective string tension from the lattice

$$\kappa \propto C_2 \Rightarrow \frac{\tilde{\kappa}}{\kappa_0} = \frac{C_2(\text{multiplet})}{C_2(\text{singlet})}.$$

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Easily calculable using SU(3) recursion relations

$$\{p, q\} \otimes \vec{3} = \{p+1, q\} \oplus \{p, q+1\} \oplus \{p, q-1\}$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \square \end{array} \otimes \begin{array}{c} \square \\ \square \end{array} \otimes \dots \otimes \begin{array}{c} \square \\ \square \end{array}}_{\text{All anti-triplets}} \otimes \underbrace{\square \otimes \square \otimes \dots \otimes \square}_{\text{All triplets}}$$

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- Transform to  $\tilde{\kappa} = \frac{2p+q+2}{4}\kappa_0$  and  $2N = (p+1)(q+1)(p+q+2)$ .
- $N$  serves as a state's weight in the random walk.

# Old idea – new in PS event generators

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- As well as the ones I forgot.

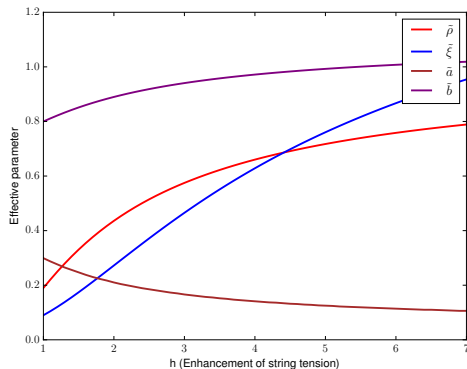
# Effect on parameters

- Parameters:

$\rho$  strangeness.

$\xi$  diquarks / baryons.

$a, b$  multiplicity through fragmentation function.

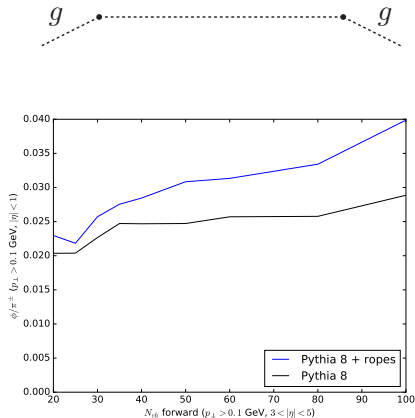




# The importance of $\phi$ production

## Very interesting new data!

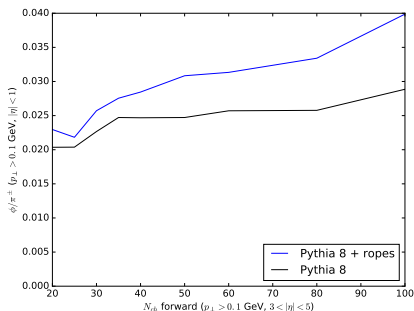
- The  $\phi$  is an excellent laboratory for strangeness effects.
- Two  $s$ -breaks means squared suppression and added sensitivity.



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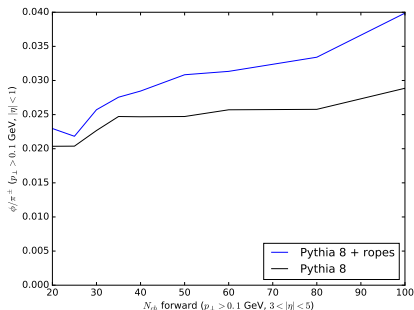
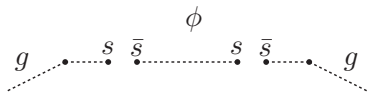
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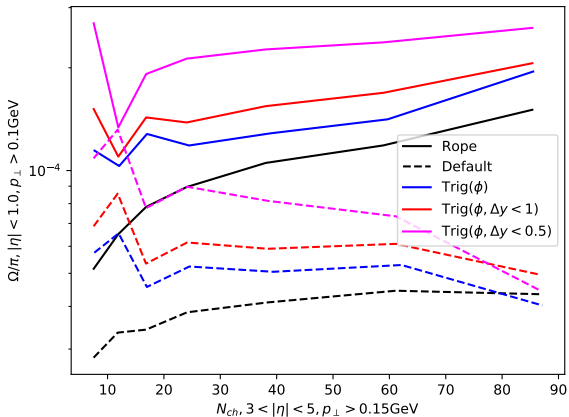
# Assessing the smallest QGP droplet (CLASH project?)

- We can do better than inclusive rates.
- Accessing longitudinal (rapidity) structure: Correlation measurements.
- Consider ropes in a  $\phi$ -triggered event.
  - ① Even in  $e^+e^-$  we bias to more strange production,
  - ② In pp we can assess the difference wrt. default strings.
  - ③ Moving closer to the  $\phi$  production rapidity gives larger string tension.
- Statistics hungry analysis – something for HL-LHC?

# Preliminary: pp @ 13 TeV (Pythia8 + ropes)

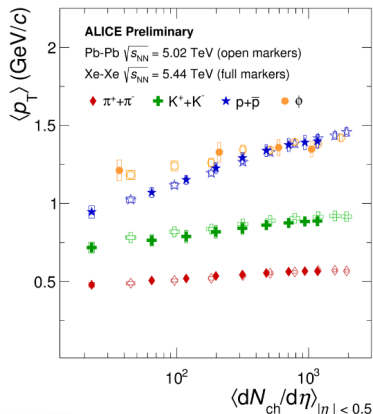
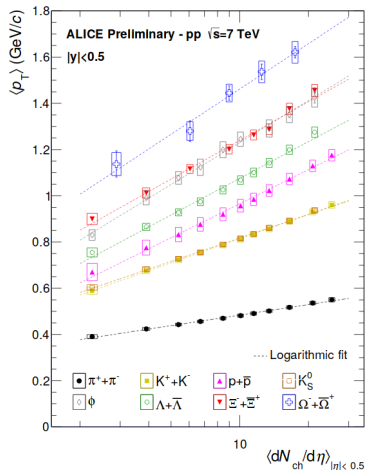
- Input for discussion:

- 1 Sensible measurement?
- 2 What does thermal models say?
- 3 Can we remove the neighbor bias? (require neighbor etc.)



# Similar effect on $\langle p_{\perp} \rangle$ ?

- Is this also why  $\langle p_{\perp} \rangle$  for  $\phi$  deviates from protons? (1808.05823)
- Effect even larger in pp. (1604.06736)



ALICE-PHKL-158289

It's almost as if...

