

# ANALYSIS

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based on material kindly provided by  
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# Introduction

# Introduction

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- Geant4 **does not provide** a complete analysis subsystem
  - Our user community is too **heterogeneous**
  - Each user group has its own requirements and a favorite tool
    - e.g. **ROOT** in HEP, what is yours ?
  
- Typical simulation output consists of
  - **n-tuple like** tables (row: event, column: quantity)
  - **histograms**

# Status of g4analysis

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- Analysis category in Geant4 since December 2011
  - Before the analysis code in Geant4 examples used external tools (based on [AIDA](#) = Abstract Interfaces for Data Analysis) that had to be linked with Geant4 to produce histograms or ntuples
- Area of **new developments** and improvements: more features are added in each release
  - Example: better MPI (Message Passing Interface) support
- Based on [g4tools](#) from inlib/exlib developed by G. Barrand (LAL, France)
  - <http://inexlib.lal.in2p3.fr>
  - “**Pure header code**” - all code is inlined : can be installed on iOS, Android, UNIXes, Windows...
- Provides unique interface to **write histograms and “flat n-tuples” (i.e. with primitive types)** in several formats:  
**ROOT, XML AIDA, CSV, HBOOK**

# Status of **g4analysis**

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- It includes a manager **G4AnalysisManager** (singleton):
  - Handles output file(s) creation
  - Owns and handles histograms and n-tuples
- It provides
  - Uniform interface
    - Hides the differences according to a selected technology (root, XML, HBOOK, CSV) from the user
  - Higher level management of g4tools objects (file, histograms, n-tuples)
    - Memory management
    - Access to histograms, n-tuple columns via indexes
- Integration in the Geant4 framework
  - Interactive commands, units
- It is **thread-safe** and provides **automatic merging** of histograms

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# Histograms

# Using Geant4 Analysis

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- 3 basic steps
  1. - Create/get the **G4AnalysisManager**
    - Book (create) your **histograms, n-tuples**
    - Open a file
  2. Fill values in histograms, n-tuples
  3. Write & close file



# Using Geant4 Analysis

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## □ The few basic steps in detail...

1. Create `G4AnalysisManager` in `RunAction::BeginOfRunAction()`  
Open an output file in `RunAction::BeginOfRunAction()`  
Book (create) your `histograms, n-tuples` in `RunAction::BeginOfRunAction()`
2. Fill values in histograms, n-tuples anywhere during event processing,  
e.g. in `EventAction::EndOfEventAction()`
3. Write & close file in `RunAction::EndOfRunAction()`

Note: performing the steps in the suggested classes & methods is not mandatory, but it guarantees correct functioning in `multi-threaded mode`

# Selection of **output type**

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- For simplicity of use, **G4AnalysisManager** provides a complete access to all interfaced methods for all output formats: **ROOT, CSV, AIDA XML**
  - though it is implemented via a more complex design
  - the real type is different for each output type:  
G4RootAnalysisManager, G4CsvAnalysisManager, G4XmlAnalysisManager
- The generic types are defined in dedicated header files for each output type:
  - **g4root.hh, g4csv.hh, g4xml.hh**
  - using **namespaces** and **typedefs**
- It is recommended to **add the selected include in an extra header file MyAnalysis.hh** and **include this header file in all classes** which use g4analysis
- Changing the format requires only one line change in this **MyAnalysis.hh** header

## **MyAnalysis.hh**

```
#ifndef MyAnalysis_h
#define MyAnalysis_h 1

#include "g4root.hh"
//#include "g4csv.hh"
//#include "g4xml.hh"
#endif
```

# 1) Step 1: creation

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MyRunAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyRunAction::BeginOfRunAction(const G4Run* run)
{
    // Create/get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();
    analysisManager->SetVerboseLevel(1);

    // Open an output file
    analysisManager->OpenFile("MyApplication");

    // Create histograms
    analysisManager->CreateH1("Edep", "Energy deposit", 100, 0., 800*MeV);
    analysisManager->CreateH1("Tlen", "Track length", 100, 0., 100*mm);
}
```

## 2) Step 2: filling

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- Example of filling 2 one-dimensional histograms

MyEventAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyEventAction::EndOfEventAction(const G4Event* event)
{
    // Get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();

    // Fill histograms
    analysisManager->FillH1(0, fEdep);
    analysisManager->FillH1(1, fTrackLength);
}
```

