

MPI@LHC 2018 - Personal highlights

CLASH meeting 20-12-2018

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Many good presentations!

I present only a tight selection – on Indico:

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/736470>

Also recommended:

J. Gaunt review talk, Sarka Todorva helix strings,

K. Werner microcanonical ensemble in EPOS,

M. Strikman rapidity correlations, K. Gajdsova flow in all systems,

Marco Radici + EiC status, T. Trainor why Pythia is bad, V. Zaccolo the

XeXe upswing, A. Velasquez new UE observables, P. Kirchgaesser new

Herwig CR, H. Schulz Professor developments, B. Blok collectivity from
interference.

CLASH talks: Oleh Fedkevych (Thu), CB (Mon+Mon)

Experimental side: Charming pp

Steffen Weber and Tasnuva Chowdhury (Tue)

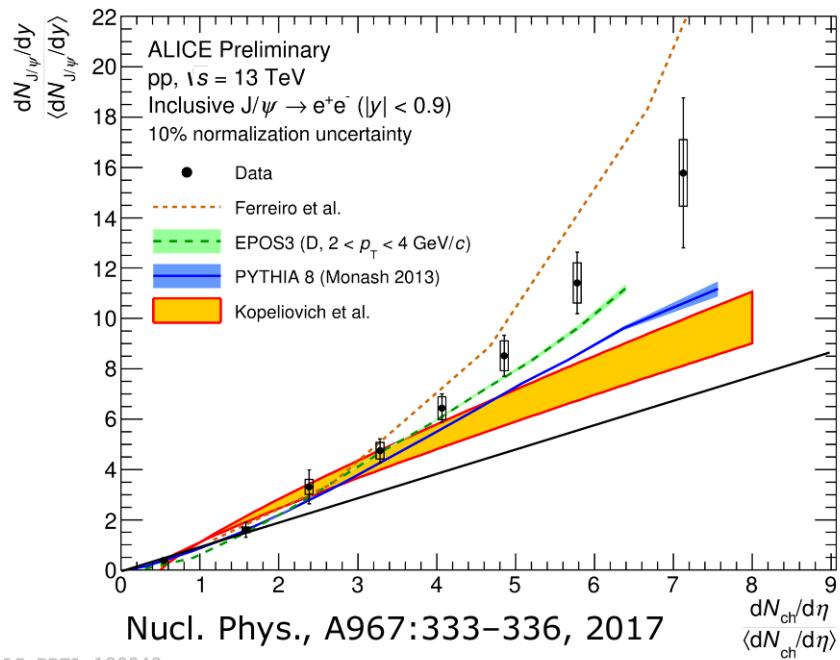


TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

Motivation

Preliminary ALICE results

- pp @ 13 TeV
- Inclusive J/ ψ at $|y| < 0.9$
- multiplicity at $|\eta| < 1.0$



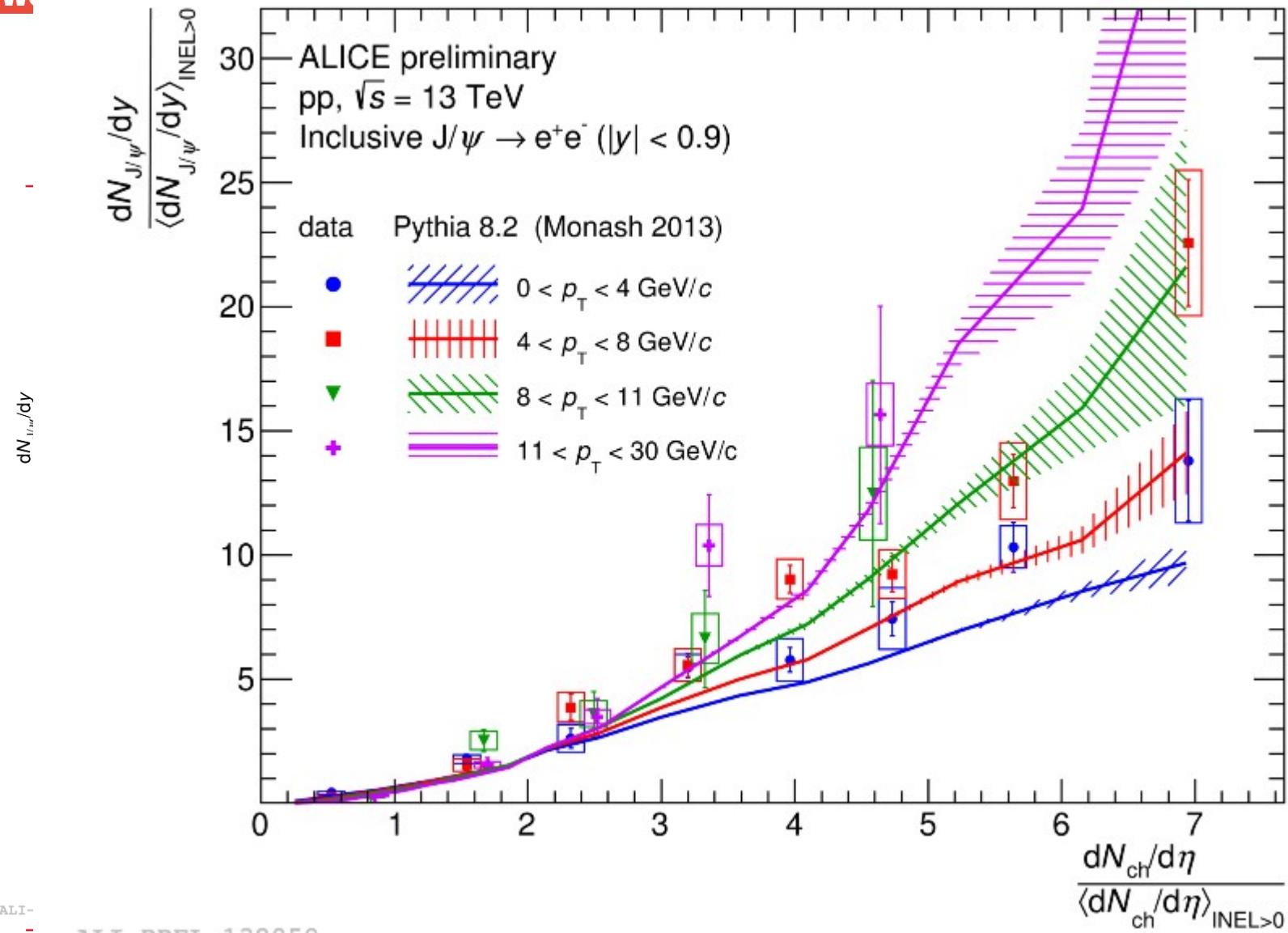
Stronger-than-linear increase

Models assume J/ψ production in MPI and saturation of soft particle production (“compression of x-axis”)

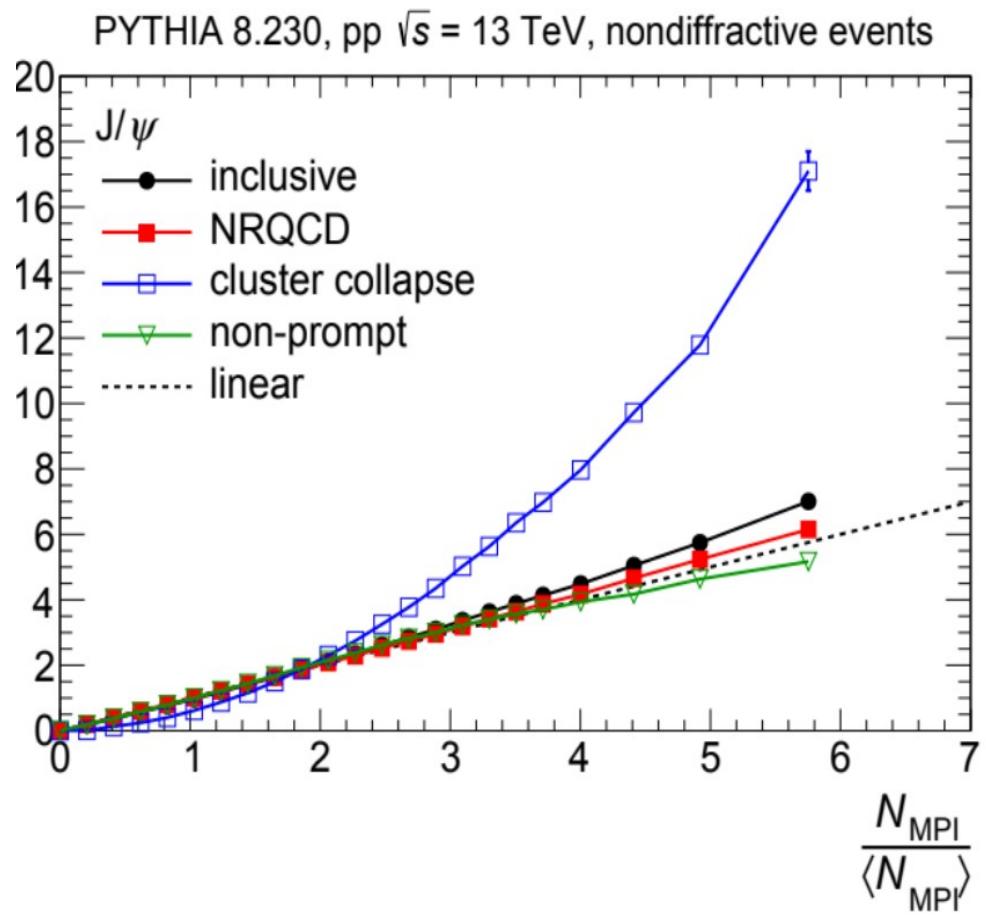
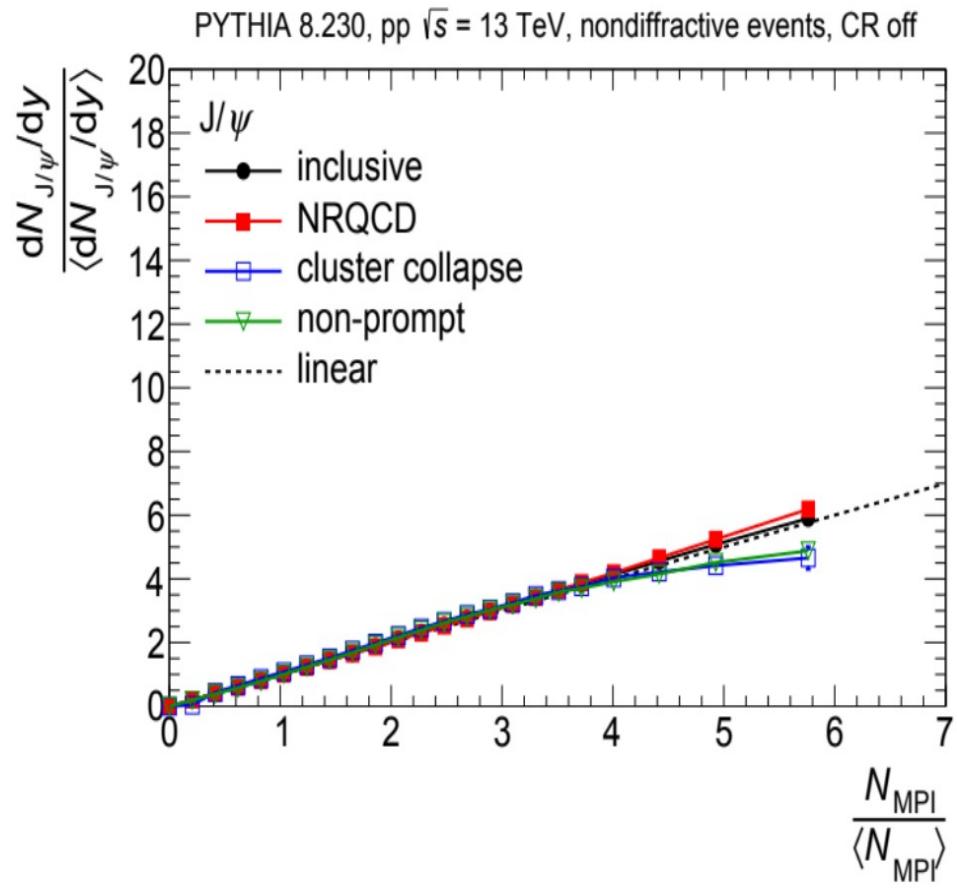
- **Ferreiro:** Overlapping strings
Phys. Rev. C86 (2012) 034903
- **Kopeliovich:** Draw analogy between high multiplicity pp and pA collisions
Phys. Rev. D 88, 116002 (2013)
- **EPOS3:** Hydrodynamic expansion reduces particle multiplicity
arXiv:1602.03414
- **PYTHIA8**

