

Rivet for Heavy Ions

introduction & tutorial

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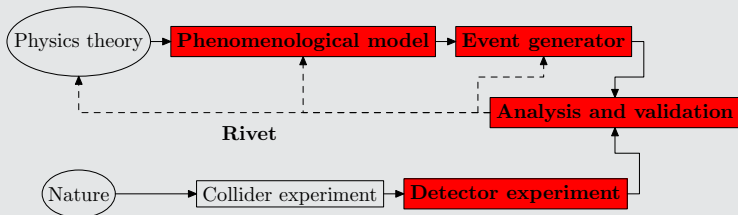


Before we start...

- Prepare your laptops for the tutorial while I talk.
- if experienced with rivet:
 1. Download the latest version of Rivet from <https://rivet.hepforge.org/>.
 2. Remember to also upgrade YODA from <https://yoda.hepforge.org/>.
 3. Run with your favourite generator.
- else:
 1. Download and install VirtualBox from <https://www.virtualbox.org/>.
 2. Load up the VM distributed on usb-sticks.
 3. Username: mcnet, password: jetset.
 4. Rivet 2.7.0 and Pythia 8.240 installed (+ dependencies).
 5. Also contains small prerun samples in HepMC format.

- Analysis system for Monte Carlo events. (Buckley *et. al.*: arXiv:1003.0694.)
 1. Data preservation.
 2. Monte Carlo validation.
- Generator independent, HepMC events, many analysis tools.
- C++ library with analyses as "plugins", optimally written by the analyser.

The bigger picture



What is a "rivet analysis"?

- Unfolded data + analysis code.
- Data and code is delivered in a format such that one can easily compare to a HepMC compatible generator.
- Simple example `ALICE_2010_I880049.cc`.

Rivet for heavy ions

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 - Lack of common interest (few MCs for HI).
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That has changed!

- ◇ Experimental community:
pilot project lead by J. F. Grosse-Oetringhaus, P. Karczmarczyk, J. Klein (ALICE: CERN).
- ◇ MC community:
efforts by C. Bierlich, L. Lönnblad (Pythia, DIPSY: Lund).
- ◇ Efforts joined 2018:
supported by Rivet core group and University of Copenhagen,
resulting in release 2.7.0.

1. Centrality selection → analysis options.
2. Comparing to pp → re-entrant finalize.
3. Flow observables → generic framework.
4. Several shorthand projections for specific experiments.
5. 20 new analyses using these features, pp , pPb , $AuAu$ and $PbPb$.

Centrality selection

- Centrality is ubiquitous, but not directly measurable.
- Experiment: Forward particle production/energy flow as proxy.
Cannot always be unfolded.
- MC: Not always feasible to fold prediction with "forward central" correlation.

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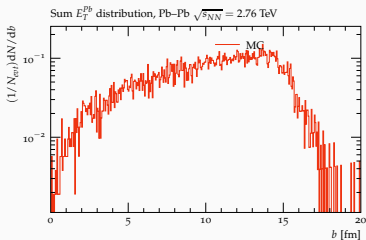
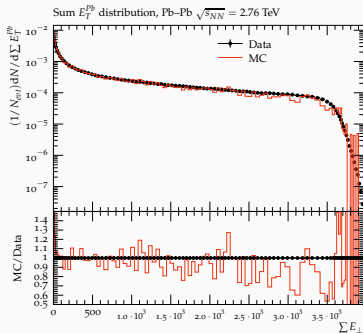
Solution: Users' choice between several options

1. Experimental measure (if existing).
2. Generated version of experimental measure.
3. Impact parameter distribution.
4. MC supplies centrality number.

- Three letter requires a "calibration run".

Centrality selection, calibration

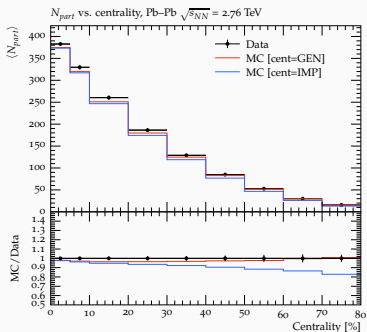
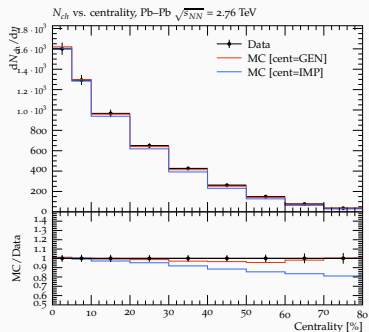
- Example calibration: ATLAS_PBPB_CENTRALITY.
- (data points extracted from paper, not unfolded).



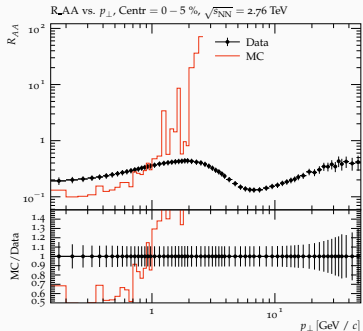
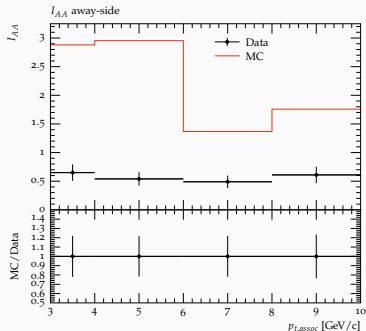
- Generated histograms are preloaded into Rivet: new preload option.

Centrality and Rivet options + live demo

- New Rivet functionality: Analysis options, selected at run time.
- Run the same analysis, with different options.
- Example: ALICE_2010_I880049.
- Live demo: ATLAS_pPb_Calib and ATLAS_2015_I1386475.