# 3) Step 3: write & close

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- Example of writing & closing the output file

MyRunAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyRunAction::EndOfRunAction(const G4Run* run)
{
    // Get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();

    // Write and close the output file
    analysisManager->Write();
    analysisManager->CloseFile();
}
```

# More on histograms

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- 1D, 2D, 3D histograms and 1D, 2D profile histograms available
- Histogram **identifiers**
  - The histogram **ID** is **automatically generated** (when a histogram is created by `G4AnalysisManager::CreateH1()`), and its value is returned from this function
    - Note: the histogram names have no relation to the histogram ID which is used at filling
  - The **default start value 0** can be changed (eg. to 1) with: `G4AnalysisManager::SetFirstHistold(G4int)`
    - The 1D, 2D and 3D histograms IDs are defined independently
- Histogram **objects**
  - It is also possible to **access directly a histogram** by `G4AnalysisManager::GetH1(G4int id)`  
The concrete histogram type is hidden behind a selected namespace (e.g. root, csv,...)

```
G4cout << "Print histograms statistic \n" << G4endl;  
G4cout << "  EAbs : mean = " << analysisManager->GetH1(1)->mean()  
      << "  rms = " << analysisManager->GetH1(1)->rms() << G4endl;
```

# Histogram options

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- Properties, additional to those defined in g4tools, can be added to histograms via [G4AnalysisManager](#)
  - **Unit** : if defined, all filled values are automatically converted to this defined unit
  - **Function** : if defined, the function is automatically executed on the filled values (can be **log**, **log10**, **exp**)
    - When a histogram is defined with both unit and function, then the unit is applied first
  - **Binning scheme** : users can define a non-equidistant binning scheme (passing a vector of bin edges)
    - UI command only for lin/log scheme
  - **ASCII option** : if activated the histogram is also printed in an ASCII file when [G4AnalysisManager::Write\(\)](#) function is called
  - See [/analysis/h1/set](#) UI commands

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# Ntuples



# 1) Step 1: creation

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- Example of creating an n-tuple

MyRunAction.cc

```
void MyRunAction::BeginOfRunAction(const G4Run* run)
{
    // Create analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();
    analysisManager->SetVerboseLevel(1);

    // Open an output file
    analysisManager->OpenFile("MyApplication");

    // Creation of ntuple
    analysisManager->CreateNtuple("MyNtuple", "Edep and TrackLength");
    analysisManager->CreateNtupleDColumn("Eabs");
    analysisManager->CreateNtupleDColumn("Labs");
    analysisManager->FinishNtuple();
}
```

## 2) Step 2: filling

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- Example of filling an ntuple

MyEventAction.cc

```
void MyEventAction::EndOfEventAction(const G4Event* event)
{
    // Get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();

    // Fill ntuple
    analysisManager->FillNtupleDColumn(0, fEnergyAbs);
    analysisManager->FillNtupleDColumn(1, fTrackLAbs);
    analysisManager->AddNtupleRow();
}
```

# 3) Step 3: write & close

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- Example of writing & closing the output file

MyRunAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyRunAction::EndOfRunAction(const G4Run* run)
{
    // Get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();

    // Write and close the output file
    analysisManager->Write();
    analysisManager->CloseFile();
}
```

# More on ntuples

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- **N-tuple and N-tuple Column identifiers**
  - **Automatically** generated when the n-tuple or n-tuple column is created by `G4AnalysisManager::CreateNtuple()` or `G4AnalysisManager::CreateNtupleTColumn()` and its value is returned from this function.
  - The **default start value 0** can be changed with the `G4AnalysisManager::SetFirstNtupleId(G4int)` and `G4AnalysisManager::SetFirstNtupleColumnId(G4int)` methods.
  - In a similar way as for histogram ID
  
- The n-tuple **column ID** is not specific to the column type: available column types:
  - integer (I), float (F), double (D), string (S)
  - `std::vector` of integer (I), float (F), double (D) types