Experimental side: Charming pp

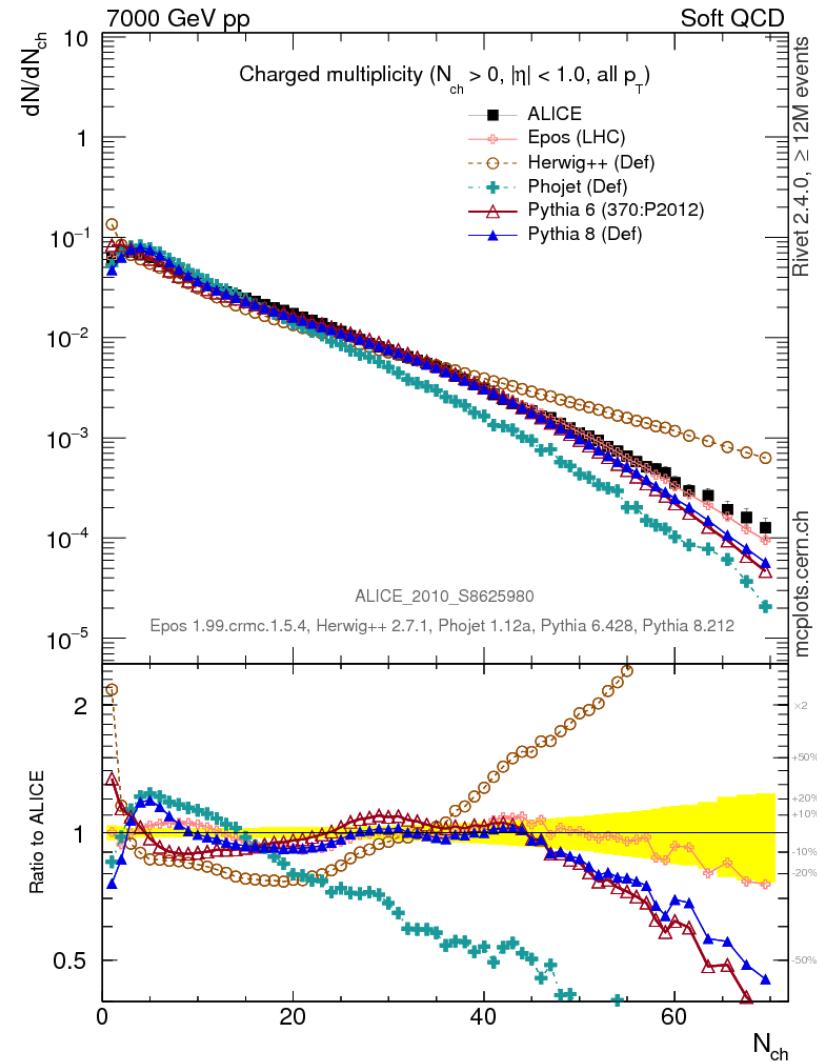
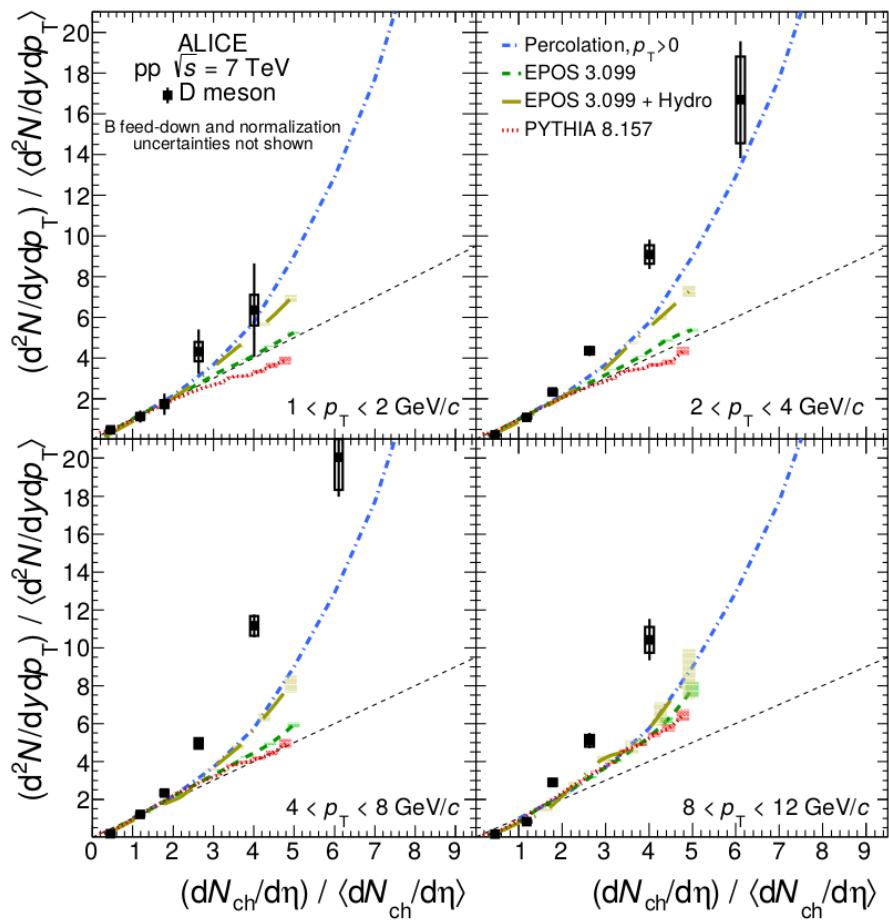
Steffen Weber