Ratios to pp – "nuclear modification factors"



ALICE_2012_I930312, ALICE_2012_I1127497.

New feature: rivet-merge

1. Read in histogram files, and re-generate analysis objects (must be .yoda streamable).
2. Run void finalize() again.

Flow observables – generic framework

- Piecewise inclusion of HI observables, first: Flow coefficients and cumulants.
- Generic framework (the flow equivalent of FastJet!) and add-ons implemented. ([1010.0233](#), [1312.4572](#)).
- Functionality, calculate any $\langle\langle M \rangle\rangle_{m,n}$.
- Automatic subtraction of lower orders and error calculation.

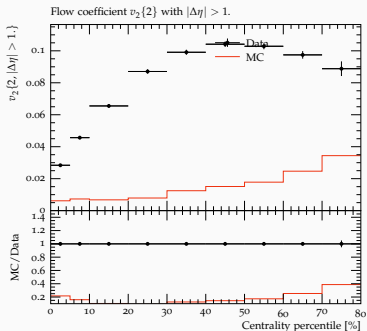
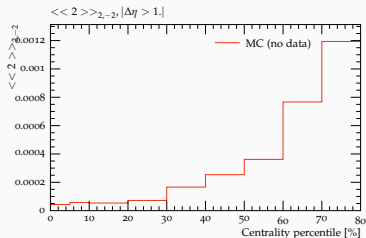
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```
1      hc24 = bookScatter2D("c24",120,0,120);
2      ec22 = bookECorrelator<2,2>("ec22",hc22);
3      ec24 = bookECorrelator<2,4>("ec24",hc24);
4      ...
5      ec22->fill(...);
6      ec24->fill(...);
7      ...
8      // c_n{4} = <<4>>_{n,-n} - 2 * <<2>>_{n,-n}
9      cnFourInt(hc24, ec22, ec24);
```

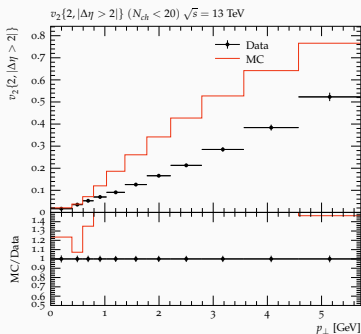
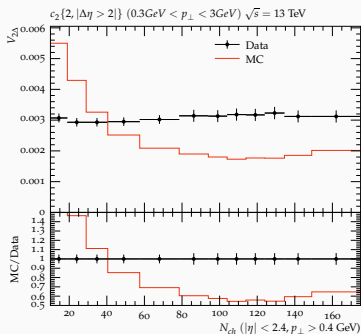
Sample results

- Some HI analyses implemented, here: ALICE_2016_I1419244.
- Correlators and cumulants can be plotted, also without data.
- Data not well reproduced by this MC.



Perspective: HI methods in pp (CMS: Evidence for collectivity in pp collisions at the LHC)

- Heavy ion methods also available for pp analyses.
- Allows for new types pp analyses in Rivet.
- Example: CMS_2017_I1471287.



- (subtraction procedures still unclear – analyser help needed!)

Reference: List of analyses

Analyses with data:

ALICE_2010_1880049, PbPb: [Multiplicity](#)
ALICE_2012_1127497, PbPb: [Nuclear mod. factor](#)
ALICE_2012_1930312, PbPb: [Di-hadron correlations](#)
ALICE_2012_I1126966, PbPb: [\$\pi\$, \$K\$, \$p\$](#)
ALICE_2013_I1225979, PbPb: [Multiplicity](#)
ALICE_2014_I1243865, PbPb: [Multistrange baryons](#)
ALICE_2014_I1244523, pPb: [Multistrange baryons](#)
ALICE_2015_PBPBCentrality, PbPb: [Energy flow](#)
ALICE_2016_I1394676, PbPb: [Multiplicity](#)
ALICE_2016_I1419244, PbPb: [Flow](#)
ALICE_2016_I1471838, pp: [Multistrange baryons](#)
ALICE_2016_I1507090, PbPb: [Multiplicity](#)
ALICE_2016_I1507157, pp: [Particle correlations](#)
ATLAS_2015_I1386475, pPb: [Multiplicity](#)
ATLAS_PBPB_CENTRALITY, PbPb: [Energy flow](#)
ATLAS_2015_I1360290, PbPb: [Mult + spectra](#)
ATLAS_pPb_Calib, pPb: [Energy flow](#)
BRAHMS_2004_I647076, AuAu: [\$\pi\$, \$K\$, \$p\$](#)
CMS_2017_I1471287, pp: [Flow](#)
LHCF_2016_I1385877, pPb: [Forward region \$p_{\perp}\$](#)
STAR_2016_I1414638, AuAu: [Flow](#)

Analyses without data:

ALICE_2015_PP_Centrality, Any: [Calibration](#)
BRAHMS_2004_CENTRALITY, Any: [Calibration](#)
STAR_BES_CALIB, Any: [Calibration](#)
MC_Cent_pPb_Calib, Any: [Calib. example](#)
MC_Cent_pPb_Eta, Any: [Calib. + mult example](#)
MC_OPTIONS, Any: [Analysis options example](#)
MC_REENTRANT, Any: [Reentrant finalize example](#)

What should I do now? (instead of a summary)

- This is a hands-on session, so you should get your hands dirty!
- We can stay here for a long time, pizza dinner provided.
- Use google doc (CLICKME!) to coordinate.

I am new to all this!

Use the virtual machine, and run a couple of analyses.

Possible goal: Using the demonstrated analysis as a template to write a simple one yourself.

I am experienced!

Install the newest version of Rivet, and run one or more HI analyses.

Take an analysis you know, and implement it! Use existing analyses as a template.