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# UI commands

# Analysis **UI** commands (1 / 3): **options** and **output file** handling

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## □ General options

```
# Set verbose level  
/analysis/verbose level  
# Set activation option  
/analysis/setActivation true|false
```

## □ Handling output files and general options

```
# Set name for the histograms and n-tuple file  
/analysis/setFileName name  
# Set name for the histograms/n-tuple directory  
/analysis/setHistoDirName name  
/analysis/setNtupleDirName name
```

# UI commands (2/3)

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- Commands to create or define 1D histogram

```
# Create 1D histogram
/analysis/h1/create name title [nbin min max] [unit] [fcn] [binscheme]

# Set histogram parameters from UI command
/analysis/h1/set id nbin min max [unit] [fcn] [binscheme]
```

- Example of a macro `gammaSpectrum.mac` in `TestEm5` example ([examples/extended/electromagnetic/TestEm5/gammaSpectrum.mac](#))

```
/analysis/setFileName gammaSpectrum
/analysis/h1/set 3 200 0.01 10 MeV #gamma: energy at vertex
/analysis/h1/set 5 200 0.01 10 MeV log10 #gamma: energy at vertex (log10)
/analysis/h1/set 20 200 0 6 MeV #gamma: energy at exit
/analysis/h1/set 40 200 0 6 MeV #gamma: energy at back
```

- Analogous commands are available for 2D and 3D histograms and 1D and 2D profiles

# UI commands (3/3)

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- For **1D** histograms control

```
# Activate printing 1D histogram on ASCII file
/analysis/h1/setAscii id true|false
# Set title for the 1D histogram
/analysis/h1/setTitle id title
# Set x-axis, y-axis title for the 1D histogram
/analysis/h1/setXaxis id title
/analysis/h1/setYaxis id title
# Set activation for the id 1D histogram
/analysis/h1/setActivation id true|false
# Set activation to all 1D histograms
/analysis/h1/setActivationToAll true|false
```

- The same sets of commands are available for 2D and 3D histograms and 1D and 2D profiles, under h2, h3, p1 and p2 directories



# More: **batch** graphics (1 / 3)

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- Since Version 10.2
- Users can activate plotting of selected histograms and profiles using **G4AnalysisManager** methods

```
// Activate plotting of 1D histogram  
analysisManager->SetH1Plotting(id, true);  
// etc for H2, H3, P1, P2
```

- Or via UI command

```
/analysis/h1/setPlotting id true|false  
/analysis/h1/setPlottingToAll true|false  
## etc for h2, h3, p1, p2
```

- The selected objects will be plotted in a single postscript (.ps) file with the page size fixed to A4 format

# More: **output** files (2/3)

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Depending on selected file format, multiple output files can be produced

- **ROOT**
  - ▣ All histograms, profiles and n-tuples are written in one file
- **XML (AIDA)**
  - ▣ The histograms and profiles are written in one file, and each n-tuple is written in a separate file
- **CSV (comma-separated values)**
  - ▣ Each histogram, profile and n-tuple are written in a separate file