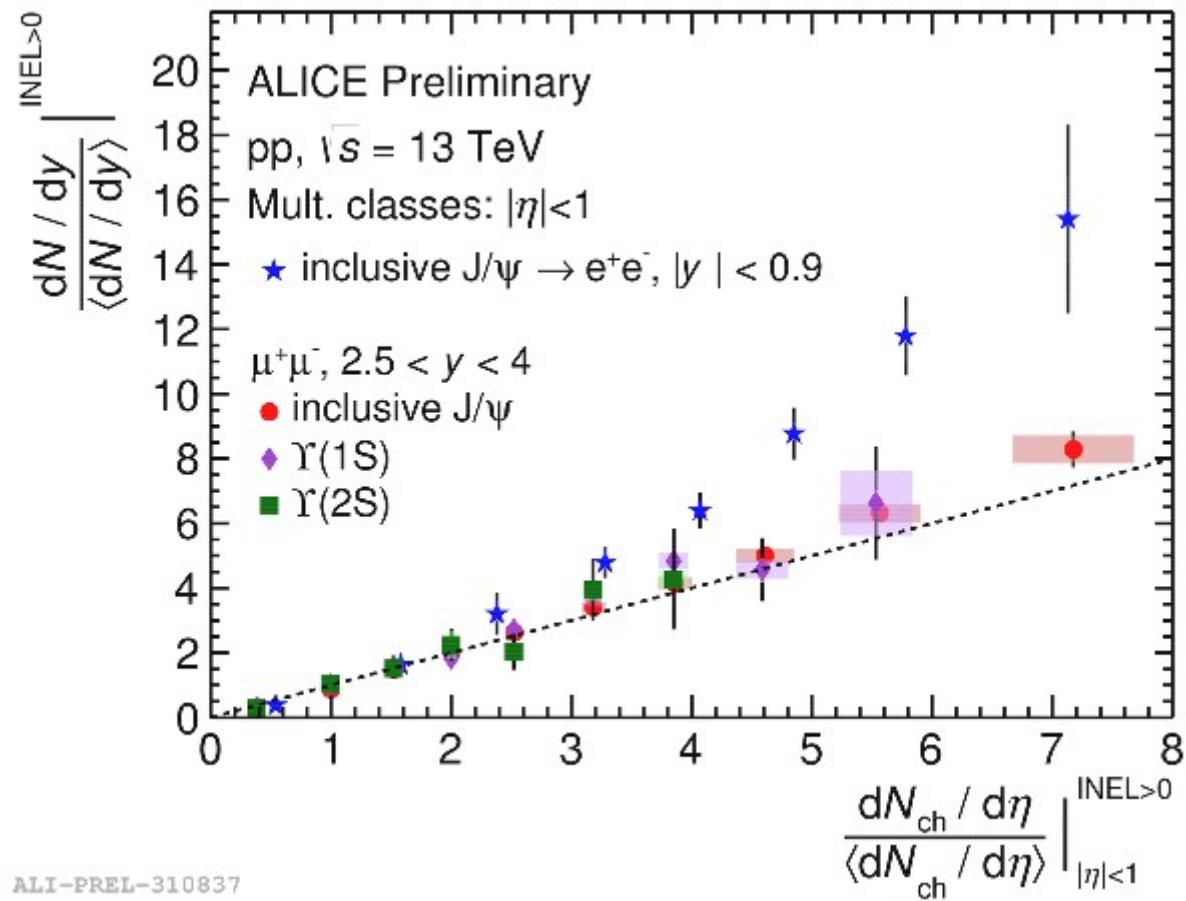
Detailed Pythia study



My comments



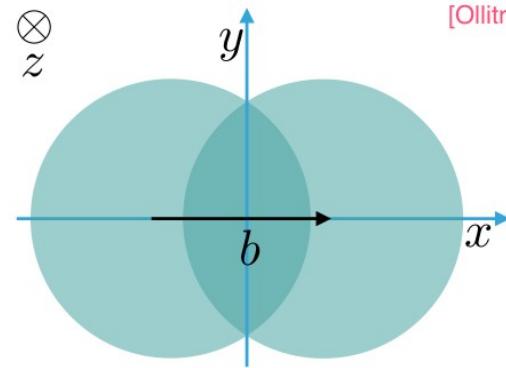
New information from Upsilon?



