EuroHPC

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Motivation

- US, China, Japan have big plans to build the exascale SuperComputers in the next 5 years
- Top 500 list, 1st ten:
 - → 2 in CN (~90 PFlops)
 - 1 in CH (~20PFlops)
 - ✤ 3 in JP (~19PFlops)
- EU lagging a bit behind
 - National projects cannot compete with large scale evolution and funding, largest 7.5PFlops

The EuroHPC project

- Effort at the EU level, in addition to national level HPCs
- EU states with large HPC centers:
 - Germany, Italy, Spain, UK, France (and Switzerland)
 - smaller centers in Scandinavia (NO, FI, SE), Netherlands, Czech Republic, Poland, ...
- Join the funding efforts to build competitive centers and infrastructure around it including Centers of Excellence and Competence Centers.

- Effort started early 2017 at the EU level
- Plan:
 - Funding of ~1.5B euro in 2018-2020, more after
 - Build 2 pre-exascale machines by 2020(21) ~100-200
 PFlops
 - Build 2 exascale machines by 2024(25) ~1EFlops

16 Member States

#EuroHPC (High Performance Computing) **Declaration**

Signatory European countries

Seven countries – France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal and Spain – signed the declaration in March 2017.

Since then, another nine countries – Belgium, Slovenia, Bulgaria, Switzerland, Greece, Croatia, Czech Republic, Cyprus and Poland – have also signed.



Organizational Structure

- Joint Undertaking (JU)
- Member States (Participating States)
- Hosting Entity: country or consortium of states hosting the center
- Working groups
 - Hosting and Procurement
 - User requirements
- Funding resources for pre-exascale
 - ≁ ~500M EU funding
 - ~500M MS funding
 - ~400M "private" funding, operational costs...

Timeline

By autumn 2018

- Agree on organizational structure
- Elaborate the funding contributions
- Working group reports and documents
- Early 2019:
 - Establish the Joint undertaking organization
- Mid 2019:
 - Selection of Hosting Entities
 - Start with the pre-exascale procurement
- 2020-21: Pre-exascale
- 2023-26: Exascale

Resource distribution

- JU owner of the resources till deprecation
- EU funded JU share (50%) likely to be distributed in a similar way as in PRACE model
 - Peer reviewed access
 - User support and training
 - Dissemination and outreach
- Hosting entity share (50%)
 - Member state share proportional to direct funding or in-kind contribution

Relation to PRACE and other communities

- PRACE plans PRACE3 after 2020
- Relation to EuroHPC not quite clear yet but:
 - Likely adoption of PRACE model for access
 - Level of cooperation and integration with JU under discussion
- Centers of Excellence
 - PPI4HPC, POP, CompBioMed, ESiWACE,...

EDI & PRACE

• Offer a variety of system architectures to enable traditional scientific simulations

- General purpose HPC centers and topical centers
- Addressing the convergence of HPC, HTC, HPDA and AI
 - ➡ FENIX and EUDAT projects data management
- How to handle the large volume of data generated
 - Generated centrally at large RIs or distributed (e.g. sensor networks)
 - Rethink data movement (from edge to the data center) :
 - · Local (at data source) processing facilities for data reduction
 - · Central or distributed storage
 - How to support end to end workflows
- How to provide HPC/HTC capacity to large scale scientific instruments
- Need for an even tighter coordination of national infrastructure procurements in EU

Extend current PRACE activities to EDI

- PRACE as main contributor to EDI with GÉANT
- Access to JU- & Tier-0-infra provided by HMs for Open R&D for science & industry
- Offer training, code enabling, communication, Tier-1 for Tier-0 services provided by PRACE partners & AISBL office
- Extend services towards industry (SHAPE-Fortissimo), and to the public sector
- Local support to Tier-2 services across Europe



- New extended services provided by partners
- EDI as a one-stop-shop for all EU project/infra on HPC and data
- EOSC as potential vehicle to offer services to industry and public

PRACE, EDI, EuroHPC landscape



Procurement

- Two pre-exascale systems:
 - Italy and Spain expressed interest
- Peta-Scale systems, joint to pre-exascale:
 - Several Member States have plans
- Exascale systems:
 - Germany and France expressed interest

New paradigm

- Extend to support all aspects of scientific and industry demands:
 - Traditional HPC, simulation oriented
 - Data intensive application (EDI, GEANT)
 - Support for large data volumes and transfers
 - Scientific instruments with large data collection
 - ✤ BigData
 - Support for massively vectorizable applications (GPU)

Conclusions

- Much more funding will go to large sites supporting cpu and data intensive applications in the next 6-7 years
- Various scientific fields need to adapt to a new way of doing the computing, data storage and preservation
 - Big centers plan to evolve to cover wider spectrum of computing needs
- Disclaimer: EuroHPC project still under heavy discussion, everything might change