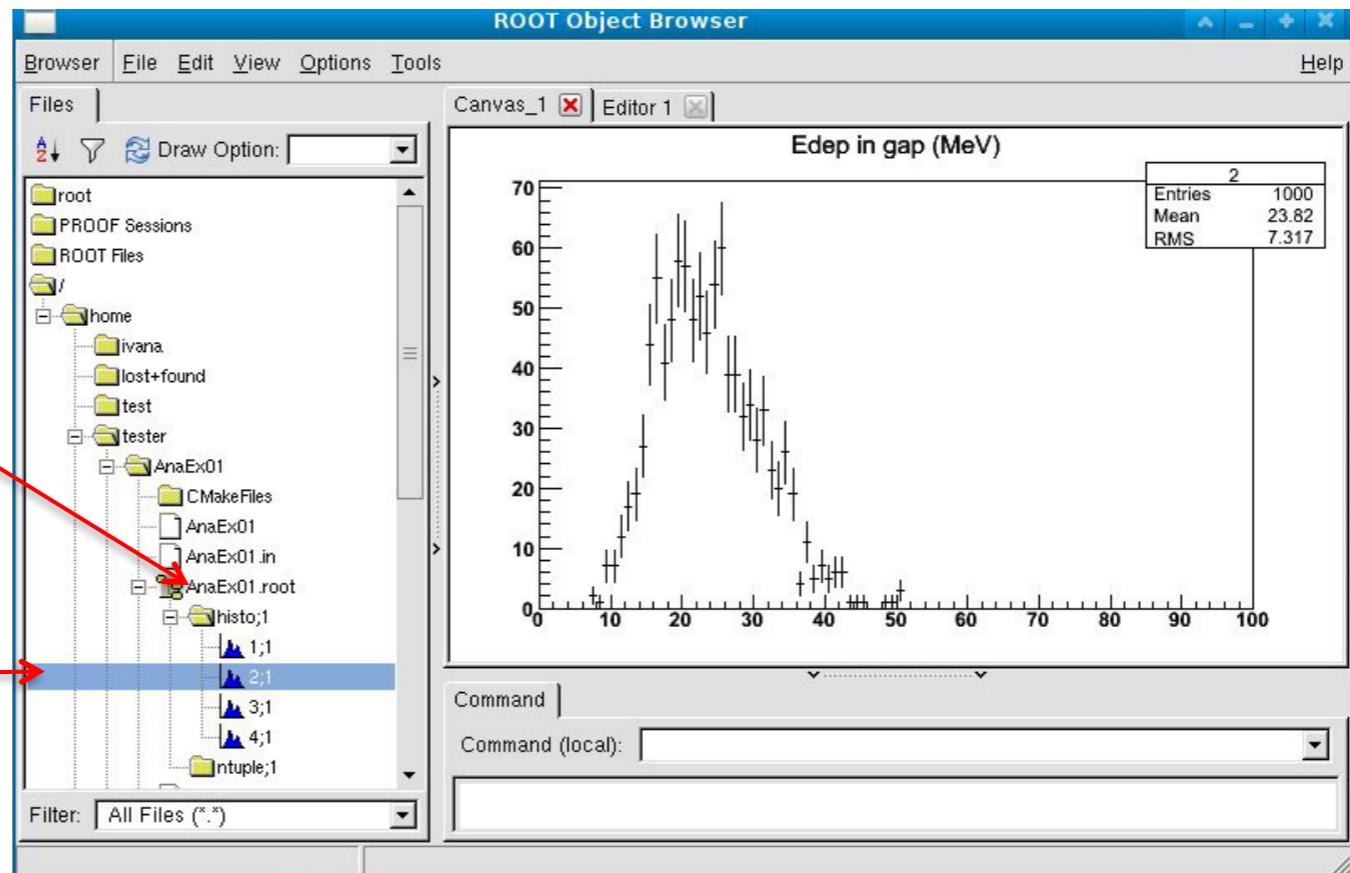
File names are generated automatically

`fileName[_objectName].ext` where `ext = xml, csv`

- A powerful analysis tool from CERN
- Start session with `root`, then open a browser with:  
`root [0] new TBrowser`

File generated  
In Geant4  
simulation

Selected HI  
is automatically  
drawn in the  
canvas



# Geant4 examples

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- In [examples/extended/analysis](#), 3 examples to demonstrate how to make histograms and ntuples
  - [AnaEx01](#) – use of Geant4 analysis tools
  - [AnaEx02](#) – use of ROOT classes, requires linking with Root libraries
  - [AnaEx03](#) – use of AIDA interface classes, requires linking with an AIDA compliant tool, eg. OpenScientist
- [http://geant4.web.cern.ch/geant4/UserDocumentation/Doxygen/examples\\_doc/html/Examples\\_analysis.html](http://geant4.web.cern.ch/geant4/UserDocumentation/Doxygen/examples_doc/html/Examples_analysis.html)

# Summary

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- Geant4 provides a lightweight analysis tool as part of distribution
- Can handle **histograms** (1D, 2D, profiles) and **ntuples**
- Variety of **UI commands**
- Variety of **output formats**
- Compatible with **MT**
  - ▣ Histogram and ntuple merging
- The Geant4 analysis is now used in all basic, extended and most of advanced examples
- Users can also choose to use an external package and link their application against its libraries