Theory side: Space-time structure

Alba Soto-Ontoso (Mon)

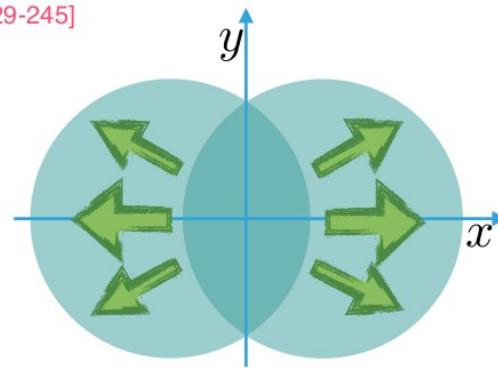
Test case: hydro responsible for v_n 's in p+p



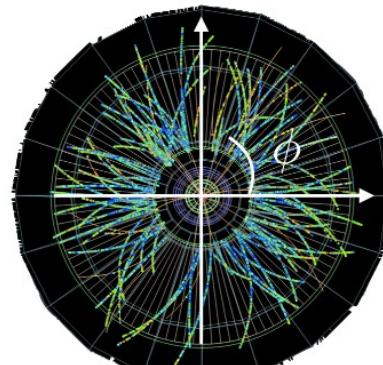
Initial geometry anisotropy

[Ollitrault Phys.Rev. D46 (1992) 229-245]

if QGP

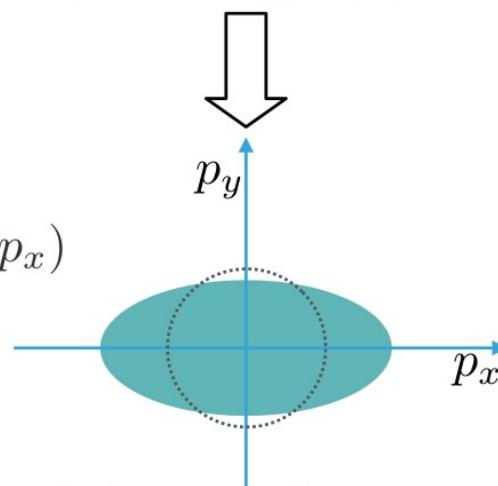


Pressure gradients



Non-flat azimuthal distribution

$$\phi = \arctan(p_y/p_x)$$



Anisotropy in momentum space

Gluon hotspots + hydro evolution

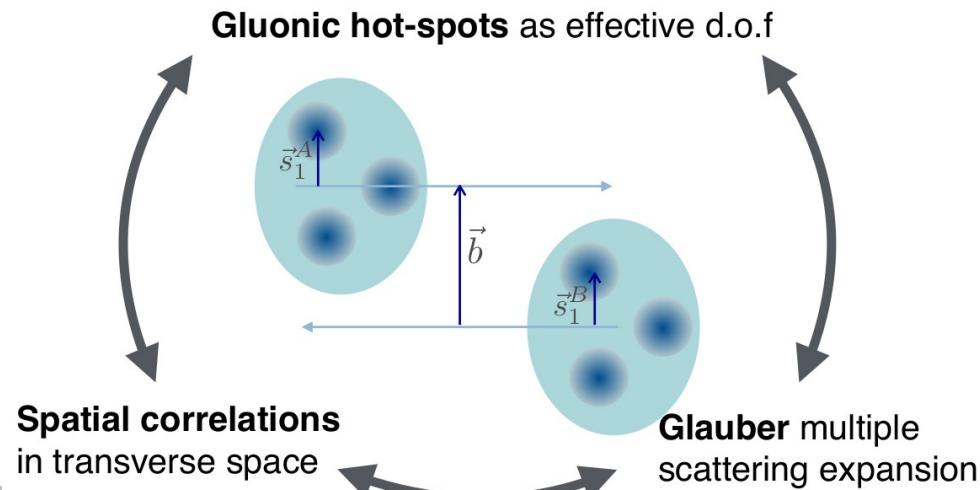
$$D(\vec{s}_1, \vec{s}_2, \vec{s}_3) = C \left[\prod_{i=1}^3 e^{-s_i^2/R^2} \right] \delta^{(2)}(\vec{s}_1 + \vec{s}_2 + \vec{s}_3) \times \left[\prod_{\substack{i < j \\ i,j=1}}^3 \left(1 - e^{-\mu |\vec{s}_i - \vec{s}_j|^2 / R^2} \right) \right]$$

uncorrelated probability distribution characterized by R (not the proton radius)

fixes the C.o.M of the hot spots system

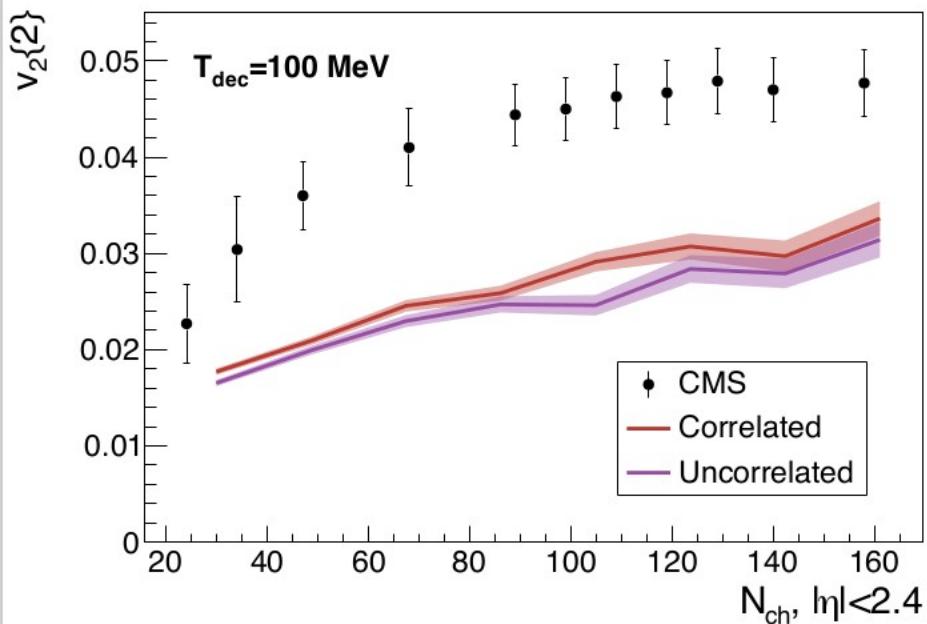
short range repulsive correlations controlled by $r_c^2 \equiv R^2/\mu$

□

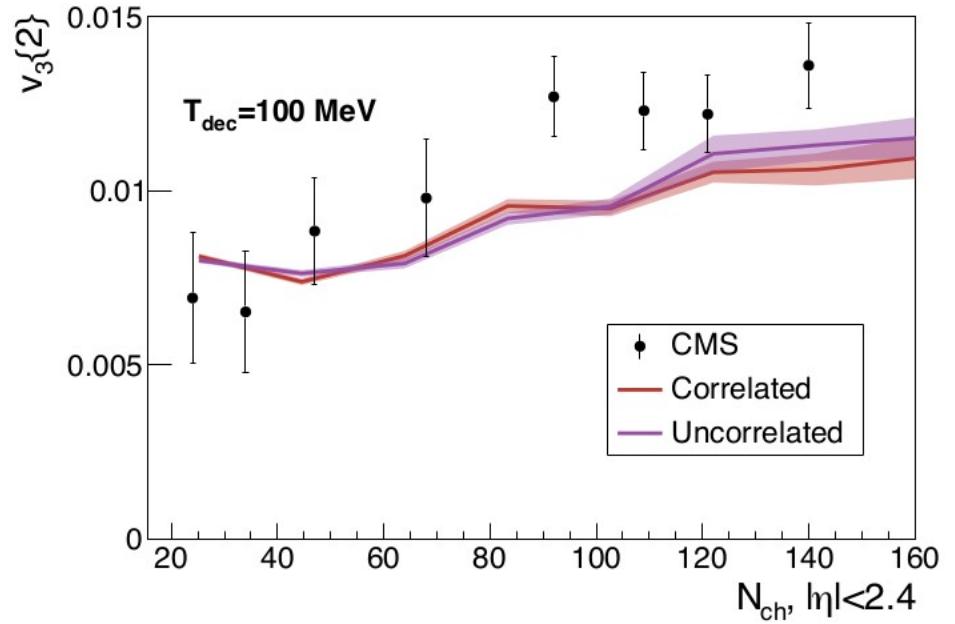


Results

Elliptic flow



Triangular flow



See also: Miroslav Myska (Mon), ST model in Herwig – not yet so advanced, little effect on observables.

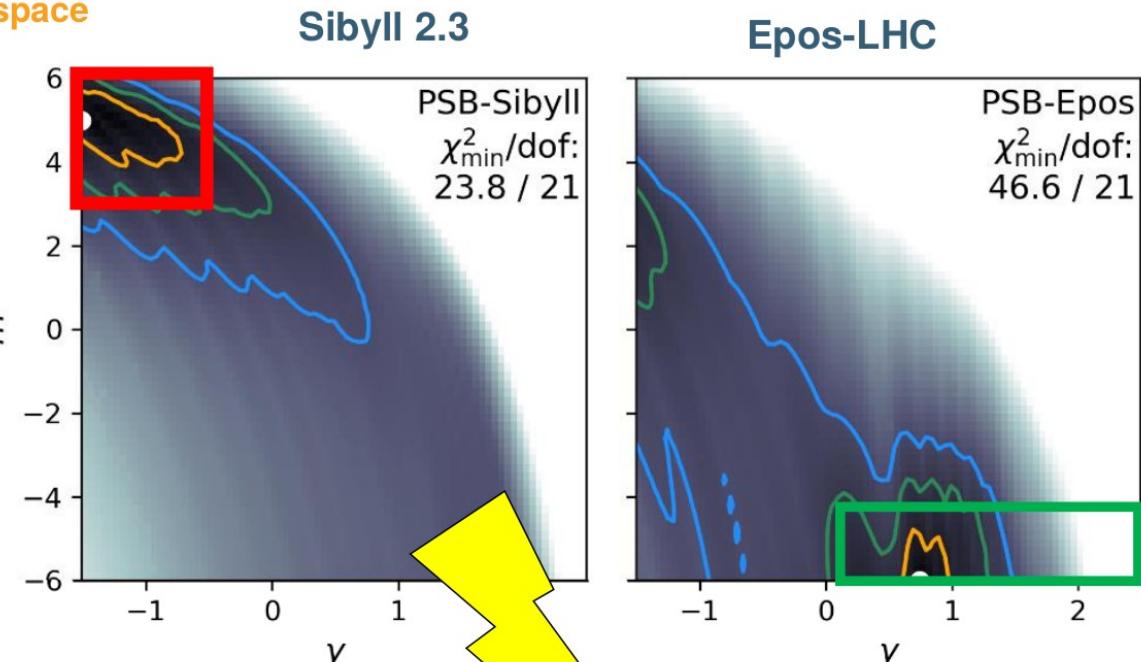
Wildcard I – Cosmic showers

Anatoly Fedynitch

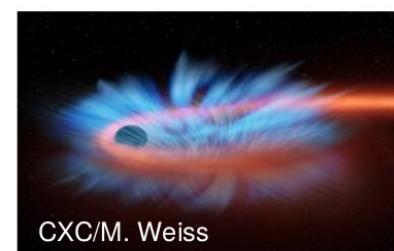
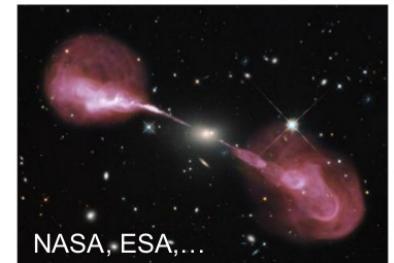
Model dependence of the interpretation

Compared in $\gamma - m$ space

Density evolves
like: Stars,
Galaxies,
Supernovae,
AGN



Few strong
local sources,
or intermediate
mass black
holes



See also: Auger Collaboration JCAP02(2013)026
Auger Collaboration JCAP04(2017)038

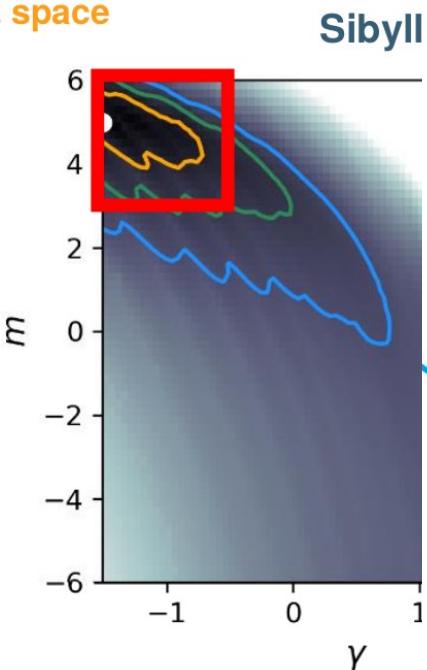
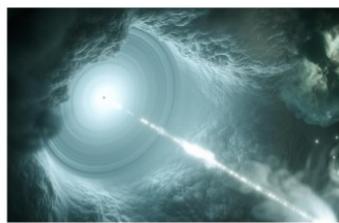
Wildcard I – Cosmic showers

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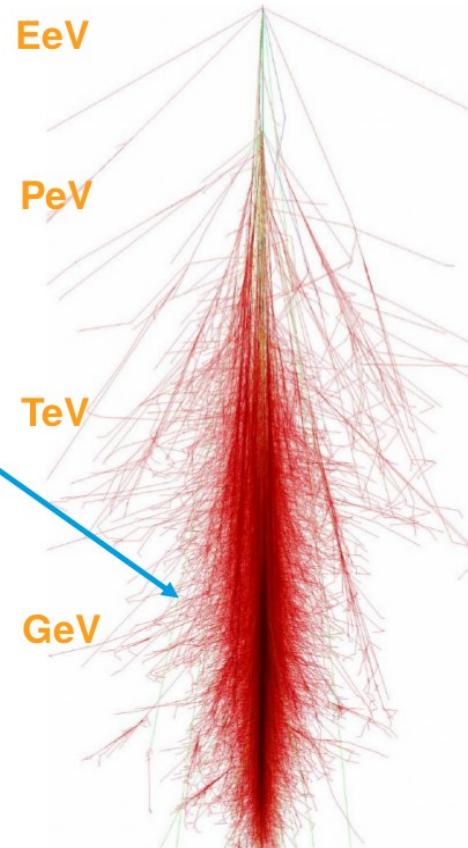
Model dependence of th

Compared in $\gamma - m$ space

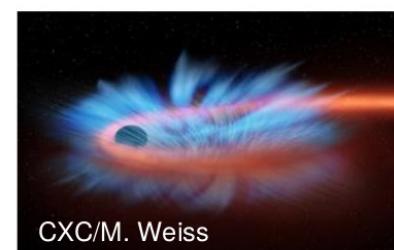
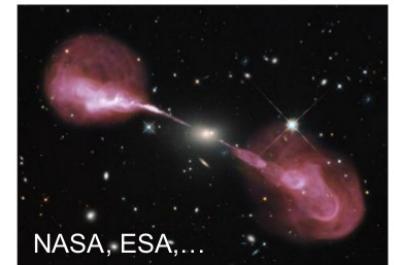
Density evolves
like: Stars,
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AGN



100% E in hadrons



90% E in EM,
10% E in muons

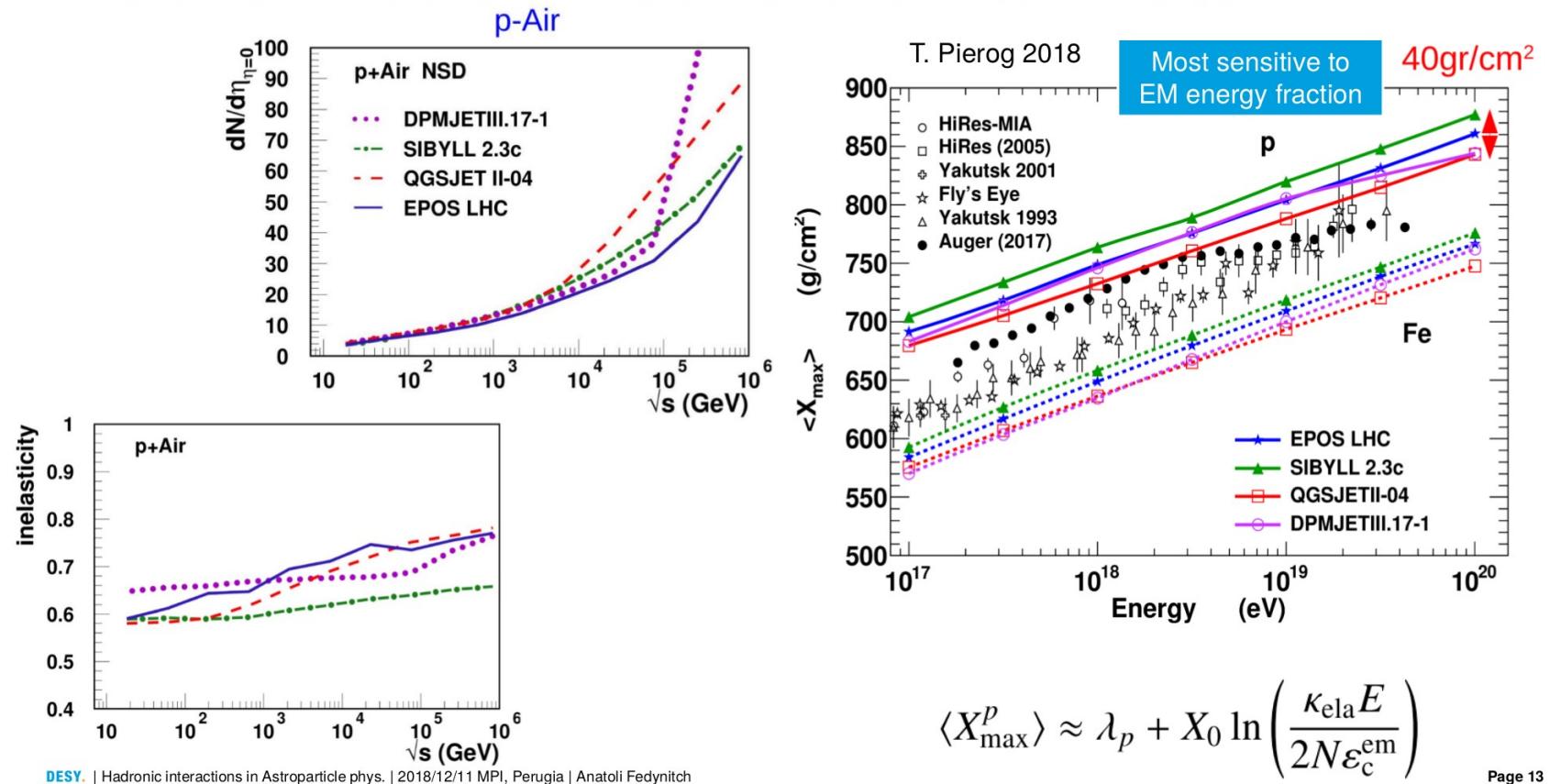


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Key observables

Hadronic interactions and air-shower observables

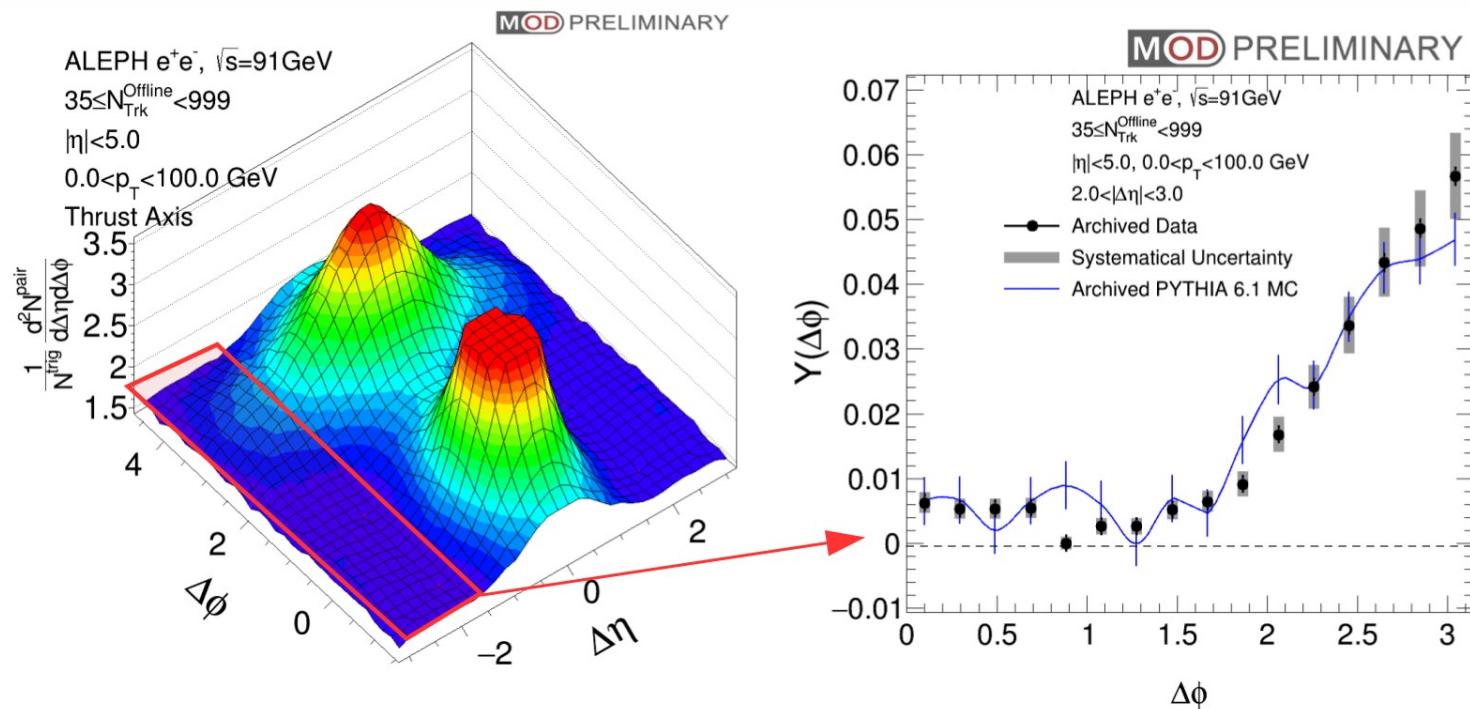


Angantyr is not half bad...

Wildcard II – Collectivity from ALEPH

Austin Alan Baty (Tue)

Thrust axis projection $N_{\text{trk}} > 35$



Short answer: No!